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SENATE BILL NO. 146

Offered January 14, 2026

Prefiled January 7, 2026

A BILL to amend and reenact § 16.1-278.9 of the Code of Virginia, relating to delinquent children; loss of driving privileges for alcohol, firearm, and drug offenses; truancy.

Patron—McDougle

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That § 16.1-278.9 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:****§ 16.1-278.9. Delinquent children; loss of driving privileges for alcohol, firearm, and drug offenses; truancy.**

A. If a court has found facts which would justify a finding that a child at least 13 years of age at the time of the offense is delinquent and such finding involves (i) a violation of § 18.2-266 or of a similar ordinance of any county, city, or town; (ii) a refusal to take a breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2; (iii) a felony violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250; (iv) a misdemeanor violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250; (v) the unlawful purchase, possession, or consumption of alcohol in violation of § 4.1-305 or the unlawful drinking or possession of alcoholic beverages in or on public school grounds in violation of § 4.1-309; (vi) public intoxication in violation of § 18.2-388 or a similar ordinance of a county, city, or town; (vii) the unlawful use or possession of a handgun or possession of a "streetsweeper" as defined below; or (viii) a violation of § 18.2-83, the court shall order, in addition to any other penalty that it may impose as provided by law for the offense, that the child be denied a driver's license. In addition to any other penalty authorized by this section, if the offense involves a violation designated under clause (i) and the child was transporting a person 17 years of age or younger, the court shall impose the additional fine and order community service as provided in § 18.2-270. If the offense involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (viii), the denial of a driver's license shall be for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 17, whichever is longer, for a first such offense or for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, for a second or subsequent such offense. If the offense involves a violation designated under clause (iv), (v), or (vi) the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of six months unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of 16 years and three months, in which case the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of six months following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months. If the offense involves a first violation designated under clause (v) or (vi), the court shall impose the license sanction and may enter a judgment of guilt or, without entering a judgment of guilt, may defer disposition of the delinquency charge until such time as the court disposes of the case pursuant to subsection F. If the offense involves a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv), the court shall impose the license sanction and shall dispose of the delinquency charge pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or § 18.2-251. If the offense involves a violation designated under clause (vii), the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of not less than 30 days, except when the offense involves possession of a concealed handgun or a striker 12, commonly called a "streetsweeper," or any semi-automatic folding stock shotgun of like kind with a spring tension drum magazine capable of holding 12 shotgun shells, in which case the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of two years unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of 16 years and three months, in which event the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of two years following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months.

A1. If a court finds that a child at least 13 years of age has failed to comply with school attendance and meeting requirements as provided in § 22.1-258, the court ~~shall~~ may order the denial of the child's driving privileges for a period of not less than 30 days. If such failure to comply involves a child under the age of 16 years and three months, the child's ability to apply for a driver's license ~~shall~~ may be delayed for a period of not less than 30 days following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months.

If the court finds a second or subsequent such offense, it may order the denial of a driver's license for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, or delay the child's ability to apply for a driver's license for a period of one year following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months, as may be appropriate.

A2. If a court finds that a child at least 13 years of age has refused to take a blood test in violation of § 18.2-268.2, the court shall order that the child be denied a driver's license for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 17, whichever is longer, for a first such offense or for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, for a second or subsequent such offense.

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59 B. Any child who has a driver's license at the time of the offense or at the time of the court's finding as
60 provided in subsection A1 or A2 shall be ordered to surrender his driver's license *if the court has ordered the*
61 *denial of the child's driving privileges*, which shall be held in the physical custody of the court during any
62 period of license denial.

63 C. The court shall report any order issued under this section to the Department of Motor Vehicles, which
64 shall preserve a record thereof. The report and the record shall include a statement as to whether the child was
65 represented by or waived counsel or whether the order was issued pursuant to subsection A1 or A2.
66 Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) or the provisions of Title 46.2, this record
67 shall be available only to all law-enforcement officers, attorneys for the Commonwealth and courts. No other
68 record of the proceeding shall be forwarded to the Department of Motor Vehicles unless the proceeding
69 results in an adjudication of guilt pursuant to subsection F.

70 The Department of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to issue a driver's license to any child denied a driver's
71 license until such time as is stipulated in the court order or until notification by the court of withdrawal of the
72 order of denial under subsection E.

73 D. If the finding as to the child involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (vi) of
74 subsection A or a violation designated under subsection A2, the child may be referred to a certified alcohol
75 safety action program in accordance with § 18.2-271.1 upon such terms and conditions as the court may set
76 forth. If the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii), (iv), (v), (vii) or (viii)
77 of subsection A, such child may be referred to appropriate rehabilitative or educational services upon such
78 terms and conditions as the court may set forth.

79 The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize the use of a restricted
80 permit to operate a motor vehicle by any child who has a driver's license at the time of the offense or at the
81 time of the court's finding as provided in subsection A1 or A2 for any of the purposes set forth in subsection
82 E of § 18.2-271.1 or for travel to and from school, except that no restricted license shall be issued for travel to
83 and from home and school when school-provided transportation is available and no restricted license shall be
84 issued if the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A,
85 or if it involves a second or subsequent violation of any offense designated in subsection A, a second finding
86 by the court of failure to comply with school attendance and meeting requirements as provided in subsection
87 A1, or a second or subsequent finding by the court of a refusal to take a blood test as provided in subsection
88 A2. The issuance of the restricted permit shall be set forth within the court order, a copy of which shall be
89 provided to the child, and shall specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information
90 regarding the child as is reasonably necessary to identify him. The child may operate a motor vehicle under
91 the court order in accordance with its terms. Any child who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any
92 restrictions imposed pursuant to this section is guilty of a violation of § 46.2-301.

93 E. Upon petition made at least 90 days after issuance of the order, the court may review and withdraw any
94 order of denial of a driver's license if for a first such offense or finding as provided in subsection A1 or A2.
95 For a second or subsequent such offense or finding, the order may not be reviewed and withdrawn until one
96 year after its issuance.

97 F. If the finding as to such child involves a first violation designated under clause (vii) of subsection A,
98 upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions prescribed by the court and after the child's driver's license has
99 been restored, the court shall or, in the event the violation resulted in the injury or death of any person or if
100 the finding involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (v), or (vi) of subsection A, may discharge
101 the child and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under these provisions shall be
102 without an adjudication of guilt but a record of the proceeding shall be retained for the purpose of applying
103 this section in subsequent proceedings. Failure of the child to fulfill such terms and conditions shall result in
104 an adjudication of guilt. If the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv)
105 of subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed pursuant to this subsection but shall be disposed of
106 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or § 18.2-251. If the finding as to such child involves a second
107 violation under clause (v), (vi) or (vii) of subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed pursuant to this
108 subsection but shall be disposed of under § 16.1-278.8.