

1 VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

2 *An Act to amend and reenact §§ 59.1-200, 59.1-571, 59.1-573, and 59.1-574 of the Code of Virginia and to*
 3 *amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 52 of Title 59.1 an article numbered 2, consisting of*
 4 *sections numbered 59.1-574.1 through 59.1-574.4, relating to manufacture or sale of cosmetic products*
 5 *containing certain ingredients prohibited.*

6 [H 122]

7 Approved

8 **Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

9 **1. That §§ 59.1-200, 59.1-571, 59.1-573, and 59.1-574 of the Code of Virginia are amended and**
 10 **reenacted the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 52 of Title 59.1 an article numbered**
 11 **2, consisting of sections numbered 59.1-574.1 through 59.1-574.4, as follows:**

12 **§ 59.1-200. Prohibited practices.**

13 A. The following fraudulent acts or practices committed by a supplier in connection with a consumer
 14 transaction are hereby declared unlawful:

- 15 1. Misrepresenting goods or services as those of another;
- 16 2. Misrepresenting the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of goods or services;
- 17 3. Misrepresenting the affiliation, connection, or association of the supplier, or of the goods or services,
 18 with another;
- 19 4. Misrepresenting geographic origin in connection with goods or services;
- 20 5. Misrepresenting that goods or services have certain quantities, characteristics, ingredients, uses, or
 21 benefits;
- 22 6. Misrepresenting that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model;
- 23 7. Advertising or offering for sale goods that are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished,
 24 deteriorated, or reconditioned, or that are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or "not first class," without clearly
 25 and unequivocally indicating in the advertisement or offer for sale that the goods are used, secondhand,
 26 repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, reconditioned, or are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or
 27 "not first class";
- 28 8. Advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised, or with intent not to sell at the
 29 price or upon the terms advertised.

30 In any action brought under this subdivision, the refusal by any person, or any employee, agent, or servant
 31 thereof, to sell any goods or services advertised or offered for sale at the price or upon the terms advertised or
 32 offered, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this subdivision. This paragraph shall not apply when
 33 it is clearly and conspicuously stated in the advertisement or offer by which such goods or services are
 34 advertised or offered for sale, that the supplier or offeror has a limited quantity or amount of such goods or
 35 services for sale, and the supplier or offeror at the time of such advertisement or offer did in fact have or
 36 reasonably expected to have at least such quantity or amount for sale;

37 9. Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning the reasons for, existence of, or amounts of
 38 price reductions;

39 10. Misrepresenting that repairs, alterations, modifications, or services have been performed or parts
 40 installed;

41 11. Misrepresenting by the use of any written or documentary material that appears to be an invoice or bill
 42 for merchandise or services previously ordered;

43 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, using in any manner the words "wholesale,"
 44 "wholesaler," "factory," or "manufacturer" in the supplier's name, or to describe the nature of the supplier's
 45 business, unless the supplier is actually engaged primarily in selling at wholesale or in manufacturing the
 46 goods or services advertised or offered for sale;

47 13. Using in any contract or lease any liquidated damage clause, penalty clause, or waiver of defense, or
 48 attempting to collect any liquidated damages or penalties under any clause, waiver, damages, or penalties that
 49 are void or unenforceable under any otherwise applicable laws of the Commonwealth, or under federal
 50 statutes or regulations;

51 13a. Failing to provide to a consumer, or failing to use or include in any written document or material
 52 provided to or executed by a consumer, in connection with a consumer transaction any statement, disclosure,
 53 notice, or other information however characterized when the supplier is required by 16 C.F.R. Part 433 to so
 54 provide, use, or include the statement, disclosure, notice, or other information in connection with the
 55 consumer transaction;

56 14. Using any other deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, or misrepresentation in connection

- 57 with a consumer transaction;
- 58 15. Violating any provision of § 3.2-6509, 3.2-6512, 3.2-6513, 3.2-6513.1, 3.2-6514, 3.2-6515, 3.2-6516,
- 59 or 3.2-6519 is a violation of this chapter;
- 60 16. Failing to disclose all conditions, charges, or fees relating to:
- 61 a. The return of goods for refund, exchange, or credit. Such disclosure shall be by means of a sign
- 62 attached to the goods, or placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the supplier, so as to be
- 63 readily noticeable and readable by the person obtaining the goods from the supplier. If the supplier does not
- 64 permit a refund, exchange, or credit for return, he shall so state on a similar sign. The provisions of this
- 65 subdivision shall not apply to any retail merchant who has a policy of providing, for a period of not less than
- 66 20 days after date of purchase, a cash refund or credit to the purchaser's credit card account for the return of
- 67 defective, unused, or undamaged merchandise upon presentation of proof of purchase. In the case of
- 68 merchandise paid for by check, the purchase shall be treated as a cash purchase and any refund may be
- 69 delayed for a period of 10 banking days to allow for the check to clear. This subdivision does not apply to
- 70 sale merchandise that is obviously distressed, out of date, post season, or otherwise reduced for clearance; nor
- 71 does this subdivision apply to special order purchases where the purchaser has requested the supplier to order
- 72 merchandise of a specific or unusual size, color, or brand not ordinarily carried in the store or the store's
- 73 catalog; nor shall this subdivision apply in connection with a transaction for the sale or lease of motor
- 74 vehicles, farm tractors, or motorcycles as defined in § 46.2-100;
- 75 b. A layaway agreement. Such disclosure shall be furnished to the consumer (i) in writing at the time of
- 76 the layaway agreement, or (ii) by means of a sign placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the
- 77 supplier, so as to be readily noticeable and readable by the consumer, or (iii) on the bill of sale. Disclosure
- 78 shall include the conditions, charges, or fees in the event that a consumer breaches the agreement;
- 79 16a. Failing to provide written notice to a consumer of an existing open-end credit balance in excess of \$5
- 80 (i) on an account maintained by the supplier and (ii) resulting from such consumer's overpayment on such
- 81 account. Suppliers shall give consumers written notice of such credit balances within 60 days of receiving
- 82 overpayments. If the credit balance information is incorporated into statements of account furnished
- 83 consumers by suppliers within such 60-day period, no separate or additional notice is required;
- 84 17. If a supplier enters into a written agreement with a consumer to resolve a dispute that arises in
- 85 connection with a consumer transaction, failing to adhere to the terms and conditions of such an agreement;
- 86 18. Violating any provision of the Virginia Health Club Act, Chapter 24 (§ 59.1-294 et seq.);
- 87 19. Violating any provision of the Virginia Home Solicitation Sales Act, Chapter 2.1 (§ 59.1-21.1 et seq.);
- 88 20. Violating any provision of the Automobile Repair Facilities Act, Chapter 17.1 (§ 59.1-207.1 et seq.);
- 89 21. Violating any provision of the Virginia Lease-Purchase Agreement Act, Chapter 17.4 (§ 59.1-207.17
- 90 et seq.);
- 91 22. Violating any provision of the Prizes and Gifts Act, Chapter 31 (§ 59.1-415 et seq.);
- 92 23. Violating any provision of the Virginia Public Telephone Information Act, Chapter 32 (§ 59.1-424 et
- 93 seq.);
- 94 24. Violating any provision of § 54.1-1505;
- 95 25. Violating any provision of the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers' Warranty Adjustment Act, Chapter 17.6
- 96 (§ 59.1-207.34 et seq.);
- 97 26. Violating any provision of § 3.2-5627, relating to the pricing of merchandise;
- 98 27. Violating any provision of the Pay-Per-Call Services Act, Chapter 33 (§ 59.1-429 et seq.);
- 99 28. Violating any provision of the Extended Service Contract Act, Chapter 34 (§ 59.1-435 et seq.);
- 100 29. Violating any provision of the Virginia Membership Camping Act, Chapter 25 (§ 59.1-311 et seq.);
- 101 30. Violating any provision of the Comparison Price Advertising Act, Chapter 17.7 (§ 59.1-207.40 et
- 102 seq.);
- 103 31. Violating any provision of the Virginia Travel Club Act, Chapter 36 (§ 59.1-445 et seq.);
- 104 32. Violating any provision of §§ 46.2-1231 and 46.2-1233.1;
- 105 33. Violating any provision of Chapter 40 (§ 54.1-4000 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 106 34. Violating any provision of Chapter 10.1 (§ 58.1-1031 et seq.) of Title 58.1;
- 107 35. Using the consumer's social security number as the consumer's account number with the supplier, if
- 108 the consumer has requested in writing that the supplier use an alternate number not associated with the
- 109 consumer's social security number;
- 110 36. Violating any provision of Chapter 18 (§ 6.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 111 37. Violating any provision of § 8.01-40.2;
- 112 38. Violating any provision of Article 7 (§ 32.1-212 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 32.1;
- 113 39. Violating any provision of Chapter 34.1 (§ 59.1-441.1 et seq.);
- 114 40. Violating any provision of Chapter 20 (§ 6.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 115 41. Violating any provision of the Virginia Post-Disaster Anti-Price Gouging Act, Chapter 46 (§ 59.1-525
- 116 et seq.). For the purposes of this subdivision, "consumer transaction" has the same meaning as provided in
- 117 § 59.1-526;
- 118 42. Violating any provision of Chapter 47 (§ 59.1-530 et seq.);

- 119 43. Violating any provision of § 59.1-443.2;
- 120 44. Violating any provision of Chapter 48 (§ 59.1-533 et seq.);
- 121 45. Violating any provision of Chapter 25 (§ 6.2-2500 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 122 46. Violating the provisions of clause (i) of subsection B of § 54.1-1115;
- 123 47. Violating any provision of § 18.2-239;
- 124 48. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 59.1-336 et seq.);
- 125 49. Selling, offering for sale, or manufacturing for sale a children's product the supplier knows or has
 126 reason to know was recalled by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. There is a rebuttable
 127 presumption that a supplier has reason to know a children's product was recalled if notice of the recall has
 128 been posted continuously at least 30 days before the sale, offer for sale, or manufacturing for sale on the
 129 website of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. This prohibition does not apply to children's
 130 products that are used, secondhand or "seconds";
- 131 50. Violating any provision of Chapter 44.1 (§ 59.1-518.1 et seq.);
- 132 51. Violating any provision of Chapter 22 (§ 6.2-2200 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 133 52. Violating any provision of § 8.2-317.1;
- 134 53. Violating subsection A of § 9.1-149.1;
- 135 54. Selling, offering for sale, or using in the construction, remodeling, or repair of any residential dwelling
 136 in the Commonwealth, any drywall that the supplier knows or has reason to know is defective drywall. This
 137 subdivision shall not apply to the sale or offering for sale of any building or structure in which defective
 138 drywall has been permanently installed or affixed;
- 139 55. Engaging in fraudulent or improper or dishonest conduct as defined in § 54.1-1118 while engaged in a
 140 transaction that was initiated (i) during a declared state of emergency as defined in § 44-146.16 or (ii) to
 141 repair damage resulting from the event that prompted the declaration of a state of emergency, regardless of
 142 whether the supplier is licensed as a contractor in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et
 143 seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 144 56. Violating any provision of Chapter 33.1 (§ 59.1-434.1 et seq.);
- 145 57. Violating any provision of § 18.2-178, 18.2-178.1, or 18.2-200.1;
- 146 58. Violating any provision of Chapter 17.8 (§ 59.1-207.45 et seq.). For the purposes of this subdivision,
 147 "consumer transaction" also includes transactions involving an automatic renewal or continuous service offer
 148 by a supplier to a small business, as those terms are defined in § 59.1-207.45;
- 149 59. Violating any provision of subsection E of § 32.1-126;
- 150 60. Violating any provision of § 54.1-111 relating to the unlicensed practice of a profession licensed under
 151 Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) or Chapter 21 (§ 54.1-2100 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 152 61. Violating any provision of § 2.2-2001.5;
- 153 62. Violating any provision of Chapter 5.2 (§ 54.1-526 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 154 63. Violating any provision of § 6.2-312;
- 155 64. Violating any provision of Chapter 20.1 (§ 6.2-2026 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 156 65. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 6.2-2600 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 157 66. Violating any provision of Chapter 54 (§ 59.1-586 et seq.);
- 158 67. Knowingly violating any provision of § 8.01-27.5;
- 159 68. Failing to, in accordance with § 59.1-207.46, (i) make available a conspicuous online option to cancel
 160 a recurring purchase of a good or service or (ii) with respect to a free trial lasting more than 30 days, notify a
 161 consumer of his option to cancel such free trial within 30 days of the end of the trial period to avoid an
 162 obligation to pay for the goods or services;
- 163 69. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation,
 164 that contains a synthetic derivative of tetrahydrocannabinol. As used in this subdivision, "synthetic
 165 derivative" means a chemical compound produced by man through a chemical transformation to turn a
 166 compound into a different compound by adding or subtracting molecules to or from the original compound.
 167 This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug
 168 Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit
 169 any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;
- 170 70. Selling or offering for sale to a person younger than 21 years of age any substance intended for human
 171 consumption, orally or by inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol. This subdivision shall not (i) apply
 172 to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the
 173 Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter
 174 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;
- 175 71. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation,
 176 that contains tetrahydrocannabinol, unless such substance is (i) contained in child-resistant packaging, as
 177 defined in § 4.1-600; (ii) equipped with a label that states, in English and in a font no less than 1/16 of an
 178 inch, (a) that the substance contains tetrahydrocannabinol and may not be sold to persons younger than 21
 179 years of age, (b) all ingredients contained in the substance, (c) the amount of such substance that constitutes a
 180 single serving, and (d) the total percentage and milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol included in the substance

181 and the number of milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol that are contained in each serving; and (iii)
 182 accompanied by a certificate of analysis, produced by an independent laboratory that is accredited pursuant to
 183 standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization of Standardization by a third-party accrediting
 184 body, that states the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the substance or the tetrahydrocannabinol
 185 concentration of the batch from which the substance originates. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to
 186 products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the
 187 Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter
 188 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;

189 72. Manufacturing, offering for sale at retail, or selling at retail an industrial hemp extract, as defined in
 190 § 3.2-5145.1, a food containing an industrial hemp extract, or a substance containing tetrahydrocannabinol
 191 that depicts or is in the shape of a human, animal, vehicle, or fruit;

192 73. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation,
 193 that contains tetrahydrocannabinol and, without authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper
 194 that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear the trademark, trade name, famous mark as defined in 15 U.S.C. §
 195 1125, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, processor,
 196 packer, or distributor of a product intended for human consumption other than the manufacturer, processor,
 197 packer, or distributor that did in fact so manufacture, process, pack, or distribute such substance;

198 74. Selling or offering for sale a topical hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that does not include a
 199 label stating that the product is not intended for human consumption. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to
 200 products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the
 201 Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter 16
 202 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1, or (iii) apply to topical hemp products that were manufactured prior to July
 203 1, 2023, provided that the person provides documentation of the date of manufacture if requested;

204 75. Violating any provision of § 59.1-466.8;

205 76. Violating subsection F of § 36-96.3:1;

206 77. Selling or offering for sale (i) any kratom product to a person younger than 21 years of age or (ii) any
 207 kratom product that does not include a label listing all ingredients and with the following guidance: "This
 208 product may be harmful to your health, has not been evaluated by the FDA, and is not intended to diagnose,
 209 treat, cure, or prevent any disease." As used in this subdivision, "kratom" means any part of the leaf of the
 210 plant *Mitragyna speciosa* or any extract thereof;

211 78. Advertising of any ignition interlock system in Virginia by an ignition interlock vendor not approved
 212 by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program to operate in Virginia; targeted
 213 advertising of any ignition interlock system to a person before determination of guilt; and any advertising,
 214 whether before or after determination of guilt, without a conspicuous statement that such advertisement is not
 215 affiliated with any government agency. For purposes of this subdivision, "ignition interlock system" has the
 216 same meaning as ascribed to that term in § 18.2-270.1 and "targeted advertising" has the same meaning
 217 ascribed to that term in § 59.1-575 and includes direct mailings to an individual. This provision shall not
 218 apply to ignition interlock service vendor ads, pamphlets, or kiosk advertisements approved by the
 219 Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and provided at a Commission-approved
 220 location;

221 79. Failing to disclose the total cost of a good or continuous service, as defined in § 59.1-207.45, to a
 222 consumer, including any mandatory fees or charges, prior to entering into an agreement for the sale of any
 223 such good or provision of any such continuous service;

224 80. Violating any provision of the Unfair Real Estate Service Agreement Act (§ 55.1-3200 et seq.);

225 81. Selling or offering for sale services as a professional mold remediator to be performed upon any
 226 residential dwelling without holding a mold remediation certification from a nationally or internationally
 227 recognized certifying body for mold remediation, and failing to comply with (i) the U.S. Environmental
 228 Protection Agency's publication on Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings, as revised; (ii)
 229 the ANSI/IICRC S520 Standard for Professional Mold Remediation, as revised; or (iii) any other equivalent
 230 ANSI-accredited mold remediation standard, when conducting or offering to conduct mold remediation in the
 231 Commonwealth;

232 82. Willfully violating any provision of § 59.1-444.4;

233 83. Violating any provision of Chapter 23.2 (§ 59.1-293.10 et seq.);

234 84. Selling any food that is required by the FDA to have a nutrition label that does not meet the
 235 requirements of 21 C.F.R. Part 101;

236 85. Obtaining, disclosing, selling, or disseminating any personally identifiable reproductive or sexual
 237 health information without the consent of the consumer;

238 86. Violating any provision of Chapter 58 (§ 59.1-607 et seq.); ~~and~~

239 87. Violating any provision of the Medical Debt Protection Act (§ 59.1-611 et seq.); *and*

240 88. *Violating any provision of Article 2 (§ 59.1-574.1 et seq.) of Chapter 52.*

241 B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate or make unenforceable any contract or lease
 242 solely by reason of the failure of such contract or lease to comply with any other law of the Commonwealth

243 or any federal statute or regulation, to the extent such other law, statute, or regulation provides that a violation
244 of such law, statute, or regulation shall not invalidate or make unenforceable such contract or lease.

245 CHAPTER 52.

246 HUMANE AND TOXIN-FREE COSMETICS ACT.

247 Article 1.

248 *Humane Cosmetics.*

249 **§ 59.1-571. Definitions.**

250 As used in this ~~chapter~~ *article*, unless the context requires a different meaning:

251 "Cosmetic" means any article intended to be rubbed, poured, sprinkled, or sprayed on, introduced into, or
252 otherwise applied to the human body or any part thereof for cleansing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness,
253 or altering the appearance, including, without limitation, personal hygiene products such as deodorant,
254 shampoo, or conditioner. "Cosmetic" does not include any product regulated as a drug as defined in 21
255 U.S.C. § 321(g).

256 "Cosmetic animal testing" means the internal or external application of a cosmetic, either in its final form
257 or any ingredient thereof, to the skin, eyes, or other body part of a live, nonhuman vertebrate. Merely
258 reviewing, assessing, or retaining evidence from a cosmetic animal test shall not constitute developing or
259 manufacturing using cosmetic animal testing for purposes of this ~~chapter~~ *article*.

260 "Cosmetics manufacturer" means any person whose name appears on the label of a cosmetic product
261 pursuant to the requirements of 21 C.F.R. § 701.12.

262 "Ingredient" has the meaning ascribed to it in 21 C.F.R. § 700.3(e).

263 **§ 59.1-573. Civil penalties.**

264 Any person who violates any provision of this ~~chapter~~ *article* is subject to a civil penalty of \$5,000 and an
265 additional \$1,000 for each day the violation continues. Such penalty shall be collected by the Attorney
266 General and the proceeds shall be deposited into the Literary Fund.

267 **§ 59.1-574. Local regulation prohibited unless identical.**

268 No locality may establish or continue any regulation relating to cosmetic animal testing that is not
269 identical to the provisions set forth in this ~~chapter~~ *article*.

270 Article 2.

271 *Toxin-Free Cosmetics.*

272 **§ 59.1-574.1. Definitions.**

273 As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

274 "Cosmetic" has the same meaning as provided in § 59.1-571.

275 "Cosmetics manufacturer" has the same meaning as provided in § 59.1-571.

276 "Ingredient" has the same meaning as provided in 21 C.F.R. § 700.3(e) except that "ingredient" does not
277 include an incidental ingredient described in 21 C.F.R. § 701.3(l).

278 **§ 59.1-574.2. Prohibited conduct.**

279 A. No person shall manufacture, sell, deliver, offer for sale, or use in connection with a consumer
280 transaction any cosmetic product that contains any of the following intentionally added ingredients:

281 1. Dibutyl phthalate (CAS NO. 84-74-2);

282 2. Diethylhexyl phthalate (CAS NO. 117-81-7);

283 3. Formaldehyde (CAS NO. 50-00-0);

284 4. Paraformaldehyde (CAS NO. 30525-89-4);

285 5. Methylene glycol (CAS NO. 463-57-0);

286 6. Quaternium-15 (CAS NO. 51229-78-8);

287 7. Mercury (CAS NO. 7439-97-6);

288 8. Isobutylparaben (CAS NO. 4247-02-3);

289 9. Isopropylparaben (CAS NO. 4191-73-5);

290 10. *m*-phenylenediamine and its salts (CAS NO. 108-45-2);

291 11. *o*-phenylenediamine and its salts (CAS NO. 95-54-5); or

292 12. The following perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) and their salts:

293 a. Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) or heptadecafluorooctane-1-sulfonic acid (CAS NO. 1763-23-1);

294 b. Potassium perfluorooctanesulfonate or potassium heptadecafluorooctane-1-sulfonate (CAS NO.
295 2795-39-3);

296 c. Diethanolamine perfluorooctane sulfonate (CAS NO. 70225-14-8);

297 d. Ammonium perfluorooctane sulfonate or ammonium heptadecafluorooctanesulfonate (CAS NO.
298 29081-56-9);

299 e. Lithium perfluorooctane sulfonate or lithium heptadecafluorooctanesulfonate (CAS NO. 29457-72-5);

300 f. Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) (CAS NO. 335-67-1);

301 g. Ammonium pentadecafluorooctanoate (CAS NO. 3825-26-1);

302 h. Nonadecafluorodecanoic acid (CAS NO. 335-76-2);

303 i. Ammonium nonadecafluorodecanoate (CAS NO. 3108-42-7);

304 j. Sodium nonadecafluorodecanoate (CAS NO. 3830-45-3);

- 305 k. Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) (CAS NO. 375–95–1);
306 l. Sodium heptadecafluorononanoate (CAS NO. 21049–39–8); or
307 m. Ammonium perfluorononanoate (CAS NO. 4149–60–4).

308 B. No person shall be in violation of this section for manufacturing, selling, delivering, offering for sale,
309 or using in connection with a consumer transaction a cosmetic product that:

- 310 1. Was manufactured through a process intended to comply with the provisions of this section; and
311 2. Contains a technically unavoidable trace quantity of an ingredient listed in subsection A due to (i) an
312 impurity of a natural or synthetic ingredient, (ii) the manufacturing process, (iii) storage, or (iv) migrations
313 from packaging.

314 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A and B, the provisions of this section shall not apply to
315 a retailer that does not (i) manufacture cosmetics containing ingredients prohibited in this section or (ii)
316 knowingly sell or offer for sale cosmetics containing ingredients prohibited in this section.

317 **§ 59.1-574.3. Enforcement; penalties.**

318 Any violation of this article shall constitute a prohibited practice under the provisions of § 59.1-200 and
319 shall be subject to any and all of the enforcement provisions of the Virginia Consumer Protection Act
320 (§ 59.1-196 et seq.).

321 **2. That the provisions of this act shall not apply to or restrict the continued sale by a retailer of**
322 **cosmetics, as that term is defined in § 59.1-574.1 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, in**
323 **existing inventory before July 1, 2026.**