2025 SESSION

ENROLLED

[S 1094]

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact § 37.2-809, as it is currently effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating to involuntary temporary detention orders; definition of "psychiatric emergency department."

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

6 1. That § 37.2-809, as it is currently effective, of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as 7 8 follows:

§ 37.2-809. (Expires July 1, 2026) Involuntary temporary detention; issuance and execution of order.

A. For the purposes of this section:

"Certified evaluator" means (i) an individual with an educational attainment of a master's or doctoral 12 degree with an associated professional license; (ii) a licensed professional counselor, licensed clinical social 13 14 worker, licensed marriage and family therapist, licensed clinical psychologist, or psychiatrist; or (iii) a 15 licensed psychiatric nurse practitioner, psychiatric physician assistant, psychiatric clinical nurse specialist, 16 doctor of medicine, or doctor of osteopathy, who are not emergency department providers. A certified 17 evaluator shall (a) be employed or contracted by a hospital with a psychiatric emergency department in the 18 City of Hampton and such hospital shall be responsible for all costs associated with the hiring, training, and 19 supervision of the certified evaluators, including salary, fringe benefits, and overhead costs; (b) be skilled in the assessment and treatment of mental illness; (c) have completed a training and certification program 20 21 approved by the Department; (d) have received a prescreener orientation presentation developed by the Department in consultation with the Virginia Association of Community Services Boards, which shall 22 23 include information on determining the least restrictive treatment available for the person being evaluated 24 pursuant to subsection G of § 37.2-817.01; (e) be able to provide an independent examination of the person; 25 (f) not be related by blood or marriage to the person being evaluated; (g) have no financial interest in the 26 admission, treatment, or denial of admission of the person being evaluated; (h) have no investment interest in 27 the facility detaining or admitting the person under this article; (i) only be permitted to conduct in-person 28 evaluations on site at participating hospitals; and (j) only be permitted to conduct a temporary detention order 29 evaluation in lieu of an employee or designee of the local community services board if the person subject to 30 the temporary detention order evaluation is located in a hospital with a psychiatric emergency department in 31 the City of Hampton.

"Designee of the local community services board" means an examiner designated by the local community 32 33 services board who (i) is skilled in the assessment and treatment of mental illness, (ii) has completed a 34 certification program approved by the Department, (iii) is able to provide an independent examination of the 35 person, (iv) is not related by blood or marriage to the person being evaluated, (v) has no financial interest in the admission or treatment of the person being evaluated, (vi) has no investment interest in the facility 36 37 detaining or admitting the person under this article, and (vii) except for employees of state hospitals and of 38 the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, is not employed by the facility.

39 "Employee" means an employee of the local community services board who is skilled in the assessment 40 and treatment of mental illness and has completed a certification program approved by the Department.

41 "Investment interest" means the ownership or holding of an equity or debt security, including shares of 42 stock in a corporation, interests or units of a partnership, bonds, debentures, notes, or other equity or debt 43 instruments.

44 "Psychiatric emergency department" means a facility that (i) is a separate and secure environment 45 operating under the authority of a hospital with emergency department services licensed by the Department of Health, (ii) provides immediate access to psychiatric and psychological care, (iii) is adjacent to a facility 46 licensed by the Department or the Department of Health, and (iv) provides medical care, case management, 47 **48** discharge planning, and bridge psychiatric services post-discharge as needed, and (v) complies with 49 *subdivision B 2 of § 32.1-127.*

50 B. A magistrate shall issue, upon the sworn petition of any responsible person, treating physician, or upon 51 his own motion and only after an evaluation conducted in-person or by means of a two-way electronic video and audio communication system as authorized in § 37.2-804.1 by an employee or a designee of the local 52 53 community services board or after an in-person evaluation conducted by a certified evaluator to determine 54 whether the person meets the criteria for temporary detention, a temporary detention order if it appears from all evidence readily available, including any recommendation from a physician, clinical psychologist, clinical 55 social worker, or licensed professional counselor treating the person, that the person (i) has a mental illness 56

57 and that there exists a substantial likelihood that, as a result of mental illness, the person will, in the near 58 future, (a) cause serious physical harm to himself or others as evidenced by recent behavior causing, 59 attempting, or threatening harm and other relevant information, if any, or (b) suffer serious harm due to his 60 lack of capacity to protect himself from harm or to provide for his basic human needs; (ii) is in need of hospitalization or treatment; and (iii) is unwilling to volunteer or incapable of volunteering for hospitalization 61 62 or treatment. The magistrate shall also consider, if available, (a) information provided by the person who initiated emergency custody and (b) the recommendations of any treating or examining physician licensed in 63 64 Virginia either verbally or in writing prior to rendering a decision. Any temporary detention order entered 65 pursuant to this section shall provide for the disclosure of medical records pursuant to § 37.2-804.2. This 66 subsection shall not preclude any other disclosures as required or permitted by law.

C. When considering whether there is probable cause to issue a temporary detention order, the magistrate
may, in addition to the petition, consider (i) the recommendations of any treating or examining physician,
psychologist, clinical social worker, or licensed professional counselor licensed in Virginia, if available, (ii)
any past actions of the person, (iii) any past mental health treatment of the person, (iv) any relevant hearsay
evidence, (v) any medical records available, (vi) any affidavits submitted, if the witness is unavailable and it
so states in the affidavit, and (vii) any other information available that the magistrate considers relevant to the
determination of whether probable cause exists to issue a temporary detention order.

D. A magistrate may issue a temporary detention order without an emergency custody order proceeding.
 A magistrate may issue a temporary detention order without a prior evaluation pursuant to subsection B if (i)
 the person has been personally examined within the previous 72 hours by an employee or a designee of the
 local community services board or a certified evaluator or (ii) there is a significant physical, psychological, or
 medical risk to the person or to others associated with conducting such evaluation.

79 E. An employee or a designee of the local community services board or a certified evaluator shall 80 determine the facility of temporary detention in accordance with the provisions of § 37.2-809.1 for all persons detained pursuant to this section. An employee or designee of the local community services board or 81 a certified evaluator may change the facility of temporary detention and may designate an alternative facility 82 83 for temporary detention at any point during the period of temporary detention if it is determined that the 84 alternative facility is a more appropriate facility for temporary detention of the person given the specific 85 security, medical, or behavioral health needs of the person. In cases in which the facility of temporary 86 detention is changed following transfer of custody to an initial facility of temporary custody, transportation of 87 the person to the alternative facility of temporary detention shall be provided in accordance with the 88 provisions of § 37.2-810. The initial facility of temporary detention shall be identified on the preadmission 89 screening report and indicated on the temporary detention order; however, if an employee or designee of the 90 local community services board or the certified evaluator designates an alternative facility, that employee or 91 designee or certified evaluator shall provide written notice forthwith, on a form developed by the Executive 92 Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia, to the clerk of the issuing court of the name and address of the 93 alternative facility. Subject to the provisions of § 37.2-809.1, if a facility of temporary detention cannot be identified by the time of the expiration of the period of emergency custody pursuant to § 37.2-808, the person 94 95 shall be detained in a state facility for the treatment of persons with mental illness and such facility shall be 96 indicated on the temporary detention order. Except as provided in § 37.2-811 for inmates requiring 97 hospitalization in accordance with subdivision A 2 of § 19.2-169.6, the person shall not be detained in a jail 98 or other place of confinement for persons charged with criminal offenses. Except as provided in § 37.2-811 99 for inmates requiring hospitalization in accordance with subdivision A 2 of § 19.2-169.6 or in subsection C of 100 § 37.2-813 for persons prior to transfer to the facility of temporary detention, the person shall remain in the 101 custody of law enforcement until either (i) the person is detained within a secure facility or (ii) custody has been accepted by the appropriate personnel designated by either the initial facility of temporary detention 102 103 identified in the temporary detention order or by the alternative facility of temporary detention designated by the employee or designee of the local community services board or the certified evaluator pursuant to this 104 105 subsection. The person detained or in custody pursuant to this section shall be given a written summary of the 106 temporary detention procedures and the statutory protections associated with those procedures.

F. 1. Any facility caring for a person placed with it pursuant to a temporary detention order is authorized 107 to provide emergency medical and psychiatric services within its capabilities when the facility determines 108 that the services are in the best interests of the person within its care. The costs incurred as a result of the 109 hearings and by the facility in providing services during the period of temporary detention shall be paid and 110 111 recovered pursuant to § 37.2-804. The maximum costs reimbursable by the Commonwealth pursuant to this 112 section shall be established by the State Board of Medical Assistance Services based on reasonable criteria. 113 The State Board of Medical Assistance Services shall, by regulation, establish a reasonable rate per day of 114 inpatient care for temporary detention.

2. Participating hospitals with psychiatric emergency departments in the City of Hampton shall report at
 the end of each calendar year to the Chairmen of the Senate Committees on Education and Health and
 Finance and Appropriations, the House Committees on Appropriations and Health and Human Services, and
 the Behavioral Health Commission and the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services

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the following information: (i) the length of time between when a person who is the subject of an emergency custody order pursuant to § 37.2-808 arrives at the psychiatric emergency department of a participating hospital and when the temporary detention order evaluation is completed and (ii) the number of (a) admissions, (b) psychiatric emergency department visits, (c) temporary detention order evaluations completed, (d) temporary detention orders executed, (e) individuals under temporary detention admitted to the participating hospital, and (f) individuals transferred from the psychiatric emergency department of the participating hospital to a state facility.

126 3. Participating hospitals with psychiatric emergency departments in the City of Hampton shall report 127 monthly to the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services the number of (i) crisis 128 evaluations conducted each month; (ii) temporary detention orders executed as a result of such evaluations 129 and the percentage of evaluations such temporary detention orders represent by payor type; (iii) reportable 130 events associated with such temporary detention orders and the percentage of temporary detention orders that 131 such reportable events represent; (iv) reportable events (a) involving loss of custody, (b) with and without an 132 emergency custody order, (c) with a temporary detention order executed subsequently, (d) in which the 133 individual subsequently became engaged in outpatient treatment, (e) in which the individual did not become 134 engaged in treatment services, and (f) involving medical treatment; and (v) other events. Such participating hospitals shall include in their monthly report the facility where each patient, classified by payor type, is 135 136 placed for any temporary detention order that is executed based on their evaluation.

G. The employee or the designee of the local community services board or the certified evaluator who is
conducting the evaluation pursuant to this section shall determine, prior to the issuance of the temporary
detention order, the insurance status of the person. Where coverage by a third party payor exists, the facility
seeking reimbursement under this section shall first seek reimbursement from the third party payor. The
Commonwealth shall reimburse the facility only for the balance of costs remaining after the allowances
covered by the third party payor have been received.

143 H. The duration of temporary detention shall be sufficient to allow for completion of the examination 144 required by § 37.2-815, preparation of the preadmission screening report required by § 37.2-816, and 145 initiation of mental health treatment to stabilize the person's psychiatric condition to avoid involuntary 146 commitment where possible, but shall not exceed 72 hours prior to a hearing. If the 72-hour period herein 147 specified terminates on a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or, if the individual has been admitted to a facility 148 of temporary detention, day or part of a day on which the clerk's office is lawfully closed, the person may be 149 detained, as herein provided, until the close of business on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal 150 holiday, or, if the individual has been admitted to a facility of temporary detention, day or part of a day on 151 which the clerk's office is lawfully closed. The person may be released, pursuant to § 37.2-813, before the 152 72-hour period herein specified has run.

I. If a temporary detention order is not executed within 24 hours of its issuance, or within a shorter period 153 154 as is specified in the order, the order shall be void and shall be returned unexecuted to the office of the clerk 155 of the issuing court or, if the office is not open, to any magistrate serving the jurisdiction of the issuing court. 156 Subsequent orders may be issued upon the original petition within 96 hours after the petition is filed. However, a magistrate must again obtain the advice of an employee or a designee of the local community 157 158 services board or a certified evaluator prior to issuing a subsequent order upon the original petition. Any petition for which no temporary detention order or other process in connection therewith is served on the 159 160 subject of the petition within 96 hours after the petition is filed shall be void and shall be returned to the 161 office of the clerk of the issuing court.

J. The Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia shall establish and require that a magistrate, as provided by this section, be available seven days a week, 24 hours a day, for the purpose of performing the duties established by this section. Each community services board shall provide to each general district court and magistrate's office within its service area a list of its employees and designees who are available to perform the evaluations required herein. The employer of any certified evaluator shall provide to each general district court and magistrate's office within its service area a list of its employees and designees who are available to perform the evaluations required herein.

K. For purposes of this section, a health care provider, including any certified evaluator or designee of a
 local community services board or behavioral health authority, shall not be required to encrypt any email
 containing information or medical records provided to a magistrate unless there is reason to believe that a
 third party will attempt to intercept the email.

173 L. If the employee or designee of the community services board or the certified evaluator who is 174 conducting the evaluation pursuant to this section recommends that the person should not be subject to a 175 temporary detention order, such employee or designee or certified evaluator shall (i) inform the petitioner, the 176 person who initiated emergency custody if such person is present, and an onsite treating physician of his 177 recommendation; (ii) promptly inform such person who initiated emergency custody that the community 178 services board or certified evaluator will facilitate communication between the person and the magistrate if 179 the person disagrees with recommendations of the employee or designee of the community services board or 180 certified evaluator who conducted the evaluation and the person who initiated emergency custody so

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requests; and (iii) upon prompt request made by the person who initiated emergency custody, arrange for 181 182 such person who initiated emergency custody to communicate with the magistrate as soon as is practicable and prior to the expiration of the period of emergency custody. The magistrate shall consider any information 183 provided by the person who initiated emergency custody and any recommendations of the treating or 184 examining physician and the employee or designee of the community services board or certified evaluator 185 who conducted the evaluation and consider such information and recommendations in accordance with 186 subsection B in making his determination to issue a temporary detention order. The person who is the subject 187 of emergency custody shall remain in the custody of law enforcement or a designee of law enforcement and 188 shall not be released from emergency custody until communication with the magistrate pursuant to this 189 190 subsection has concluded and the magistrate has made a determination regarding issuance of a temporary 191 detention order.

M. For purposes of this section, "person who initiated emergency custody" means any person who
 initiated the issuance of an emergency custody order pursuant to § 37.2-808 or a law-enforcement officer who
 takes a person into custody pursuant to subsection G of § 37.2-808.

195 N. In any case in which a person subject to an evaluation pursuant to this section is receiving services in a hospital emergency department, the treating physician or his designee and the employee or designee of the 196 local community services board or certified evaluator shall disclose to each other relevant information 197 pertaining to the individual's treatment in the emergency department. The (i) certified evaluator conducting 198 199 the evaluation pursuant to subsection B of § 37.2-808 and the provisions of this section or (ii) hospital emergency department and treating physician or other health care provider designated by the physician shall 200 allow a family member or legal guardian of the individual subject to evaluation who is present, and who may 201 202 provide support and supportive decision-making, to be present with the individual unless the individual 203 objects or the certified evaluator or treating physician determines that the presence of any such person would create a medical, clinical, or safety risk to the patient or health care provider or interferes with patient care. 204 205 No provision of this section shall delay the process of the patient receiving treatment.