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1 SENATE BILL NO. 391

2 Offered January 14, 2026

3 Prefiled January 13, 2026

4 *A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 9.1-101, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 18.2-268.3, 18.2-270.1, 18.2-271.1, 18.2-271.5, and 46.2-507, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 an article numbered 2.1, consisting of sections numbered 18.2-273.1 through 18.2-273.9, and to repeal §§ 18.2-270.2, 18.2-271.2, and 18.2-271.4 of the Code of Virginia, relating to Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP).*

10 Patron—Stuart

11 Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

12 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

13 1. That §§ 9.1-101, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 18.2-268.3, 18.2-270.1, 18.2-271.1, 18.2-271.5, and 46.2-507, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 an article numbered 2.1, consisting of sections numbered 18.2-273.1 through 18.2-273.9, as follows:

14 § 9.1-101. (Effective until July 1, 2026) Definitions.

15 As used in this chapter or in Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, unless the context requires a different meaning:

16 "Administration of criminal justice" means performance of any activity directly involving the detection, apprehension, detention, pretrial release, post-trial release, prosecution, adjudication, correctional supervision, or rehabilitation of accused persons or criminal offenders or the collection, storage, and dissemination of criminal history record information.

17 "Board" means the Criminal Justice Services Board.

18 "Conviction data" means information in the custody of any criminal justice agency relating to a judgment of conviction, and the consequences arising therefrom, in any court.

19 "Correctional status information" means records and data concerning each condition of a convicted person's custodial status, including probation, confinement, work release, study release, escape, or termination of custody through expiration of sentence, parole, pardon, or court decision.

20 "Criminal history record information" means records and data collected by criminal justice agencies on adult individuals consisting of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, or other formal charges, and any disposition arising therefrom. The term shall not include juvenile record information which is controlled by Chapter 11 (§ 16.1-226 et seq.) of Title 16.1, criminal justice intelligence information, criminal justice investigative information, or correctional status information.

21 "Criminal justice agency" means (i) a court or any other governmental agency or subunit thereof which as its principal function performs the administration of criminal justice and any other agency or subunit thereof which performs criminal justice activities, but only to the extent that it does so; (ii) for the purposes of Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, any private corporation or agency which, within the context of its criminal justice activities, employs special conservators of the peace appointed under Chapter 2 (§ 19.2-12 et seq.) of Title 19.2, provided that (a) such private corporation or agency requires its officers or special conservators to meet compulsory training standards established by the Criminal Justice Services Board and submits reports of compliance with the training standards and (b) the private corporation or agency complies with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 9.1-126 et seq.), but only to the extent that the private corporation or agency so designated as a criminal justice agency performs criminal justice activities; and (iii) the Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under clause (i) and for the purpose of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.).

22 "Criminal justice agency" includes any program certified by the Commission on VASAP pursuant to § 18.2-271.2 Article 2.1 (§ 18.2-273.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2.

23 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

24 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission.

25 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia State Crime Commission.

26 "Criminal justice information system" means a system including the equipment, facilities, procedures, agreements, and organizations thereof, for the collection, processing, preservation, or dissemination of criminal history record information. The operations of the system may be performed manually or by using electronic computers or other automated data processing equipment.

INTRODUCED

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59 "Department" means the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

60 "Dissemination" means any transfer of information, whether orally, in writing, or by electronic means.
61 The term shall not include access to the information by officers or employees of a criminal justice agency
62 maintaining the information who have both a need and right to know the information.

63 "Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or sheriff's
64 office which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, or any
65 full-time or part-time employee of a private police department, and who is responsible for the prevention and
66 detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth, and shall
67 include any (i) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority; (ii) police agent
68 appointed under the provisions of § 56-353; (iii) officer of the Virginia Marine Police; (iv) conservation
69 police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Wildlife
70 Resources; (v) investigator who is a sworn member of the security division of the Virginia Lottery; (vi) conservation
71 officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to
72 § 10.1-115; (vii) full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles
73 appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217; (viii) animal protection police officer employed under § 15.2-632 or
74 15.2-836.1; (ix) campus police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title
75 23.1; (x) member of the investigations unit designated by the State Inspector General pursuant to § 2.2-311 to
76 investigate allegations of criminal behavior affecting the operations of a state or nonstate agency; (xi)
77 employee with internal investigations authority designated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to
78 subdivision 11 of § 53.1-10 or by the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to subdivision A 7 of § 66-3;
79 (xii) private police officer employed by a private police department; or (xiii) person designated as a sworn
80 unit investigator by the Attorney General pursuant to subsection A of § 32.1-320.1. Part-time employees are
81 those compensated officers who are not full-time employees as defined by the employing police department,
82 sheriff's office, or private police department.

83 "Private police department" means any police department, other than a department that employs police
84 agents under the provisions of § 56-353, that employs private police officers operated by an entity authorized
85 by statute or an act of assembly to establish a private police department or such entity's successor in interest,
86 provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein. No entity is authorized to operate a private police
87 department or represent that it is a private police department unless such entity has been authorized by statute
88 or an act of assembly or such entity is the successor in interest of an entity that has been authorized pursuant
89 to this section, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein. The authority of a private police
90 department shall be limited to real property owned, leased, or controlled by the entity and, if approved by the
91 local chief of police or sheriff, any contiguous property; such authority shall not supersede the authority,
92 duties, or jurisdiction vested by law with the local police department or sheriff's office including as provided
93 in §§ 15.2-1609 and 15.2-1704. The chief of police or sheriff who is the chief local law-enforcement officer
94 shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the private police department that addresses the duties
95 and responsibilities of the private police department and the chief law-enforcement officer in the conduct of
96 criminal investigations. Private police departments and private police officers shall be subject to and comply
97 with the Constitution of the United States; the Constitution of Virginia; the laws governing municipal police
98 departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708, 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721,
99 15.2-1721.1, and 15.2-1722; and any regulations adopted by the Board that the Department designates as
100 applicable to private police departments. An authorized private police department may use the word "police"
101 to describe its sworn officers and may join a regional criminal justice academy created pursuant to Article 5
102 (§ 15.2-1747 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2. Any private police department in existence on January 1,
103 2013, that was not otherwise established by statute or an act of assembly and whose status as a private police
104 department was recognized by the Department at that time is hereby validated and may continue to operate as
105 a private police department as may such entity's successor in interest, provided it complies with the
106 requirements set forth herein.

107 "Private police officer" means a law-enforcement officer who is employed by a private police department
108 that has entered into a memorandum of understanding with a police department or sheriff's office and who
109 may exercise the power and duties conferred by law upon such police officers on real property owned, leased,
110 or controlled by the employing entity and, if approved by the local chief of police or sheriff, any contiguous
111 property. Any person employed as a private police officer pursuant to this section shall meet all requirements,
112 including the minimum compulsory training requirements, for law-enforcement officers pursuant to this
113 chapter. A private police officer is not entitled to benefits under the Virginia Retirement System, is not a
114 "qualified law enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law enforcement officer" within the meaning of the
115 federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B et seq., and shall not be deemed an
116 employee of the Commonwealth or any locality.

117 "School resource officer" means a certified law-enforcement officer hired by the local law-enforcement
118 agency to provide law-enforcement and security services to Virginia public elementary and secondary
119 schools.

120 "School security officer" means an individual who is employed by the local school board or a private or

121 religious school for the singular purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime, investigating
 122 violations of the policies of the school board or the private or religious school, and detaining students
 123 violating the law or the policies of the school board or the private or religious school on school property,
 124 school buses, or at school-sponsored events and who is responsible solely for ensuring the safety, security,
 125 and welfare of all students, faculty, staff, and visitors in the assigned school.

126 "Unapplied criminal history record information" means information pertaining to criminal offenses
 127 submitted to the Central Criminal Records Exchange that cannot be applied to the criminal history record of
 128 an arrested or convicted person (i) because such information is not supported by fingerprints or other
 129 accepted means of positive identification or (ii) due to an inconsistency, error, or omission within the content
 130 of the submitted information.

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 148 justice intelligence information, criminal justice investigative information, or correctional status information.

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 150 its principal function performs the administration of criminal justice and any other agency or subunit thereof
 151 which performs criminal justice activities, but only to the extent that it does so; (ii) for the purposes of
 152 Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, any private corporation or agency which, within the context of
 153 its criminal justice activities, employs special conservators of the peace appointed under Chapter 2 (§ 19.2-12
 154 et seq.) of Title 19.2, provided that (a) such private corporation or agency requires its officers or special
 155 conservators to meet compulsory training standards established by the Criminal Justice Services Board and
 156 submits reports of compliance with the training standards and (b) the private corporation or agency complies
 157 with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 9.1-126 et seq.), but only to the extent that the private corporation or
 158 agency so designated as a criminal justice agency performs criminal justice activities; and (iii) the Office of
 159 the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under clause (i) and for the
 160 purpose of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually Violent Predators Act
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 176 office which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, or any
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 178 detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the Commonwealth, and shall
 179 include any (i) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority; (ii) police agent
 180 appointed under the provisions of § 56-353; (iii) officer of the Virginia Marine Police; (iv) conservation
 181 police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Wildlife
 182 Resources; (v) investigator who is a sworn member of the security division of the Virginia Lottery; (vi)

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184 § 10.1-115; (vii) full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles
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199 department or represent that it is a private police department unless such entity has been authorized by statute
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201 to this section, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein. The authority of a private police
202 department shall be limited to real property owned, leased, or controlled by the entity and, if approved by the
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207 and responsibilities of the private police department and the chief law-enforcement officer in the conduct of
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210 departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708, 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721,
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222 or controlled by the employing entity and, if approved by the local chief of police or sheriff, any contiguous
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233 religious school for the singular purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime, investigating
234 violations of the policies of the school board or the private or religious school, and detaining students
235 violating the law or the policies of the school board or the private or religious school on school property,
236 school buses, or at school-sponsored events and who is responsible solely for ensuring the safety, security,
237 and welfare of all students, faculty, staff, and visitors in the assigned school.

238 "Sealing" means to prohibit public access to records relating to an arrest, charge, or conviction, including
239 any ancillary matter ordered to be sealed, in the possession of (i) the Central Criminal Records Exchange; (ii)
240 any court; (iii) any police department, sheriff's office, or campus police department; or (iv) the Department of
241 Motor Vehicles unless dissemination is authorized for one or more of the purposes set forth in § 19.2-392.13
242 and pursuant to the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128 and the procedures adopted pursuant
243 to § 9.1-134.

244 "Unapplied criminal history record information" means information pertaining to criminal offenses

245 submitted to the Central Criminal Records Exchange that cannot be applied to the criminal history record of
 246 an arrested or convicted person (i) because such information is not supported by fingerprints or other
 247 accepted means of positive identification or (ii) due to an inconsistency, error, or omission within the content
 248 of the submitted information.

249 **§ 18.2-268.3. Refusal of tests; penalties; procedures.**

250 A. It is unlawful for a person who is arrested for a violation of § 18.2-266 or 18.2-266.1 or subsection B
 251 of § 18.2-272 or of a similar ordinance to unreasonably refuse to have samples of his breath taken for
 252 chemical tests to determine the alcohol content of his blood as required by § 18.2-268.2, and any person who
 253 so unreasonably refuses is guilty of a violation of this subsection, which is punishable as follows:

254 1. A first violation is a civil offense. For a first offense, the court shall suspend the defendant's privilege to
 255 drive for a period of one year. This suspension period is in addition to the suspension period provided under
 256 § 46.2-391.2.

257 2. If a person is found to have violated this subsection and within 10 years prior to the date of the refusal
 258 he was found guilty of any of the following: a violation of this section, a violation of § 18.2-266, or a
 259 violation of any offense listed in subsection E of § 18.2-270 arising out of separate occurrences or incidents,
 260 he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. A conviction under this subdivision shall of itself operate to deprive
 261 the person of the privilege to drive for a period of three years from the date of the judgment of conviction.
 262 This revocation period is in addition to the suspension period provided under § 46.2-391.2.

263 B. It is unlawful for a person who is arrested for a violation of § 18.2-266 or 18.2-266.1 or subsection B of
 264 § 18.2-272 or of a similar ordinance to unreasonably refuse to have samples of his blood taken for chemical
 265 tests to determine the alcohol or drug content of his blood as required by § 18.2-268.2 and any person who so
 266 unreasonably refuses is guilty of a violation of this subsection, which is a civil offense and is punishable as
 267 follows:

268 1. For a first offense, the court shall suspend the defendant's privilege to drive for a period of one year.
 269 This suspension period is in addition to the suspension period provided under § 46.2-391.2.

270 2. If a person is found to have violated this subsection and within 10 years prior to the date of the refusal
 271 he was found guilty of any of the following: a violation of this section, a violation of § 18.2-266, or a
 272 violation of any offense listed in subsection E of § 18.2-270 arising out of separate occurrences or incidents,
 273 such violation shall of itself operate to deprive the person of the privilege to drive for a period of three years
 274 from the date of the judgment. This revocation period is in addition to the suspension period provided under
 275 § 46.2-391.2.

276 C. When a person is arrested for a violation of § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1 or subsection B of
 277 § 18.2-272 or of a similar ordinance and such person refuses to permit blood or breath or both blood and
 278 breath samples to be taken for testing as required by § 18.2-268.2, the arresting officer shall advise the
 279 person, from a form provided by the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court (i) that a person
 280 who operates a motor vehicle upon a highway in the Commonwealth is deemed thereby, as a condition of
 281 such operation, to have consented to have samples of his blood and breath taken for chemical tests to
 282 determine the alcohol or drug content of his blood, (ii) that a finding of unreasonable refusal to consent may
 283 be admitted as evidence at a criminal trial, (iii) that the unreasonable refusal to do so constitutes grounds for
 284 the revocation of the privilege of operating a motor vehicle upon the highways of the Commonwealth, (iv) of
 285 the civil penalties for unreasonable refusal to have blood or breath or both blood and breath samples taken,
 286 and (v) of the criminal penalty for unreasonable refusal to have breath samples taken within 10 years of a
 287 prior conviction for driving while intoxicated or unreasonable refusal, which is a Class 1 misdemeanor. The
 288 form from which the arresting officer shall advise the person arrested shall contain a brief statement of the
 289 law requiring the taking of blood or breath samples, a statement that a finding of unreasonable refusal to
 290 consent may be admitted as evidence at a criminal trial, and the penalties for refusal. The Office of the
 291 Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court shall make the form available on the [Internet](#) *internet* and the form
 292 shall be considered an official publication of the Commonwealth for the purposes of § 8.01-388.

293 D. The arresting officer shall, under oath before the magistrate, execute the form and certify (i) that the
 294 defendant has refused to permit blood or breath or both blood and breath samples to be taken for testing; (ii)
 295 that the officer has read the portion of the form described in subsection C to the arrested person; (iii) that the
 296 arrested person, after having had the portion of the form described in subsection C read to him, has refused to
 297 permit such sample or samples to be taken; and (iv) how many, if any, violations of this section, § 18.2-266,
 298 or any offense described in subsection E of § 18.2-270 the arrested person has been convicted of within the
 299 last 10 years. Such sworn certification shall constitute probable cause for the magistrate to issue a warrant or
 300 summons charging the person with unreasonable refusal. The magistrate shall attach the executed and sworn
 301 advisement form to the warrant or summons. The warrant or summons for a first offense under subsection A
 302 or any offense under subsection B shall be executed in the same manner as a criminal warrant or summons. If
 303 the person arrested has been taken to a medical facility for treatment or evaluation of his medical condition,
 304 the arresting officer may read the advisement form to the person at the medical facility, and issue, on the
 305 premises of the medical facility, a summons for a violation of this section in lieu of securing a warrant or
 306 summons from the magistrate. The magistrate or arresting officer, as the case may be, shall forward the

307 executed advisement form and warrant or summons to the appropriate court.

308 E. A defendant who is found guilty of a first offense and whose license is suspended pursuant to
309 subdivision A 1 or B 1 may petition the court 30 days after the date of conviction for a restricted license and
310 the court may, for good cause shown, provide that the defendant is issued a restricted license during the
311 remaining period of suspension, or any portion thereof, for any of the purposes set forth in subsection E of
312 § 18.2-271.1. No restricted license issued pursuant to this subsection shall permit any person to operate a
313 commercial motor vehicle as defined in the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).
314 If the court grants such petition and issues the defendant a restricted license, the court shall order (i) that
315 reinstatement of the defendant's license to drive be conditioned upon (a) the installation of an ignition
316 interlock system on each motor vehicle, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to the person, in
317 whole or in part, for a period of time not to exceed the period of license suspension and restriction, not less
318 than six consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock requirements and (b) the
319 requirement that such person not operate any motor vehicle that is not equipped with such a system for the
320 period of time that the interlock restriction is in effect and (ii) that, as a condition of probation or otherwise,
321 the defendant enter into and successfully complete an alcohol safety action program in the judicial district in
322 which such charge is brought or in any other judicial district upon such terms and conditions as the court may
323 set forth. However, upon motion of a person convicted of any such offense following an assessment of the
324 person conducted by an alcohol safety action program, the court, for good cause, may decline to order
325 participation in such a program if the assessment conducted by the alcohol safety action program indicates
326 that intervention is not appropriate for such person. In no event shall such persons be permitted to enter any
327 such program that is not certified as meeting minimum standards and criteria established by the Commission
328 on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP) pursuant to this section and to § 18.2-271.2 Article
329 2.1 (§ 18.2-273.1 et seq.). The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of
330 this section to pay a fee of no less than \$250 but no more than \$300. A reasonable portion of such fee, as may
331 be determined by the Commission on VASAP, but not to exceed 10 percent, shall be forwarded monthly to
332 be deposited with the State Treasurer for expenditure by the Commission on VASAP, and the balance shall
333 be held in a separate fund for local administration of driver alcohol rehabilitation programs. Upon a positive
334 finding that the defendant is indigent, the court may reduce or waive the fee. In addition to the costs of the
335 proceeding, fees as may reasonably be required of defendants referred for intervention under any such
336 program may be charged.

337 If the court grants a restricted license to any person pursuant to this section, the court shall order such
338 person to surrender his driver's license to be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-398 and
339 shall forward to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of its order entered pursuant
340 to this subsection. This order shall specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such
341 information regarding the person to whom such a permit is issued as is reasonably necessary to identify such
342 person. The court shall also provide a copy of its order to such person who may operate a motor vehicle on
343 the order until receipt from the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles of a restricted license,
344 but only if the order provides for a restricted license for that period. A copy of the order and, after receipt
345 thereof, the restricted license shall be carried at all times by such person while operating a motor vehicle. The
346 period of time during which the person is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with
347 an ignition interlock system shall be calculated from the date the person is issued a restricted license by the
348 court; however, such period of time shall be tolled upon the expiration of the restricted license issued by the
349 court until such time as the person is issued a restricted license by the Department of Motor Vehicles. Any
350 person who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to this section shall be
351 guilty of a violation of § 18.2-272. The provisions of subsection F of § 18.2-271.1 shall apply to this
352 subsection mutatis mutandis, except as herein provided.

353 F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or of § 18.2-271.1, nothing in this section shall
354 permit the court to suspend, reduce, limit, or otherwise modify any disqualification from operating a
355 commercial motor vehicle imposed under the provisions of the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act
356 (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).

357 **§ 18.2-270.1. Ignition interlock systems; penalty.**

358 A. For purposes of this section and § 18.2-270.2:

359 "Commission" means the Commission on VASAP.

360 "Department" means the Department of Motor Vehicles.

361 "Ignition interlock system" means a device that (i) connects a motor vehicle ignition system to an analyzer
362 that measures a driver's blood alcohol content; (ii) prevents a motor vehicle ignition from starting if a driver's
363 blood alcohol content exceeds 0.02 percent; and (iii) is equipped with the ability to perform a rolling retest
364 and to electronically log the blood alcohol content during ignition, attempted ignition, and rolling retest.

365 "Remote alcohol monitoring device" means an unsupervised mobile testing device with the ability to
366 confirm the location and presence of alcohol in a person and that is capable of scheduled, random, and on-
367 demand tests that provide immediate, or as-requested, results. A testing device may be worn or used by
368 persons ordered by the court to provide measurements of the presence of alcohol in their blood.

369 "Rolling retest" means a test of the vehicle operator's blood alcohol content required at random intervals
 370 during operation of the vehicle, which triggers the sounding of the horn and flashing of lights if (i) the test
 371 indicates that the operator has a blood alcohol content which exceeds 0.02 percent or (ii) the operator fails to
 372 take the test.

373 B. In addition to any penalty provided by law for a conviction under § 18.2-51.4 or clauses (i), (ii), or (iv)
 374 of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or town, any court of proper
 375 jurisdiction shall, as a condition of a restricted license, prohibit an offender from operating a motor vehicle
 376 that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system for any period of time not to
 377 exceed the period of license suspension and restriction, not less than 12 consecutive months without
 378 alcohol-related violations of the interlock requirements. In addition to any penalty provided by law for a
 379 conviction under clauses (iii) or (v) of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or
 380 town, any court of proper jurisdiction may, for a first offense, as a condition of a restricted license, prohibit
 381 an offender from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock
 382 system for any period of time not to exceed the period of license suspension and restriction, not less than 12
 383 consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock requirements. The court shall, as a
 384 condition of a restricted license for a conviction under § 18.2-51.4, a second or subsequent offense of
 385 § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or town, or as a condition of license
 386 restoration pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271.1 or § 46.2-391, require that such a system be installed on
 387 each motor vehicle, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to the offender, in whole or in part, for
 388 any period of time not less than 12 consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock
 389 requirements. Such condition shall be in addition to any purposes for which a restricted license may be issued
 390 pursuant to § 18.2-271.1. Whenever an ignition interlock system is required, the court may order the
 391 installation of an ignition interlock system to commence immediately upon conviction. A fee of \$20 to cover
 392 court and administrative costs related to the ignition interlock system shall be paid by any such offender to
 393 the clerk of the court. The court shall require the offender to install an electronic log device with the ignition
 394 interlock system on a vehicle designated by the court to measure the blood alcohol content at each attempted
 395 ignition and random rolling retest during operation of the vehicle. The offender shall be enrolled in and
 396 supervised by an alcohol safety action program pursuant to § 18.2-271.1 and Article 2.1 (§ 18.2-273.1 *et seq.*)
 397 and to conditions established by regulation under § 18.2-270.2 *such article* by the Commission during the
 398 period for which the court has ordered installation of the ignition interlock system. The offender shall be
 399 further required to provide to such program, at least quarterly during the period of court ordered ignition
 400 interlock installation, a printout from such electronic log indicating the offender's blood alcohol content
 401 during such ignitions, attempted ignitions, and rolling retests, and showing attempts to circumvent or tamper
 402 with the equipment. The period of time during which the offender (i) is prohibited from operating a motor
 403 vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system or (ii) is required to have an ignition interlock
 404 system installed on each motor vehicle owned by or registered to the offender, in whole or in part, shall be
 405 calculated from the date the offender is issued a restricted license by the court; however, such period of time
 406 shall be tolled upon the expiration of the restricted license issued by the court until such time as the person is
 407 issued a restricted license by the Department.

408 C. However, if (i) a conviction was under § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county,
 409 city, or town; (ii) the conviction was for a first offense; and (iii) the offender was an adult at the time of the
 410 offense, the only restriction of a restricted license that the court shall impose is to prohibit the offender from
 411 operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system for not
 412 less than 12 consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock requirements. Upon
 413 motion of an offender, a court may require a minimum of six consecutive months without alcohol-related
 414 violations of the interlock requirements if additional restrictions are ordered for the duration of the restricted
 415 license.

416 D. In any case in which the court requires the installation of an ignition interlock system, the court shall
 417 order the offender not to operate any motor vehicle that is not equipped with such a system for the period of
 418 time that the interlock restriction is in effect. The clerk of the court shall file with the Department of Motor
 419 Vehicles a copy of the order, which shall become a part of the offender's operator's license record maintained
 420 by the Department. The Department shall issue to the offender for the period during which the interlock
 421 restriction is imposed a restricted license which shall appropriately set forth the restrictions required by the
 422 court under this subsection and any other restrictions imposed upon the offender's driving privilege, and shall
 423 also set forth any exception granted by the court under subsection I.

424 E. The court may, upon motion of an offender who is ineligible to receive a restricted license in
 425 accordance with subsection C, order that the offender (i) use a remote alcohol monitoring device for a period
 426 of time coextensive with the period of time of the prohibition imposed under subsection B and (ii) refrain
 427 from alcohol consumption during such period of time. Additionally, upon such motion and pursuant to
 428 § 18.2-271.1, the court may issue a restricted license to operate a motor vehicle for any purpose to a person
 429 who is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition
 430 interlock system when such person is ordered to use a remote alcohol monitoring device pursuant to this

431 subsection and has a functioning, certified ignition interlock system installed on each motor vehicle, as
432 defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to the offender, in whole or in part.

433 A fee of \$20 to cover court and administrative costs related to the remote alcohol monitoring device shall
434 be paid by any such offender to the clerk of the court. The offender shall be enrolled in and supervised by an
435 alcohol safety action program pursuant to § 18.2-271.1 *and Article 2.1 (§ 18.2-273.1 et seq.)* and shall
436 comply with all conditions established by regulation under § 18.2-270.2 *such article* by the Commission
437 during the period for which the court has ordered the use of a remote alcohol monitoring device. The offender
438 shall be further required to provide to such program, at least quarterly during the period of time the offender
439 is ordered to use a remote alcohol monitoring device, a copy of the data from such device indicating the
440 offender's blood alcohol content and showing attempts to circumvent or tamper with the device. The period of
441 time during which the offender is required to use a remote alcohol monitoring device shall be calculated from
442 the date the offender is issued a restricted license by the court; however, such period of time shall be tolled
443 upon the expiration of the restricted license issued by the court until such time as the person is issued a
444 restricted license by the Department.

445 F. The offender shall be ordered to provide the appropriate ASAP program, within 30 days of the effective
446 date of the order of court, proof of the installation of the ignition interlock system, and, if applicable, proof
447 that the offender is using a remote alcohol monitoring device. The Program shall require the offender to have
448 the system and device monitored and calibrated for proper operation at least every 30 days by an entity
449 approved by the Commission under the provisions of § 18.2-270.2 18.2-273.9 and to demonstrate proof
450 thereof. The offender shall pay the cost of leasing or buying and monitoring and maintaining the ignition
451 interlock system and the remote alcohol monitoring device. Absent good cause shown, the court may revoke
452 the offender's driving privilege for failing to (i) timely install such system or use such device or (ii) have the
453 system or device properly monitored and calibrated.

454 G. No person shall start or attempt to start a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock system for
455 the purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who is prohibited under this section from
456 operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock system. No person shall tamper with,
457 or in any way attempt to circumvent the operation of, an ignition interlock system that has been installed in
458 the motor vehicle of a person under this section. Except as authorized in subsection I, no person shall
459 knowingly furnish a motor vehicle not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock system to any person
460 prohibited under subsection B from operating any motor vehicle that is not equipped with such system. A
461 violation of this subsection is punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor. The venue for the prosecution of a
462 violation of this subsection shall be where the offense occurred or the jurisdiction in which the order entered
463 pursuant to subsection B was entered.

464 H. No person shall tamper with, or in any way attempt to circumvent the operation of, a remote alcohol
465 monitoring device that an offender is ordered to use under this section. A violation of this subsection is
466 punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.

467 Any person who violates this subsection shall have his restricted license issued pursuant to subsection E,
468 as it shall become effective on July 1, 2021, revoked. The court may, in its discretion and for good cause
469 shown, provide that such person be issued a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle in accordance with
470 the terms of a restricted license issued pursuant to subsection E of § 18.2-271.1.

471 I. Any person prohibited from operating a motor vehicle under subsection B may, solely in the course of
472 his employment, operate a motor vehicle that is owned or provided by his employer without installation of an
473 ignition interlock system, if the court expressly permits such operation as a condition of a restricted license at
474 the request of the employer; such person shall not be permitted to operate any other vehicle without a
475 functioning ignition interlock system and, in no event, shall such person be permitted to operate a school bus,
476 school vehicle, or a commercial motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-341.4. This subsection shall not apply if
477 such employer is an entity wholly or partially owned or controlled by the person otherwise prohibited from
478 operating a vehicle without an ignition interlock system.

479 J. The Commission shall promulgate such regulations and forms as are necessary to implement the
480 procedures outlined in this section.

481 **§ 18.2-271.1. Probation, education, and rehabilitation of person charged or convicted; person
482 convicted under law of another state or federal law.**

483 A. Any person convicted of a first or second offense of § 18.2-266, or any ordinance of a county, city, or
484 town similar to the provisions thereof, or provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, shall be required by
485 court order, as a condition of probation or otherwise, to enter into and successfully complete an alcohol safety
486 action program in the judicial district in which such charge is brought or in any other judicial district upon
487 such terms and conditions as the court may set forth. However, upon motion of a person convicted of any
488 such offense following an assessment of the person conducted by an alcohol safety action program, the court,
489 for good cause, may decline to order participation in such a program if the assessment by the alcohol safety
490 action program indicates that intervention is not appropriate for such person. In no event shall such persons
491 be permitted to enter any such program which is not certified as meeting minimum standards and criteria
492 established by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP) pursuant to this

493 section and to ~~§ 18.2-271.2 Article 2.1~~ (*§ 18.2-273.1 et seq.*). However, any person charged with a violation
 494 of a first or second offense of § 18.2-266, or any ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions
 495 thereof, or provisions of subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, may, at any time prior to trial, enter into an alcohol
 496 safety action program in the judicial district in which such charge is brought or in any other judicial district.
 497 Any person who enters into such program prior to trial may pre-qualify with the program to have an ignition
 498 interlock system installed on any motor vehicle owned or operated by him and may have such ignition
 499 interlock system installed. Any installation period of time accrued by such person prior to trial for the
 500 pending charge shall count toward any (i) ignition interlock or restricted license period of time ordered by a
 501 court or (ii) restricted license, suspension, or revocation issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant
 502 to § 46.2-389.

503 B. The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay a
 504 fee of no less than \$250 but no more than \$300. A reasonable portion of such fee, as may be determined by
 505 the Commission on VASAP, but not to exceed 10 percent, shall be forwarded monthly to be deposited with
 506 the State Treasurer for expenditure by the Commission on VASAP, and the balance shall be held in a separate
 507 fund for local administration of driver alcohol rehabilitation programs. Upon a positive finding that the
 508 defendant is indigent, the court may reduce or waive the fee. In addition to the costs of the proceeding, fees as
 509 may reasonably be required of defendants referred for intervention under any such program may be charged.

510 C. Upon conviction of a violation of § 18.2-266 or any ordinance of a county, city or town similar to the
 511 provisions thereof, or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, the court shall impose the sentence authorized by
 512 § 18.2-270 or 46.2-341.28 and the license revocation as authorized by § 18.2-271. In addition, if the
 513 conviction was for a second offense committed within less than 10 years after a first such offense, the court
 514 shall order that restoration of the person's license to drive be conditioned upon the installation of an ignition
 515 interlock system on each motor vehicle, as defined in § 46.2-100, owned by or registered to the person, in
 516 whole or in part, for a period of 12 consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock
 517 requirements beginning at the end of the three-year license revocation, unless such a system has already been
 518 installed for 12 consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock requirements prior to
 519 that time pursuant to a restricted license order under subsection E. Upon a finding that a person so convicted
 520 is required to participate in the program described herein, the court shall enter the conviction on the warrant,
 521 and shall note that the person so convicted has been referred to such program. The court may then proceed to
 522 issue an order in accordance with subsection E, if the court finds that the person so convicted is eligible for a
 523 restricted license. If the court finds good cause for a person not to participate in such program or subsequently
 524 that such person has violated, without good cause, any of the conditions set forth by the court in entering the
 525 program, the court shall dispose of the case as if no program had been entered, in which event the revocation
 526 provisions of § 46.2-389 and subsection A of § 46.2-391 shall be applicable to the conviction. The court
 527 shall, upon final disposition of the case, send a copy of its order to the Commissioner of the Department of
 528 Motor Vehicles. If such order provides for the issuance of a restricted license, the Commissioner of the
 529 Department of Motor Vehicles, upon receipt thereof, shall issue a restricted license. The period of time during
 530 which the person (i) is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition
 531 interlock system, (ii) is required to have an ignition interlock system installed on each motor vehicle owned
 532 by or registered to the person, in whole or in part, or (iii) is required to use a remote alcohol monitoring
 533 device shall be calculated from the date the person is issued a restricted license by the court; however, such
 534 period of time shall be tolled upon the expiration of the restricted license issued by the court until such time
 535 as the person is issued a restricted license by the Department of Motor Vehicles. Appeals from any such
 536 disposition shall be allowed as provided by law. The time within which an appeal may be taken shall be
 537 calculated from the date of the final disposition of the case or any motion for rehearing, whichever is later.

538 D. Any person who has been convicted under the law of another state or the United States of an offense
 539 substantially similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, and whose privilege to
 540 operate a motor vehicle in this Commonwealth is subject to revocation under the provisions of § 46.2-389
 541 and subsection A of § 46.2-391, may petition the general district court of the county or city in which he
 542 resides that he be given probation and assigned to a program as provided in subsection A and that, upon entry
 543 into such program, he be issued an order in accordance with subsection E. If the court finds that such person
 544 would have qualified therefor if he had been convicted in this Commonwealth of a violation of § 18.2-266 or
 545 subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, the court may grant the petition and may issue an order in accordance with
 546 subsection E as to the period of license suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to § 46.2-389 or
 547 subsection A of § 46.2-391. The court (i) shall, as a condition of a restricted license, prohibit such person
 548 from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system for
 549 a period of time not to exceed the period of license suspension and restriction, not less than 12 consecutive
 550 months without alcohol-related violations of interlock requirements, and (ii) may, upon request of such
 551 person and as a condition of a restricted license, require such person to use a remote alcohol monitoring
 552 device in accordance with the provisions of subsection E of § 18.2-270.1. Such order shall be conditioned
 553 upon the successful completion of a program by the petitioner. If the court subsequently finds that such
 554 person has violated any of the conditions set forth by the court, the court shall dispose of the case as if no

555 program had been entered and shall notify the Commissioner, who shall revoke the person's license in
556 accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-389 or subsection A of § 46.2-391. A copy of the order granting the
557 petition or subsequently revoking or suspending such person's license to operate a motor vehicle shall be
558 forthwith sent to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles. The period of time during which
559 the person (a) is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock
560 system or (b) is required to use a remote alcohol monitoring device shall be calculated from the date the
561 person is issued a restricted license by the court; however, such period of time shall be tolled upon the
562 expiration of the restricted license issued by the court until such time as the person is issued a restricted
563 license by the Department of Motor Vehicles.

564 No period of license suspension or revocation shall be imposed pursuant to this subsection which, when
565 considered together with any period of license suspension or revocation previously imposed for the same
566 offense under the law of another state or the United States, results in such person's license being suspended
567 for a period in excess of the maximum periods specified in this subsection.

568 E. Except as otherwise provided herein, if a person enters a certified program pursuant to this section, and
569 such person's license to operate a motor vehicle, engine, or train in the Commonwealth has been suspended or
570 revoked, or a person's license to operate a motor vehicle, engine, or train in the Commonwealth has been
571 suspended or revoked pursuant to former § 18.2-259.1 or 46.2-390.1, the court may, in its discretion and for
572 good cause shown, provide that such person be issued a restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle for any of
573 the following purposes: (i) travel to and from his place of employment; (ii) travel to and from an alcohol
574 rehabilitation or safety action program; (iii) travel during the hours of such person's employment if the
575 operation of a motor vehicle is a necessary incident of such employment; (iv) travel to and from school if
576 such person is a student, upon proper written verification to the court that such person is enrolled in a
577 continuing program of education; (v) travel for health care services, including medically necessary
578 transportation of an elderly parent or, as designated by the court, any person residing in the person's
579 household with a serious medical problem upon written verification of need by a licensed health professional;
580 (vi) travel necessary to transport a minor child under the care of such person to and from school, day care,
581 and facilities housing medical service providers; (vii) travel to and from court-ordered visitation with a child
582 of such person; (viii) travel to a screening, evaluation, and education program entered pursuant to § 18.2-251
583 or subsection H of § 18.2-258.1; (ix) travel to and from court appearances in which he is a subpoenaed
584 witness or a party and appointments with his probation officer and to and from any programs required by the
585 court or as a condition of probation; (x) travel to and from a place of religious worship one day per week at a
586 specified time and place; (xi) travel to and from appointments approved by the Division of Child Support
587 Enforcement of the Department of Social Services as a requirement of participation in an administrative or
588 court-ordered intensive case monitoring program for child support for which the participant maintains written
589 proof of the appointment, including written proof of the date and time of the appointment, on his person; (xii) travel
590 to and from jail to serve a sentence when such person has been convicted and sentenced to confinement
591 in jail and pursuant to § 53.1-131.1 the time to be served is on weekends or nonconsecutive days; (xiii) travel
592 to and from the facility that installed or monitors the ignition interlock in the person's vehicle; (xiv) travel to
593 and from a job interview for which he maintains on his person written proof from the prospective employer
594 of the date, time, and location of the job interview; or (xv) travel to and from the offices of the Virginia
595 Employment Commission for the purpose of seeking employment. However, (a) any such person who is
596 eligible to receive a restricted license as provided in subsection C of § 18.2-270.1 or (b) any such person
597 ordered to use a remote alcohol monitoring device pursuant to subsection E of § 18.2-270.1 who has a
598 functioning, certified ignition interlock system as required by law may be issued a restricted permit to operate
599 a motor vehicle for any lawful purpose. No restricted license issued pursuant to this subsection shall permit
600 any person to operate a commercial motor vehicle as defined in the Virginia Commercial Driver's License
601 Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.). The court shall order the surrender of such person's license to operate a motor
602 vehicle to be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of § 46.2-398 and shall forward to the
603 Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of its order entered pursuant to this subsection,
604 which shall specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the
605 person to whom such a permit is issued as is reasonably necessary to identify such person. The court shall
606 also provide a copy of its order to the person so convicted who may operate a motor vehicle on the order until
607 receipt from the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles of a restricted license, if the order
608 provides for a restricted license for that time period. A copy of such order and, after receipt thereof, the
609 restricted license shall be carried at all times while operating a motor vehicle. Any person who operates a
610 motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions imposed pursuant to this section is guilty of a violation of
611 § 18.2-272. Such restricted license shall be conditioned upon enrollment within 15 days in, and successful
612 completion of, a program as described in subsection A. No restricted license shall be issued during the first
613 four months of a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391
614 for a second offense of the type described therein committed within 10 years of a first such offense. No
615 restricted license shall be issued during the first year of a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B of
616 § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391 for a second offense of the type described therein committed within

617 five years of a first such offense. No restricted license shall be issued during any revocation period imposed
 618 pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271 or subsection B of § 46.2-391. Notwithstanding the provisions of
 619 § 46.2-411, the fee charged pursuant to § 46.2-411 for reinstatement of the driver's license of any person
 620 whose privilege or license has been suspended or revoked as a result of a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection
 621 A of § 46.2-341.24 or of any ordinance of a county, city, or town, or of any federal law or the laws of any
 622 other state similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 or subsection A of § 46.2-341.24 shall be \$105. Forty
 623 dollars of such reinstatement fee shall be retained by the Department of Motor Vehicles as provided in
 624 § 46.2-411, \$40 shall be transferred to the Commission on VASAP, and \$25 shall be transferred to the
 625 Commonwealth Neurotrauma Initiative Trust Fund. Any person who is otherwise eligible to receive a
 626 restricted license issued in accordance with this subsection or as otherwise provided by law shall not be
 627 required to pay in full his fines and costs, as defined in § 19.2-354.1, before being issued such restricted
 628 license.

629 F. The court shall have jurisdiction over any person entering such program under any provision of this
 630 section, or under any provision of § 46.2-392, until such time as the case has been disposed of by either
 631 successful completion of the program, or revocation due to ineligibility or violation of a condition or
 632 conditions imposed by the court, whichever shall first occur. Revocation proceedings shall be commenced by
 633 notice to show cause why the court should not revoke the privilege afforded by this section. Such notice shall
 634 be made by first-class mail to the last known address of such person, and shall direct such person to appear
 635 before the court in response thereto on a date contained in such notice, which shall not be less than 10 days
 636 from the date of mailing of the notice. Failure to appear in response to such notice shall of itself be grounds
 637 for revocation of such privilege. Notice of revocation under this subsection shall be sent forthwith to the
 638 Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles.

639 G. For the purposes of this section, any court that has convicted a person of a violation of § 18.2-266,
 640 subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, any ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions of
 641 § 18.2-266, or any reckless driving violation under Article 7 (§ 46.2-852 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 46.2
 642 and such person was initially charged with a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, or any
 643 ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 shall have continuing jurisdiction
 644 over such person during any period of license revocation related to that conviction, for the limited purposes
 645 of (i) referring such person to a certified alcohol safety action program, (ii) providing for a restricted permit
 646 for such person in accordance with the provisions of subsection E, and (iii) imposing terms, conditions and
 647 limitations for actions taken pursuant to clauses (i) and (ii), whether or not it took either such action at the
 648 time of the conviction. This continuing jurisdiction is subject to the limitations of subsection E that provide
 649 that no restricted license shall be issued during a revocation imposed pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-271
 650 or subsection B of § 46.2-391 or during the first four months or first year, whichever is applicable, of the
 651 revocation imposed pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-271 or subsection A of § 46.2-391. The provisions of
 652 this subsection shall apply to a person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24,
 653 any ordinance of a county, city, or town similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266, or any reckless driving
 654 violation under Article 7 (§ 46.2-852 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 46.2 and such person was initially charged
 655 with a violation of § 18.2-266, subsection A of § 46.2-341.24, or any ordinance of a county, city, or town
 656 similar to the provisions of § 18.2-266 on, after and at any time prior to July 1, 2003.

657 H. The State Treasurer, the Commission on VASAP or any city or county is authorized to accept any gifts
 658 or bequests of money or property, and any grant, loan, service, payment, or property from any source,
 659 including the federal government, for the purpose of driver alcohol education. Any such gifts, bequests,
 660 grants, loans, or payments shall be deposited in the separate fund provided in subsection B.

661 I. The Commission on VASAP, or any county, city, or town, or any combination thereof, may establish
 662 and, if established, shall operate, in accordance with the standards and criteria required by this subsection,
 663 alcohol safety action programs in connection with highway safety. Each such program shall operate under the
 664 direction of a local independent policy board. Such local independent policy board shall be chosen in
 665 accordance with procedures approved and promulgated by the Commission on VASAP. Such procedures
 666 shall provide that the board shall endeavor to select one criminal defense attorney who has specialized
 667 knowledge in representing persons charged with driving while intoxicated offenses and one local attorney for
 668 the Commonwealth to sit on such local independent policy board. Local sitting or retired district court judges
 669 who regularly hear or heard cases involving driving under the influence and are familiar with their local
 670 alcohol safety action programs may serve on such boards. The Commission on VASAP shall establish
 671 minimum standards and criteria for the implementation and operation of such programs and shall establish
 672 procedures to certify all such programs to ensure that they meet the minimum standards and criteria stipulated
 673 by the Commission. The Commission shall also establish criteria for the administration of such programs for
 674 public information activities, for accounting procedures, for the auditing requirements of such programs and
 675 for the allocation of funds. Funds paid to the Commonwealth hereunder shall be utilized in the discretion of
 676 the Commission on VASAP to offset the costs of state programs and local programs run in conjunction with
 677 any county, city or town and costs incurred by the Commission. The Commission shall submit an annual
 678 report as to actions taken at the close of each calendar year to the Governor and the General Assembly.

679 J. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or of § 18.2-271, nothing in this section shall
680 permit the court to suspend, reduce, limit, or otherwise modify any disqualification from operating a
681 commercial motor vehicle imposed under the provisions of the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act
682 (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).

683 § 18.2-271.5. Restricted permits to operate a motor vehicle; ignition interlock systems.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in any criminal case for any violation of Article 7 (§ 46.2-852 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 46.2 where a defendant's license to operate a motor vehicle, engine, or train in the Commonwealth is subject to revocation or suspension and the court orders a defendant, as a condition of probation or otherwise, to enter into and successfully complete an alcohol safety action program in the judicial district in which such charge is brought or in any other judicial district upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth, the court may, in its discretion and for good cause shown, issue the defendant a restricted license to operate a motor vehicle in accordance with the provisions of subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 where the only restriction of such restricted license that the court shall impose is to prohibit the defendant from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock system for a period of not less than six consecutive months without alcohol-related violations of the interlock requirements.

695 In no event shall a defendant be permitted to enter any such alcohol safety action program that is not
696 certified as meeting minimum standards and criteria established by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol
697 Safety Action Program (VASAP) pursuant to ~~§ 18.2-271.2 Article 2.1~~ (§ 18.2-273.1 et seq.).

698 No restricted license issued pursuant to this section shall permit any person to operate a commercial motor
699 vehicle as defined in the Virginia Commercial Driver's License Act (§ 46.2-341.1 et seq.).

700 The provisions of subsections E and F of § 18.2-271.1 shall apply to this section mutatis mutandis, except
701 as herein provided.

Article 2.1.

Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP).

§ 18.2-273.1. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Commission" means the Commission on VASAP.

"Department" means the Department of Motor Vehicles.

708 "Executive finance committee" means the advisory subcommittee of the Commission, composed of the
709 Executive Director and such members as the Commission may designate, that is authorized to take action on
710 behalf of the Commission for a period not to exceed 90 days in matters of program certification, suspension,
711 or related fiscal oversight.

712 "Fiscal agent locality" means the county, city, or town designated pursuant to § 18.2-273.6 to serve as the
713 financial and human resources administrator for a local alcohol safety action program.

714 "Ignition interlock system," "remote alcohol monitoring device," and "rolling retest" mean the same as
715 those terms are defined in § 18.2-270.1.

716 "Local alcohol safety action program" or "local ASAP" means a program established pursuant to
717 § 18.2-273.4 that provides probation, education, and rehabilitation services for persons referred by a court,
718 the Department, or any other source approved by the Commission.

719 "Policy board" means the local independent ASAP board established pursuant to § 18.2-273.5 to provide
720 local governance, budget review, and initial approval and work in consultation with the fiscal agent of the
721 local ASAP regarding employee matters of a certified alcohol safety action program.

722 "Supplemental or emergency funding" means funds allocated by the Commission pursuant to subsection D
723 of § 18.2-273.4 to ensure the continued operation or reestablishment of a local alcohol safety action program
724 experiencing financial hardship or other circumstances that threaten service continuity.

§ 18.2-273.2. Commission on VASAP; purpose; membership; terms; meetings; staffing; compensation and expenses; chair's executive summary.

727 A. There is hereby established in the legislative branch of state government the Commission on the
728 Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP), which shall be deemed an agency of the Commonwealth
729 for the purposes of administration, regulation, and receipt or disbursement of funds pursuant to the
730 provisions of this article. The Commission shall administer and supervise the system of local alcohol safety
731 action programs throughout the Commonwealth, develop and maintain operation and performance standards
732 for such programs, and administer the allocation of supplemental or emergency funding to such programs
733 pursuant to subsection D of § 18.2-273.4.

B. The Commission shall have a total membership of 15 members that shall include six legislative members and nine nonlegislative citizen members. Members shall be appointed as follows: four current or former members of the House Committee for Courts of Justice, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates; two members of the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; three sitting or retired judges, one each from the circuit, general district, and juvenile and domestic relations district courts, who regularly hear or heard cases involving driving under the influence and are familiar with their local alcohol safety action programs, to be appointed by the chair of the

741 Committee on District Courts; one director of a local alcohol safety action program to be appointed by the
 742 Speaker of the House of Delegates upon consideration of the recommendations of the legislative members of
 743 the Commission; one director of a local alcohol safety action program to be appointed by the Senate
 744 Committee on Rules upon consideration of the recommendations of the legislative members of the
 745 Commission; one representative from the law-enforcement profession, to be appointed by the Speaker of the
 746 House; one nonlegislative citizen at large, to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules; one
 747 representative from the Department whose duties are substantially related to matters to be addressed by the
 748 Commission to be appointed by the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles; and one
 749 representative from the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services whose duties also
 750 substantially involve such matters, to be appointed by the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and
 751 Developmental Services. Legislative members shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office. In
 752 accordance with the staggered terms previously established, nonlegislative citizen members shall serve two-
 753 year terms. All members may be reappointed. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a
 754 term, shall be made for the unexpired terms. Any appointment to fill a vacancy shall be made in the same
 755 manner as the original appointment.

756 C. The Commission shall meet at least four times each year at such places as it may designate. A majority
 757 of the members shall constitute a quorum. The Commission shall elect a chair and vice-chair from among its
 758 membership, who shall be members of the General Assembly.

759 D. The Commission shall establish and ensure the maintenance of minimum standards and criteria for
 760 program operations and performance, accounting, auditing, public information, and administrative
 761 procedures for the various local alcohol safety action programs, including certification, decertification,
 762 regionalization, reorganization, or mergers of such local programs and finances and personnel at such local
 763 programs, and shall be responsible for overseeing the administration of the statewide VASAP system. Such
 764 programs shall be certified by the Commission in accordance with procedures set forth in the VASAP
 765 Certification Manual pursuant to § 18.2-273.3. The Commission shall also oversee program plans,
 766 operations, and performance and create a system for allocating funds to cover deficits that may occur in the
 767 budgets of local programs. The Commission may enter into cooperative agreements or memoranda of
 768 understanding with courts, law-enforcement agencies, the Department of Motor Vehicles, the Department of
 769 Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, or other public or private entities to improve coordination,
 770 data sharing, and service delivery within the statewide VASAP system. The Commission is authorized to
 771 accept any gifts or bequest of money or property and any grant, loan, service, payment, or property from any
 772 source, including the federal government, for the purpose of driver alcohol education, and any such gifts,
 773 bequests, grants, loans, or payments shall be deposited in the separate fund described in subsection B of
 774 § 18.2-271.1.

775 E. The Commission shall appoint and employ and, at its pleasure, remove an executive director and such
 776 other persons as it may deem necessary and shall determine their duties and fix their salaries or
 777 compensation.

778 F. The Commission shall appoint a Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program Advisory Board (the Board)
 779 to make recommendations to the Commission regarding its duties and administrative functions. The
 780 membership of the Board shall be appointed in the discretion of the Commission and include personnel from
 781 (i) local alcohol safety action programs; (ii) the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental
 782 Services, community services boards, or behavioral health authorities; and (iii) other community mental
 783 health services organizations. An assistant Attorney General who provides counsel in matters relating to
 784 driving under the influence shall also be appointed to the Board.

785 G. Legislative members of the Commission shall receive compensation as provided in § 30-19.12.
 786 Funding for the costs of compensation of legislative members shall be provided by the Commission. All
 787 members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses as provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and
 788 2.2-2825 to be paid out of that portion of moneys paid in VASAP defendant entry fees that is forwarded to the
 789 Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program.

790 H. The chair of the Commission shall submit to the Governor and the General Assembly an annual
 791 executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Commission no later than December 1 of each
 792 year. The executive summary shall be submitted as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative
 793 Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be posted on the
 794 General Assembly's website.

795 I. Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 5 (§ 2.2-500 et seq.) of Title 2.2, the Attorney General shall
 796 provide representation in all cases, hearings, controversies, or matters involving the interests of the
 797 Commission. However, if, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is impracticable or uneconomical for
 798 such legal services to be rendered by him or one of his assistants, the Commission may employ special
 799 counsel to represent it and provide such legal services. Any such special counsel shall be paid from funds
 800 appropriated to the Commission.

801 **§ 18.2-273.3. Additional powers and duties of the Commission.**

802 In addition to the powers and duties of the Commission pursuant to § 18.2-273.2, the Commission shall:

803 1. Approve the VASAP Certification Manual, which prescribes statewide standards, criteria, and
804 procedures for certification, auditing, fiscal management, and overall performance of local ASAPs;
805 2. Prescribe a reasonable portion, not to exceed 10 percent, of the fee described in subsection B of
806 § 18.2-271.1 to be forwarded monthly for deposit with the State Treasurer for expenditure by the
807 Commission;
808 3. Prescribe a uniform schedule of offender fees for services provided pursuant to § 18.2-271.1;
809 4. Establish procedures for the collection, accounting, and use of fees for services provided pursuant to
810 § 18.2-271.1;
811 5. Prescribe minimum standards for local independent policy boards, including board composition,
812 meeting frequency, duties and procedures, and intervention by the Commission or reconstitution of a board
813 pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-273.5. Such procedures shall provide that (i) the composition of the board
814 shall include at least (a) one attorney for the Commonwealth, (b) one criminal defense attorney who has
815 specialized knowledge in representing persons charged with driving while intoxicated offenses, (c) one
816 member of law-enforcement, and (d) one member of a local community services board and (ii) the board may
817 appoint a local sitting or retired judge of a general district court of the Commonwealth who regularly
818 oversees or oversaw cases involving driving while intoxicated offenses and who is familiar with the local
819 ASAP;
820 6. Establish minimum standards and procedures for the designation of a fiscal agent locality, required
821 pursuant to § 18.2-273.6, including requirements for written agreements, fiscal accountability,
822 recordkeeping, auditing, and reporting to the Commission;
823 7. Establish standards and procedures pursuant to § 18.2-273.4 for requiring (i) the issuance, renewal,
824 suspension, or revocation of certification; (ii) examination requirements; (iii) performance evaluation
825 standards; and (iv) an appeal process;
826 8. Suspend, revoke, or decline to renew the certification of a local ASAP. If such action is taken by the
827 Commission, it shall take any further action necessary to ensure continued availability of mandated alcohol
828 safety action services within the affected judicial district;
829 9. Develop and administer a certification process for local ASAP employees. Such process shall include
830 (i) successful completion of a background investigation, (ii) review of a driving history record, and (iii)
831 passing a written certification examination approved by the Commission with a minimum score of 80
832 percent; and
833 10. Establish certification requirements and performance metrics for the director of a local ASAP, which
834 shall include, at a minimum, competency and satisfactory performance in (i) management and supervision of
835 local ASAP staff; (ii) fiscal and budgetary management; (iii) compliance with Commission standards and
836 regulations; (iv) integrity and accountability in program operations; and (v) cooperation with courts, law
837 enforcement, and community partners.

§ 18.2-273.4. Local alcohol safety action programs.

A. The Commission, or any county, city, or town, or any combination thereof, may establish and, if established, shall operate, in accordance with the standards and criteria required by this section, alcohol safety action programs (ASAPs) in connection with highway safety. Each such program shall operate under the direction of a local independent policy board established pursuant to § 18.2-273.5 and shall, at a minimum, (i) employ a program director and such staff as necessary to carry out the duties of such local ASAP and (ii) hold general liability, professional liability, and directors and officers insurance if such items are not provided by the fiscal agent locality of such program. Each such program shall be accessible to the public for all required services during days and hours established by the Commission, and the Commission shall prescribe acceptable methods of accessibility, including remote and electronic service delivery.

B. The Commission shall establish minimum standards and criteria for the implementation and operation of local ASAPs and shall establish procedures to certify all such programs to ensure that they meet the minimum standards and criteria stipulated by the Commission. The Commission shall also establish criteria for the administration of such programs for (i) public information activities, (ii) accounting procedures, (iii) the auditing requirements of such programs, and (iv) the allocation of supplemental or emergency funding pursuant to subsection D of § 18.2-273.4.

C. Each program director of the local ASAP shall be subject to an annual performance evaluation conducted by the Executive Director of the Commission or his designee. A program director shall be required to achieve and maintain, at minimum, a satisfactory performance rating as a condition of continued certification. Failure to maintain such required certification or a satisfactory performance rating (i) may result in suspension or revocation of certification and (ii) shall render such person ineligible to serve as a program director or employee of any local ASAP.

D. Each county, city, or town that has established, or jointly participates in, a local ASAP shall provide for the financial support of such program through annual appropriations in its local budget or through such other funding mechanisms as may be agreed upon by the participating localities. Each local ASAP serving multiple localities shall, as a condition of certification, have a written funding agreement among all participating localities that equitably allocates costs of program operation. Such agreement shall be filed

865 with the Commission and reviewed for compliance with Commission standards. The Commission shall not be
 866 responsible for routine operational or personnel funding of local ASAPs. The Commission may, subject to the
 867 availability of funds, provide supplemental or emergency assistance to a local ASAP or its fiscal agent
 868 locality if the Commission determines (i) the financial hardship threatens continued operation of the local
 869 ASAP, (ii) the local ASAP has demonstrated compliance with all Commission standards, and (iii) the
 870 participating localities have contributed funding in accordance with this subsection. In the event any locality
 871 fails to provide financial support pursuant to this subsection, such locality may be subject to a fine as
 872 prescribed by the Commission.

873 E. Each local ASAP shall (i) maintain financial records in accordance with generally accepted
 874 accounting principles; (ii) be subject to local, state, and federal audits; and (iii) submit monthly financial
 875 reports to the Commission by the fifteenth day of the following month and an annual income statement by
 876 August 1 of each year. Any local ASAP that fails to timely file such information shall be subject to daily late
 877 fees, prescribed by the Commission, and potential decertification.

878 F. Any local ASAP revenues that are derived from offender fees or other sources shall only be used for the
 879 administration of such local ASAP and are subject to Commission oversight. The Commission may collect
 880 unexpended revenue or reserve balances from any local ASAP to ensure statewide fiscal accountability and
 881 maintain program standards.

882 G. Each local ASAP shall submit an annual operating budget and corresponding financial documents to
 883 the Commission for approval by May 1 of each year in a format prescribed by the Commission. In the event a
 884 local ASAP fails to submit, correct, or operate under an approved budget as required by the Commission, the
 885 Commission may (i) withhold or recover any state-controlled or supplemental funds, (ii) suspend or revoke
 886 certification of the local ASAP, (iii) suspend new offender referrals to the local ASAP, (iv) initiate temporary
 887 administration or reorganization under § 18.2-273.7, or (v) take such other actions as necessary to ensure
 888 compliance and fiscal accountability.

889 H. Each local ASAP shall operate under a program agreement approved by the Commission. Such
 890 agreement shall (i) delineate the responsibilities of the Commission and the local ASAP; (ii) specify
 891 conditions for receipt of any supplemental or emergency funding; (iii) identify performance measures related
 892 to offender compliance, fiscal management, and program efficiency; and (iv) provide procedures for
 893 monitoring, and remediation of, noncompliance. The Commission may withhold or recover funds or suspend
 894 certification for failure of the local ASAP to comply with the terms of such agreement.

895 I. Two or more certified local ASAPs may, with the approval of the Commission, enter into joint service
 896 agreements to provide education, monitoring, or administrative services and to share fiscal, personnel, or
 897 technological resources. Any such agreement shall specify the (i) duration, purpose, and method of
 898 administration; (ii) allocation of costs; and (iii) responsibilities of each participating program. Such
 899 agreement shall be filed with the Commission for review and approval. However, participation in any such
 900 agreement shall not relieve a local ASAP of its obligations under this article or regulations of the
 901 Commission.

902 J. Funds paid to the Commonwealth hereunder shall be utilized in the discretion of the Commission to
 903 offset the costs of state programs and local programs run in conjunction with any county, city, or town and
 904 costs incurred by the Commission. The Commission shall include in the executive summary required pursuant
 905 to subsection H of § 18.2-273.2 all actions taken pursuant to this section.

906 **§ 18.2-273.5. Powers and duties of the local independent policy board.**

907 A. The local independent policy board responsible for directing the operation of a local ASAP established
 908 pursuant to § 18.2-273.4 shall have the following powers and duties:

909 1. Review and approve the annual program budget prior to the submission of such budget to the
 910 Commission in consultation with the fiscal agent locality designated pursuant to § 18.2-273.6;

911 2. Participate in the hiring and firing of the program director and other personnel and consult with the
 912 fiscal agent locality to ensure such hiring and firing is consistent with the personnel policies and procedures
 913 of the locality; and

914 3. Meet as required by the regulations of the Commission and maintain minutes and records of such
 915 meetings in accordance with the standards established by the Commission.

916 B. Failure of a policy board to meet as required by subdivision A 3 shall constitute grounds for
 917 intervention by the Commission, including the reconstitution or replacement of the policy board, appointment
 918 of interim members, or any other corrective action the Commission deems necessary to ensure compliance
 919 and continuity of program operations.

920 **§ 18.2-273.6. Fiscal agent locality.**

921 A. Each local ASAP shall, as a condition of certification by the Commission, designate a county, city, or
 922 town for which it serves to act as its fiscal agent locality. Such fiscal agent locality shall (i) be responsible for
 923 the receipt, disbursement, and accounting of all local ASAP funds in accordance with such standards
 924 established by the Commission; (ii) serve as the employer of record for all local ASAP personnel, including
 925 the program director; and (iii) provide payroll, benefits administration, and human resources functions on
 926 behalf of the local ASAP. For any local ASAP that serves multiple jurisdictions, such jurisdictions shall

927 designate, by written agreement approved by the governing body of each respective jurisdiction, a single
928 jurisdiction to serve as the fiscal agent locality. Such fiscal agent locality shall file such agreement with the
929 Commission.

930 B. Any payroll and benefits paid by the fiscal agent locality shall be derived from offender fees paid to the
931 local ASAP and remitted by such local ASAP to the fiscal agent locality prior to disbursement. Additionally,
932 the fiscal agent locality may, at the beginning of each fiscal year, collect up to 10 percent of the Commission-
933 approved annual budget for such local ASAP for the administration of such services.

934 C. The local independent policy board established pursuant to § 18.2-273.5 shall retain the authority to
935 hire and recommend termination of the local program director and other local program personnel, subject to
936 applicable personnel policies of the fiscal agent locality. Any employment action taken by such board shall be
937 subject to the personnel policies, grievance procedures, and due process protections of the fiscal agent
938 locality.

939 D. The Commission shall not certify, recertify, or continue certification of any local ASAP that fails to
940 maintain a valid fiscal agent locality pursuant to this section. In the event any local ASAP fails to maintain a
941 valid fiscal agent locality, such locality shall be subject to a fine as prescribed by the Commission not to
942 exceed \$5,000 and shall be responsible for any administration costs incurred by the Commission in directly
943 administering or contracting for the administration of an interim program to provide mandatory alcohol
944 safety action services pursuant to § 18.2-273.7.

945 **§ 18.2-273.7. Procedure when suspension, revocation, etc., of certification of local ASAP.**

946 A. Every local ASAP shall be certified at least every three years. Any local ASAP that is found not in
947 compliance shall submit an action plan within 10 days of notice from the Commission that such local ASAP is
948 not in compliance. The Commission may issue conditional certification, extend corrective periods, or revoke
949 certification for noncompliance. The Commission may regionalize, merge, reorganize, or decertify any local
950 ASAPs as necessary to maintain statewide standards and may establish regional leadership teams to assist
951 programs in achieving compliance. The executive finance committee of the Commission may, for a period not
952 to exceed 90 days, suspend the certification of a local ASAP when the committee determines that such action
953 is necessary due to (i) noncompliance with Commission standards or regulations; (ii) fiscal mismanagement;
954 or (iii) any other conduct that threatens the integrity, efficiency, or public confidence in the statewide ASAP
955 system. Upon suspension by the executive fiscal committee, the Executive Director of the Commission may
956 take such administrative action necessary to protect program integrity, including prohibiting the suspended
957 local ASAP from receiving new referrals and restricting the suspended local ASAP from accessing any
958 information systems provided by or through the Commission. In the event the Commission suspends, revokes,
959 or declines to renew the certification of a local ASAP, the Commission shall take such actions as necessary to
960 ensure the continued availability of mandatory alcohol safety action services within the affected judicial
961 district. A local ASAP that has had its certification suspended shall continue to provide services for referrals
962 received prior to the effective date of the suspension unless otherwise directed by the Commission.

963 B. The Commission may, for a period not to exceed 12 months, directly administer or contract for the
964 administration of an interim program to provide mandatory alcohol safety action services. During such
965 interim period, the Commission shall have all powers and duties of a certified local program pursuant to
966 § 18.2-273.4. In lieu of direct administration, the Commission may authorize one or more neighboring
967 certified local ASAPs to provide services to offenders residing or convicted within the affected jurisdiction
968 under such terms and conditions as the Commission deems appropriate to maintain service continuity and
969 judicial compliance.

970 C. The Commission may enter into temporary contracts with qualified public or private entities that meet
971 minimum standards established by the Commission to provide assessment, monitoring, education, and related
972 services during the interim period.

973 D. Upon the decertification of a local ASAP, all unexpended revenues, reserve balances, accounts
974 receivable, and other funds or assets held by, or for the benefit of, the decertified program shall immediately
975 revert to the Commission. Such funds and assets shall be deposited with the State Treasurer for use solely in
976 the administration of interim services and the reestablishment, certification, or reformation of a new local
977 ASAP to serve the affected area.

978 E. The Commission shall, during the interim period, facilitate the reestablishment or certification of a
979 new local ASAP for the affected area.

980 F. Upon certification of the new program, or at the expiration of 12 months, whichever occurs first, the
981 temporary administration authority under this section shall cease unless extended by the Commission for
982 good cause. Such extension shall not exceed six months.

983 G. The Commission shall report all actions it takes pursuant to this section, including reasons for
984 decertification of a local ASAP, disposition of funds or assets received, and the status of interim service
985 delivery, in its annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly as required pursuant to
986 § 18.2-273.4.

987 **§ 18.2-273.8. Requirements of employees of local ASAPs.**

988 A. No person shall perform duties for, or be employed by, a local ASAP unless such person has obtained

989 and maintains a certification issued by the Commission.

990 B. Every case manager, and any other employee who is designated by the director of any VASAP-certified
 991 local alcohol safety action program operated pursuant to this article to provide probation and related
 992 services, shall take an oath of office as prescribed in § 49-1, by a person authorized to administer oaths
 993 pursuant to § 49-3, before entering the duties of his office.

994 **§ 18.2-273.9. Ignition interlock system and remote alcohol monitoring device; certification by
 995 Commission on VASAP; regulations; sale or lease; monitoring use; reports; penalty.**

996 A. The Executive Director of the Commission or his designee shall, pursuant to approval by the
 997 Commission, certify ignition interlock systems for use in the Commonwealth and adopt regulations and forms
 998 for the installation, maintenance, and certification of such ignition interlock systems.

999 The regulations shall include requirements that ignition interlock systems:

1000 1. Do not impede the safe operation of the vehicle;
 1001 2. Minimize opportunities to be bypassed, circumvented, or tampered with, and provide evidence thereof;
 1002 3. Correlate accurately with established measures of blood alcohol content and are calibrated according
 1003 to the manufacturer's specifications;

1004 4. Work accurately and reliably in an unsupervised environment;
 1005 5. Have the capability to provide an accurate written measure of blood alcohol content for each ignition,
 1006 attempted ignition, and rolling retest, and record each attempt to circumvent or tamper with the equipment;

1007 6. Minimize inconvenience to other users;
 1008 7. Be manufactured or distributed by an entity responsible for installation, user training, service, and
 1009 maintenance, and meet the safety and operational requirements promulgated by the National Highway
 1010 Transportation Safety Administration;

1011 8. Operate reliably over the range of motor vehicle environments or motor vehicle manufacturing
 1012 standards;

1013 9. Be manufactured by an entity that is adequately insured against liability, in an amount established by
 1014 the Commission, including product liability and installation and maintenance errors;

1015 10. Provide for an electronic log of the driver's experience with the system with an information
 1016 management system capable of electronically delivering information to the agency supervising the interlock
 1017 user within 24 hours of the collection of such information from the datalogger; and

1018 11. Provide for a rolling retest of the operator's blood alcohol content.

1019 B. The Executive Director of the Commission or his designee shall, pursuant to approval by the
 1020 Commission, certify remote alcohol monitoring devices for use in the Commonwealth and adopt regulations
 1021 and forms for the installation, maintenance, and certification of such remote alcohol monitoring devices.

1022 C. Such regulations shall also provide for the establishment of a fund, using a percentage of fees received
 1023 by the manufacturer or distributor providing ignition interlock services or remote alcohol monitoring
 1024 devices, to afford persons found by the court to be indigent all or part of the costs of an ignition interlock
 1025 system or remote alcohol monitoring device.

1026 D. The Commission shall design and adopt a warning label to be affixed to an ignition interlock system or
 1027 remote alcohol monitoring device upon installation. The warning label shall state that a person tampering
 1028 with or attempting to circumvent the ignition interlock system or remote alcohol monitoring device is guilty
 1029 of a Class 1 misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be subject to a fine or incarceration or both.

1030 E. The Commission shall publish a list of certified ignition interlock systems and remote alcohol
 1031 monitoring devices and shall ensure that such systems and devices are available throughout the
 1032 Commonwealth. The local ASAP shall make the list available to eligible offenders, who shall have the
 1033 responsibility and authority to choose which certified ignition interlock company and certified remote alcohol
 1034 monitoring company will supply the offender's equipment. A manufacturer or distributor of an ignition
 1035 interlock system or a remote alcohol monitoring device that seeks to sell or lease the ignition interlock system
 1036 or remote alcohol monitoring device to persons subject to the provisions of § 18.2-270.1 shall pay the
 1037 reasonable costs of obtaining the required certification, as set forth by the Commission.

1038 F. A person may not sell or lease or offer to sell or lease an ignition interlock system or a remote alcohol
 1039 monitoring device to any person subject to the provisions of § 18.2-270.1 unless:

1040 1. The system or device has been certified by the Commission; and
 1041 2. The warning label adopted by the Commission is affixed to the system.

1042 G. A manufacturer or distributor of an ignition interlock system or remote alcohol monitoring device shall
 1043 provide such services as may be required at no cost to the Commonwealth. Such services shall include a toll-
 1044 free, 24-hour telephone number for the users of ignition interlock systems or remote alcohol monitoring
 1045 devices.

1046 **§ 46.2-507. (Effective July 1, 2026) Establishment of Intelligent Speed Assistance Program; penalty.**

1047 A. As used in this section:

1048 "Commission" means the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP) as
 1049 established pursuant to § 18.2-271.2 18.2-273.2.

1050 "Intelligent speed assistance system" means a system that limits the speed at which a motor vehicle is

1051 capable of traveling based on the applicable speed limit where such motor vehicle is being operated.

1052 "Program" means the Intelligent Speed Assistance Program established pursuant to this section.

1053 B. The Executive Director of the Commission or his designee shall, pursuant to approval by the

1054 Commission, establish the Intelligent Speed Assistance Program for the administration of the provisions of

1055 this section and supervise the installation and compliance of intelligent speed assistance systems.

1056 C. Upon receipt of notice from a court that a person is required to enroll in the Program, the Department

1057 shall:

- 1058 1. Require such person's enrollment in the Program as a condition for obtaining and maintaining a
- 1059 restricted driver's license;
- 1060 2. Suspend such person's driver's license and issue such person a restricted driver's license that indicates
- 1061 his participation in the Program; and
- 1062 3. Not issue such person any other driver's license until such person successfully completes a period of
- 1063 enrollment as provided in subsection E.

1064 D. The Department shall provide notice to any person required to enroll in the Program of the

1065 requirements of this section. Such notice shall be deemed to have been delivered if it is (i) hand-delivered to

1066 such person or (ii) sent by mail to the address on such person's driver's license.

1067 E. A person's driver's license shall remain suspended pursuant to subdivision C 3, and a person's

1068 enrollment in the Program shall remain a condition for obtaining and maintaining a restricted driver's license

1069 pursuant to subdivision C 1, for the duration of time ordered by the court or, if such enrollment is pursuant to

1070 § 46.2-506, for a period of nine months and after satisfactory completion of a driver improvement clinic.

1071 F. A person enrolled in the Program pursuant to this section shall enter into and successfully complete the

1072 Program and (i) shall install a certified intelligent speed assistance system on each motor vehicle owned by or

1073 registered to such person and (ii) shall not operate any motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning,

1074 certified intelligent speed assistance system.

1075 G. A person enrolled in the Program shall pay all costs associated with enrollment and participation in the

1076 Program, unless such person is found by the court or the Commission to be indigent.

1077 H. The Executive Director of the Commission or his designee shall, pursuant to approval by the

1078 Commission, certify intelligent speed assistance systems for use in the Commonwealth and adopt regulations

1079 and forms for the installation, maintenance, and certification of such intelligent speed assistance systems.

1080 Such regulations shall include requirements that such intelligent speed assistance systems:

- 1081 1. Do not impede the safe operation of the motor vehicle;
- 1082 2. Minimize opportunities to be bypassed, circumvented, or tampered with, and provide evidence that
- 1083 such system has not been bypassed, circumvented, or tampered with;
- 1084 3. Work accurately and reliably in an unsupervised environment;
- 1085 4. Have the capability to provide an accurate measure of speed and record each attempt to bypass,
- 1086 circumvent, or tamper with such intelligent speed assistance systems;
- 1087 5. Minimize inconvenience to other users of the motor vehicle;
- 1088 6. Be manufactured or distributed by an entity that is responsible for the installation, user training, service,
- 1089 and maintenance of such intelligent speed assistance systems;
- 1090 7. Operate reliably over the range of motor vehicle environments or motor vehicle manufacturing
- 1091 standards;
- 1092 8. Be manufactured by an entity that is adequately insured against liability, in an amount established by
- 1093 the Commission, including product liability and liability against installation and maintenance errors; and
- 1094 9. Provide for an electronic log of the driver's experience with such intelligent speed assistance system
- 1095 with an information management system capable of electronically delivering information to the Commission
- 1096 within 24 hours of the collection of such information from the data logger.

1097 I. The regulations adopted pursuant to subsection H shall also provide for the establishment of a Fund,

1098 administered by the Commission, using a percentage of fees received by the manufacturer or distributor

1099 providing the intelligent speed assistance systems from a person enrolled in the Program, to assist any person

1100 found by the court or the Commission to be indigent with all or part of the costs of an intelligent speed

1101 assistance system.

1102 J. The Commission shall publish a list of certified intelligent speed assistance systems and shall ensure

1103 that such intelligent speed assistance systems are available throughout the Commonwealth. The Commission

1104 shall make the list available to eligible offenders, who shall have the responsibility and authority to choose

1105 which certified intelligent speed assistance system manufacturer or distributor will supply such offender's

1106 certified intelligent speed assistance system. A manufacturer or distributor of intelligent speed assistance

1107 systems that seeks to sell or lease the intelligent speed assistance systems to persons subject to the provisions

1108 of this section shall pay the reasonable costs of obtaining the required certification, as established by the

1109 Commission.

1110 K. A person may not sell or lease or offer to sell or lease an intelligent speed assistance system to any

1111 person unless:

- 1112 1. The intelligent speed assistance system has been certified by the Commission; and

1113 2. The warning label adopted by the Commission pursuant to subsection N is affixed to the intelligent
1114 speed assistance system.

1115 L. A manufacturer or distributor of an intelligent speed assistance system shall provide such support
1116 services as may be required at no cost to the Commonwealth. Such services shall include a toll free, 24-hour
1117 telephone number for the users of intelligent speed assistance systems.

1118 M. No person shall tamper with, or in any way attempt to circumvent, bypass, or tamper with the
1119 operation of, an intelligent speed assistance system that has been installed in a motor vehicle pursuant to this
1120 section. A violation of this subsection is punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor. The venue for the prosecution
1121 of a violation of this subsection shall be where the offense occurred.

1122 N. The Commission shall design and adopt a warning label to be affixed to an intelligent speed assistance
1123 system upon installation in a motor vehicle. The warning label shall state that a person tampering with or
1124 attempting to bypass or circumvent the intelligent speed assistance system is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor
1125 and, upon conviction, is subject to a fine or incarceration or both.

1126 O. Any person who enters into the Program prior to trial may pre-qualify with the Program to have an
1127 intelligent speed assistance system installed on any motor vehicle owned or operated by him and the court
1128 may consider such pre-qualification and installation.

1129 P. The Commission shall promulgate such regulations and forms as are necessary to implement the
1130 Program established by this section.

1131 2. **That §§ 18.2-270.2, 18.2-271.2, and 18.2-271.4 of the Code of Virginia are repealed.**

1132 3. **That the Commission on Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP), as created by this act,
1133 shall promulgate regulations for the implementation of this act. Such regulations shall include
1134 procedures for the collection and reporting of data necessary for statewide performance monitoring
1135 while protecting the confidentiality of individual offender information in compliance with federal and
1136 state law.**

1137 4. **That this act shall not be construed to affect existing appointments to the Commission on the
1138 Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program (VASAP) for the terms that have not expired. However, all
1139 new appointments to the Commission on VASAP established pursuant to § 18.2-273.2 of the Code of
1140 Virginia, as created by this act, made on or after July 1, 2026, shall be made in accordance with the
1141 provisions of this act.**

1142 5. **That the regulations of any department or agency related to the existing Virginia Alcohol Safety
1143 Action Program (VASAP) affected by this act that are in effect on the effective date of this act shall
1144 continue in effect to the extent that they are not in conflict with this act and shall be deemed to be
1145 regulations adopted under this act.**

1146 6. **That each local alcohol safety action program shall designate a fiscal agent locality, required
1147 pursuant to § 18.2-273.6 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, by January 1, 2027.**