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HOUSE BILL NO. 353

Offered January 14, 2026

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A BILL to amend and reenact § 38.2-3431 of the Code of Virginia, relating to benefits consortium; sponsoring association.

 Patron—Callsen

 Committee Referral Pending

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That § 38.2-3431 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:****§ 38.2-3431. Application of article; definitions.**

A. This article applies to group health plans and to health insurance issuers offering group health insurance coverage, and individual policies offered to employees of small employers.

Each insurer proposing to issue individual or group accident and sickness insurance policies providing hospital, medical and surgical or major medical coverage on an expense incurred basis, each corporation providing individual or group accident and sickness subscription contracts, and each health maintenance organization or multiple employer welfare arrangement providing health care plans for health care services that offers individual or group coverage to the small employer market in the Commonwealth shall be subject to the provisions of this article. Any issuer of individual coverage to employees of a small employer shall be subject to the provisions of this article if any of the following conditions are met:

1. Any portion of the premiums or benefits is paid by or on behalf of the employer;

2. The eligible employee or dependent is reimbursed, whether through wage adjustments or otherwise, by or on behalf of the employer for any portion of the premium;

3. The employer has permitted payroll deduction for the covered individual and any portion of the premium is paid by the employer, provided that the health insurance issuer providing individual coverage under such circumstances shall be registered as a health insurance issuer in the small group market under this article, and shall have offered small employer group insurance to the employer in the manner required under this article; or

4. The health benefit plan is treated by the employer or any of the covered individuals as part of a plan or program for the purpose of § 106, 125, or 162 of the United States Internal Revenue Code.

B. For the purposes of this article:

"Actuarial certification" means a written statement by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries or other individual acceptable to the Commission that a health insurance issuer is in compliance with the provisions of this article based upon the person's examination, including a review of the appropriate records and of the actuarial assumptions and methods used by the health insurance issuer in establishing premium rates for applicable insurance coverage.

"Affiliation period" means a period which, under the terms of the health insurance coverage offered by a health maintenance organization, must expire before the health insurance coverage becomes effective. The health maintenance organization is not required to provide health care services or benefits during such period and no premium shall be charged to the participant or beneficiary for any coverage during the period.

1. Such period shall begin on the enrollment date.

2. An affiliation period under a plan shall run concurrently with any waiting period under the plan.

"Beneficiary" has the meaning given such term under section 3(8) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002 (8)).

"Bona fide association" means, with respect to health insurance coverage offered in the Commonwealth, an association which:

1. Has been actively in existence for at least five years;

2. Has been formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance;

3. Does not condition membership in the association on any health status-related factor relating to an individual (including an employee of an employer or a dependent of an employee);

4. Makes health insurance coverage offered through the association available to all members regardless of any health status-related factor relating to such members (or individuals eligible for coverage through a member);

5. Does not make health insurance coverage offered through the association available other than in connection with a member of the association; and

6. Meets such additional requirements as may be imposed under the laws of the Commonwealth.

"Certification" means a written certification of the period of creditable coverage of an individual under a

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group health plan and coverage provided by a health insurance issuer offering group health insurance coverage and the coverage if any under such COBRA continuation provision, and the waiting period if any and affiliation period if applicable imposed with respect to the individual for any coverage under such plan.

"Church plan" has the meaning given such term under section 3(33) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002 (33)).

"COBRA continuation provision" means any of the following:

1. Section 4980B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. § 4980B), other than subsection (f)(1) of such section insofar as it relates to pediatric vaccines;

2. Part 6 of subtitle B of Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1161 et seq.), other than section 609 of such Act; or

3. Title XXII of P.L. 104-191.

"Creditable coverage" means with respect to an individual, coverage of the individual under any of the following:

1. A group health plan;

2. Health insurance coverage;

3. Part A or B of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 1395c or § 1395);

4. Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 1396 et seq.), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928;

5. Chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (10 U.S.C. § 1071 et seq.);

6. A medical care program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization;

7. A state health benefits risk pool;

8. A health plan offered under Chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code (5 U.S.C. § 8901 et seq.);

9. A public health plan (as defined in federal regulations);

10. A health benefit plan under section 5 (e) of the Peace Corps Act (22 U.S.C. § 2504(e)); or

11. Individual health insurance coverage.

Such term does not include coverage consisting solely of coverage of excepted benefits.

"Dependent" means the spouse or child of an eligible employee, subject to the applicable terms of the policy, contract or plan covering the eligible employee.

"Eligible employee" means an employee who works for a small group employer on a full-time basis, has a normal work week of 30 or more hours, has satisfied applicable waiting period requirements, and is not a part-time, temporary or substitute employee. At the employer's sole discretion, the eligibility criterion may be broadened to include part-time employees.

"Eligible individual" means such an individual in relation to the employer as shall be determined:

1. In accordance with the terms of such plan;

2. As provided by the health insurance issuer under rules of the health insurance issuer which are uniformly applicable to employers in the group market; and

3. In accordance with all applicable law of the Commonwealth governing such issuer and such market.

"Employee" has the meaning given such term under section 3(6) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002 (6)).

"Employer" has the meaning given such term under section 3(5) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002 (5)), except that such term shall include only employers of two or more employees.

"Enrollment date" means, with respect to an eligible individual covered under a group health plan or health insurance coverage, the date of enrollment of the eligible individual in the plan or coverage or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for such enrollment.

"Excepted benefits" means benefits under one or more (or any combination thereof) of the following:

1. Benefits not subject to requirements of this article:

a. Coverage only for accident, or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof;

b. Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance;

c. Liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance;

d. Workers' compensation or similar insurance;

e. Medical expense and loss of income benefits;

f. Credit-only insurance;

g. Coverage for on-site medical clinics; and

h. Other similar insurance coverage, specified in regulations, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits.

2. Benefits not subject to requirements of this article if offered separately:

a. Limited scope dental or vision benefits;

b. Benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home health care, community-based care, or any combination thereof; and

c. Such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in regulations.

3. Benefits not subject to requirements of this article if offered as independent, noncoordinated benefits:

- 121 a. Coverage only for a specified disease or illness; and
 122 b. Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance.
 123 4. Benefits not subject to requirements of this article if offered as separate insurance policy:
 124 a. Medicare supplemental health insurance (as defined under section 1882 (g)(1) of the Social Security
 125 Act (42 U.S.C. § 1395ss (g)(1));
 126 b. Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under Chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (10
 127 U.S.C. § 1071 et seq.); and
 128 c. Similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group health plan.
 129 "Federal governmental plan" means a governmental plan established or maintained for its employees by
 130 the government of the United States or by an agency or instrumentality of such government.
 131 "Governmental plan" has the meaning given such term under section 3(32) of the Employee Retirement
 132 Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002 (32)) and any federal governmental plan.
 133 "Group health insurance coverage" means in connection with a group health plan, health insurance
 134 coverage offered in connection with such plan.
 135 "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan (as defined in section 3 (1) of the Employee
 136 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002 (1)), to the extent that the plan provides medical
 137 care and including items and services paid for as medical care to employees or their dependents (as defined
 138 under the terms of the plan) directly or through insurance, reimbursement, or otherwise.
 139 "Health benefit plan" means any accident and health insurance policy or certificate, health services plan
 140 contract, health maintenance organization subscriber contract, plan provided by a MEWA or plan provided
 141 by another benefit arrangement. "Health benefit plan" does not mean accident only, credit, or disability
 142 insurance; coverage of Medicare services or federal employee health plans, pursuant to contracts with the
 143 United States government; Medicare supplement or long-term care insurance; Medicaid coverage; dental only
 144 or vision only insurance; specified disease insurance; hospital confinement indemnity coverage; limited
 145 benefit health coverage; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; insurance arising out of a
 146 workers' compensation or similar law; automobile medical payment insurance; medical expense and loss of
 147 income benefits; or insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and that is
 148 statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance.
 149 "Health insurance coverage" means benefits consisting of medical care (provided directly, through
 150 insurance or reimbursement, or otherwise and including items and services paid for as medical care) under
 151 any hospital or medical service policy or certificate, hospital or medical service plan contract, or health
 152 maintenance organization contract offered by a health insurance issuer.
 153 "Health insurance issuer" means an insurance company, or insurance organization (including a health
 154 maintenance organization) which is licensed to engage in the business of insurance in the Commonwealth and
 155 which is subject to the laws of the Commonwealth which regulate insurance within the meaning of section
 156 514 (b)(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1144 (b)(2)). Such term
 157 does not include a group health plan.
 158 "Health maintenance organization" means:
 159 1. A federally qualified health maintenance organization;
 160 2. An organization recognized under the laws of the Commonwealth as a health maintenance
 161 organization; or
 162 3. A similar organization regulated under the laws of the Commonwealth for solvency in the same manner
 163 and to the same extent as such a health maintenance organization.
 164 "Health status-related factor" means the following in relation to the individual or a dependent eligible for
 165 coverage under a group health plan or health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer:
 166 1. Health status;
 167 2. Medical condition (including both physical and mental illnesses);
 168 3. Claims experience;
 169 4. Receipt of health care;
 170 5. Medical history;
 171 6. Genetic information;
 172 7. Evidence of insurability (including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence); or
 173 8. Disability.
 174 "Individual health insurance coverage" means health insurance coverage offered to individuals in the
 175 individual market, but does not include coverage defined as excepted benefits. Individual health insurance
 176 coverage does not include short-term limited duration coverage.
 177 "Individual market" means the market for health insurance coverage offered to individuals other than in
 178 connection with a group health plan.
 179 "Large employer" means, in connection with a group health plan or health insurance coverage with
 180 respect to a calendar year and a plan year, an employer who employed an average of at least 51 employees on
 181 business days during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least one employee on the first day of

182 the plan year.

183 "Large group market" means the health insurance market under which individuals obtain health insurance
184 coverage (directly or through any arrangement) on behalf of themselves (and their dependents) through a
185 group health plan maintained by a large employer.

186 "Late enrollee" means, with respect to coverage under a group health plan or health insurance coverage
187 provided by a health insurance issuer, a participant or beneficiary who enrolls under the plan other than
188 during:

- 189 1. The first period in which the individual is eligible to enroll under the plan; or
- 190 2. A special enrollment period as required pursuant to subsections J through M of § 38.2-3432.3.

191 "Medical care" means amounts paid for:

- 192 1. The diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease, or amounts paid for the purpose of
193 affecting any structure or function of the body;
- 194 2. Transportation primarily for and essential to medical care referred to in subdivision 1; and
- 195 3. Insurance covering medical care referred to in subdivisions 1 and 2.

196 "Network plan" means health insurance coverage of a health insurance issuer under which the financing
197 and delivery of medical care (including items and services paid for as medical care) are provided, in whole or
198 in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the health insurance issuer.

199 "Nonfederal governmental plan" means a governmental plan that is not a federal governmental plan.

200 "Participant" has the meaning given such term under section 3(7) of the Employee Retirement Income
201 Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002 (7)).

202 "Placed for adoption," or "placement" or "being placed" for adoption, in connection with any placement
203 for adoption of a child with any person, means the assumption and retention by such person of a legal
204 obligation for total or partial support of such child in anticipation of adoption of such child. The child's
205 placement with such person terminates upon the termination of such legal obligation.

206 "Plan sponsor" has the meaning given such term under section 3(16)(B) of the Employee Retirement
207 Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. § 1002 (16)(B)).

208 "Preexisting condition exclusion" means, with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits
209 relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment for such
210 coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received
211 before such date. Genetic information shall not be treated as a preexisting condition in the absence of a
212 diagnosis of the condition related to such information.

213 "Premium" means all moneys paid by an employer and eligible employees as a condition of coverage
214 from a health insurance issuer, including fees and other contributions associated with the health benefit plan.

215 "Rating period" means the 12-month period for which premium rates are determined by a health insurance
216 issuer and are assumed to be in effect.

217 "Self-employed individual" means an individual who derives a substantial portion of his income from a
218 trade or business (i) operated by the individual as a sole proprietor, (ii) through which the individual has
219 attempted to earn taxable income, and (iii) for which he has filed the appropriate Internal Revenue Service
220 Form 1040, Schedule C or F, for the previous taxable year.

221 "Service area" means a broad geographic area of the Commonwealth in which a health insurance issuer
222 sells or has sold insurance policies on or before January 1994, or upon its subsequent authorization to do
223 business in Virginia.

224 "Small employer" means in connection with a group health plan or health insurance coverage with respect
225 to a calendar year and a plan year, an employer who employed an average of at least one but not more than 50
226 employees on business days during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least one employee on
227 the first day of the plan year. In determining whether a corporation or limited liability company employed an
228 average of at least one individual during the preceding calendar year and employed at least one employee on
229 the first day of the plan year, an individual who performed any service for remuneration under a contract of
230 hire, written or oral, express or implied, for a (i) corporation of which the individual is a shareholder or an
231 immediate family member of a shareholder or (ii) a limited liability company of which the individual is a
232 member shall be deemed to be an employee of the corporation or the limited liability company, respectively.
233 However, a health insurance issuer shall not be required to issue more than one group health plan for each
234 employer identification number issued by the Internal Revenue Service for a business entity, without regard
235 to the number of shareholders or members of such business entity. "Small employer" includes a self-
236 employed individual.

237 "Small group market" means the health insurance market under which individuals obtain health insurance
238 coverage (directly or through any arrangement) on behalf of themselves (and their dependents) through a
239 group health plan maintained by a small employer.

240 "Sponsoring association" means a nonstock corporation formed under the Virginia Nonstock Corporation
241 Act (§ 13.1-801 et seq.) that:

- 242 1. Has been formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining or providing health

benefits;

2. Does not condition membership in the sponsoring association on any factor relating to the health status of an individual, including an employee of an employer member of the sponsoring association or a dependent of such an employee;

3. Makes any health benefit plan available to all members regardless of any factor relating to the health status of such members or individuals eligible for coverage through another member;

4. Does not make any health benefit plan available to any person who is not a member of the association;

5. Makes available health plans or health benefit plans that meet the requirements for health benefit plans set forth in subdivision B 3 of § 38.2-3420;

6. Operates as a nonprofit entity under § 501(c)(3), 501(c)(5), or 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code;

7. Has been in active existence for at least five years; and

8. Meets such additional requirements as may be imposed under the laws of the Commonwealth.

"Sponsoring association" includes any wholly owned subsidiary of a sponsoring association.

"State" means each of the several states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands.

"Waiting period" means, with respect to a group health plan or health insurance coverage provided by a health insurance issuer and an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms of the plan. If an employee or dependent enrolls during a special enrollment period pursuant to subsections J through M of § 38.2-3432.3 or as a late enrollee, any period before such enrollment is not a waiting period.

C. The provisions of this section shall not apply in any instance in which the provisions of this section are inconsistent or in conflict with a provision of Article 6 (§ 38.2-3438 et seq.) of Chapter 34.