	SENATE BILL NO. 1450
	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
	(Proposed by the House Committee on Public Safety
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	on February 14, 2025)
	(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Ebbin)
numbered 59	d the Code of Virginia by adding in Title 59.1 a chapter numbered 11.2, consisting of sections 9.1-148.5, 59.1-148.6, and 59.1-148.7, relating to firearm industry members; standards of conduct; civil liability.
Be it enacted	d by the General Assembly of Virginia:
1. That the Cod sections number VI § 59.1-148.5. As used in the "Firearm" mexpel single or number or used in conjuct of the conjuct of the compabilities of a "Firearm in control or marketing of "Firearm frames of the commonwealth possessed in the used in the used in the Commonwealth possessed in the used	the of Virginia is amended by adding in Title 59.1 a chapter numbered 11.2, consisting of red 59.1-148.5, 59.1-148.6, and 59.1-148.7, as follows: CHAPTER 11.2. RGINIA FIREARM INDUSTRY STANDARDS OF RESPONSIBLE CONDUCT. Definitions. is chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning: eans any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to nultiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material. ressory" means an attachment or device designed or adapted to be inserted into, affixed onto motion with a firearm that is designed, intended, or functions to alter or enhance the firing firearm, the lethality of the firearm, or a shooter's ability to hold and use a firearm. Instry member" means a person engaged in the sale, manufacturing, distribution, importing a firearm-related product. Intellet product means a firearm, ammunition, a firearm component, including unfinished or receivers, or a firearm accessory that was (i) sold, made, distributed, or marketed in the commonwealth; or (iii) intended to be sold, made, distributed, or marketed in the Commonwealth; or (iii) Commonwealth, and it was reasonably foreseeable that the product would be possessed on monwealth. If the fire means a person who acquires, transfers, or attempts to acquire or transfer a firearm unlawful commerce. If we receiver have the same meanings attributed to them in 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq. and and of the product of the health, safety, peace, comfort, or convenience of others of the einjury or endangerment of the health, safety, peace, comfort, or convenience of others of the public nuisance under common law. The controls means reasonable procedures, safeguards, and business practices that are revent the sale or distribution of a firearm-related product to a straw purchaser, a firearm prohibited from possessing a firearm under state or federal law, or a person who the province of the safe or distribution of a firearm under state or federal law, or a person who the province of
related product; firearm industry and federal law	(ii) prevent the loss of a firearm-related product or theft of a firearm-related product from a member; (iii) ensure that the firearm industry member complies with all provisions of state and does not otherwise promote the unlawful manufacture, sale, possession, marketing, or -related product; or (iv) ensure that the firearm industry member does not engage in an according to the same and the
or practice in vie "Straw purc	olation of the Virginia Consumer Protection Act (§ 59.1-196 et seq.). haser" means an individual who conceals, or intends to conceal, from a person that the earm-related product is being made on behalf of a third party. A "straw purchaser" does no
include a bona related product offered or giver person.	fide gift to a person who is not prohibited by law from possessing or receiving a firearm. For purposes of this chapter, a gift to a person is not a bona fide gift if the person has a the purchaser a service or thing of value to acquire the firearm-related product for the
"Unfinished item that (i) is d frame or receive functional firea	frame or receiver" means a forging, casting, printing, extrusion, machined body, or similar esigned to or may readily be completed, assembled, or otherwise converted to function as a readily is marketed or sold to the public to become or be used as the frame or receiver of a receiver of a receiver of a completed, assembled, or otherwise converted. However, "unfinished frame of the include a component designed and intended for use in an antique weapon.

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A. A firearm industry member, by conduct unlawful in itself or unreasonable under all the circumstances, may not knowingly or recklessly create, maintain, or contribute to a public nuisance through the sale, manufacturing, importing, or marketing of a firearm-related product.

B. A firearm industry member shall establish and implement reasonable controls regarding the manufacture, sale, distribution, use, and marketing of the firearm industry member's firearm-related products.

C. A violation of subsection A or B is a public nuisance.

D. A firearm industry member's conduct constitutes a proximate cause of the public nuisance if the harm to the public is a reasonably foreseeable effect of the conduct, notwithstanding any intervening actions, including criminal actions by third parties.

E. Whenever it appears to the Attorney General or the local county or city attorney that a firearm industry member has engaged in or is engaging in conduct in violation of this section, the Attorney General or local county or city attorney may commence an action to seek and obtain (i) an injunction prohibiting the firearm industry member from continuing the conduct or engaging in the conduct or doing any acts in furtherance of the conduct, (ii) an order providing for abatement of the nuisance at the expense of the firearm industry member, (iii) an order of restitution, (iv) an award of compensatory and punitive damages, (v) an award of reasonable attorney fees and costs of the action, and (vi) any other appropriate relief that may be awarded by

F. Any person that has been injured as a result of a firearm industry member's acts or omissions in violation of this section may commence an action to seek and obtain (i) an injunction prohibiting the firearm industry member from continuing the conduct or engaging in the conduct or doing any acts in furtherance of the conduct, (ii) an award of compensatory and punitive damages, and (iii) an award of reasonable attorney fees and costs of the action.

G. To prevail in an action under this section, the party seeking relief is not required to demonstrate that the firearm industry member acted with the intent to engage in a public nuisance or otherwise cause harm to

H. This section shall not be construed or implied to limit or impair in any way (i) the right of a person to pursue a legal action under any other law or (ii) an obligation or requirement placed on a firearm industry member by any other law.

Nothing in this section is intended to restrict or alter the availability of an action for relief from or to remedy a public nuisance at common law.

§ 59.1-148.7. Limitation of action; venue.

A. An action brought pursuant to § 59.1-148.6 shall be commenced within two years after the cause of action accrues.

B. An action brought pursuant to § 59.1-148.6 may be brought in the county or city of the Commonwealth (i) in which all or a substantial part of the acts or omissions that form the basis for the cause of action occurred, (ii) where any defendant resided when the cause of action arose or where the principal office of any defendant is located, or (iii) where the plaintiff resides if the plaintiff is a natural person.