

Department of Planning and Budget
2026 General Assembly Session
State Fiscal Impact Statement

specific finding to the contrary. Court debts that were previously imposed upon a defendant could be partially or fully remitted following a show cause or affirmative petition by the debtor pursuant to § 19.2-358.

In Fiscal Years 2024 and 2025, the circuit courts assessed an average of \$47,154,586; the general district courts (GDCs) assessed an average of \$16,654,378; and the juvenile and domestic relations district courts (JDRs) assessed an average of \$2,863,568 in court costs against defendants who were determined to be indigent. Thus, the total estimated amount of ongoing assessed fees that could potentially be waived by judges via the provisions of this bill is \$66,672,532.

Typically, the amount actually repaid annually in relation to assessed fines and costs in a given year is 49 percent in circuit court, 84 percent in GDC, and 60 percent in JDR. By applying these payment rates to the annual amounts assessed, and assuming that almost all waiver requests would be granted in applicable cases based on the strong presumption, it is estimated that \$23,293,306 in circuit court fees, \$13,924,581 in GDC fees, and \$1,729,649 in JDR fees could be forgone annually based on the provisions of this bill. Therefore, the total estimated amount that could no longer be received by the Commonwealth annually would be \$38,947,536.

Other: Related to HB660.