2025 SESSION

25107225D **SENATE BILL NO. 1076** 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the House Committee on Labor and Commerce on February 13, 2025) (Patron Prior to Substitute-Senator Peake) A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-585.1 and 56-585.8 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 56-249.8, relating to Phase I Utilities; biennial rate reviews; recovery of certain costs. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 56-585.1 and 56-585.8 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 56-249.8 as follows: 11 § 56-249.8. Financing for certain securitized asset costs; Phase I Utility. 12 13 A. As used in this section: 14 "Ancillary agreement" means a bond, insurance policy, letter of credit, reserve account, surety bond, 15 interest rate lock or swap arrangement, hedging arrangement, liquidity or credit support arrangement, or 16 other financial arrangement entered into in connection with securitized asset cost bonds. "Assignee" means a legally recognized entity to which an electric utility assigns, sells, or transfers, other 17 18 than as a security, all or a portion of its interest in or right to securitized asset cost property. "Assignee" 19 includes a corporation, limited liability company, general partnership or limited partnership, public 20 authority trust, financing entity, or other entity to which an assignee assigns, sells, or transfers, other than as 21 a security, all or a portion of its interest in or right to securitized asset cost property. 22 "Bondholder" means a person who holds a securitized asset cost bond. 23 "Electric utility" means a Phase I Utility, as that term is defined in subdivision A 1 of § 56-585.1. 24 "Financing costs" means: 25 1. Interest and any premium, including any acquisition, defeasance, or redemption premium, payable on 26 securitized asset cost bonds; 27 2. Any payment required under any indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing documents 28 pertaining to securitized asset cost bonds and any amount required to fund or replenish a reserve account or 29 other accounts established under the terms of any indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing 30 documents pertaining to securitized asset bonds; 31 3. Any other costs related to structuring, offering, issuing, supporting, repaying, refunding, servicing, and 32 complying with securitized asset cost bonds, including service fees, accounting and auditing fees, trustee fees, 33 legal fees, consulting fees, structuring adviser fees, administrative fees, placement and underwriting fees, 34 independent director and manager fees, capitalized interest, rating agency fees, stock exchange listing and 35 compliance fees, security registration fees, filing fees, information technology programming costs, and any 36 other costs necessary to otherwise ensure the timely payment of securitized asset cost bonds or other amounts 37 or charges payable in connection with the bonds, including costs related to obtaining the financing order; 4. Any taxes and license fees or other fees imposed on the revenues generated from the collection of 38 39 securitized asset cost charges or otherwise resulting from the collection of securitized asset cost charges, in 40 any such case whether paid, payable, or accrued; 5. Any state and local taxes, franchise, gross receipts, and other taxes or similar charges, including 41 42 regulatory assessment fees, whether paid, payable, or accrued; 43 6. Any costs incurred by the Commission for any outside consultants or counsel retained in connection 44 with the securitization of securitized asset costs; and 45 7. Any financing costs on the utility's securitized asset cost balance prior to issuance of any securitized 46 asset cost bonds, calculated at the utility's approved weighted average cost of capital. 47 "Financing order" means an order that authorizes the issuance of securitized asset cost bonds; the **48** imposition, collection, and periodic adjustments of a securitized asset cost charge; the creation of securitized 49 asset cost property; the sale, assignment, or transfer of securitized asset cost property to an assignee; and 50 any other actions necessary or advisable to take actions described in the financing order. "Financing party" means bondholders and trustees, collateral agents, any party under an ancillary 51 52 agreement, or any other person acting for the benefit of bondholders. 53 "Financing statement" has the same meaning as provided in § 8.9A-102 of the Uniform Commercial 54 Code 55 "Pledgee" means a financing party to which an electric utility or its successors or assignees mortgages, 56 negotiates, pledges, or creates a security interest or lien on all or any portion of its interest in or right to 57 securitized asset cost property.

58 "Securitized asset cost bonds" means bonds, debentures, notes, certificates of participation, certificates of 59 beneficial interest, certificates of ownership, or other evidences of indebtedness or ownership that are issued SB1076H1

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60 in one or more series or tranches by an electric utility or its assignee pursuant to a financing order, the proceeds of which are used directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance Commission-approved 61

securitized asset costs and financing costs, and that are secured by or payable from securitized asset cost 62

63 property. If certificates of participation or ownership are issued, references in this section to principal, interest, or premium shall be construed to refer to comparable amounts under those certificates. 64

"Securifized asset cost charge" means the non-bypassable charges authorized by the Commission to 65 repay, finance, or securitized asset costs and financing costs (i) imposed on and part of all retail customer 66 bills, except those of exempt retail access customers; (ii) collected by an electric utility or its successor or 67 assignees, or a collection agent, in full, separate and apart from the electric utility's base rates; and (iii) paid 68 69 by all retail customers of the electric utility, irrespective of the generation supplier of such customer, except 70 for an exempt retail access customer.

71 "Securitized asset costs" means (i) storm recovery costs incurred by an electric utility due to severe 72 weather events, as recognized by nationally recognized standards including standards published by the 73 Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, and natural disasters and (ii) undepreciated generation 74 utility plant balances.

75 "Storm recovery costs" means investments and expenses incurred by an electric utility on or after January 76 1, 2024, arising from or related to any major storm, extraordinary weather event, or natural disaster 77 affecting Phase I Utility ratepayers in Virginia, including costs of the mobilization, staging, construction, 78 reconstruction, repair, or replacement of production, generation, transport, transmission, general, or 79 distribution facilities.

80 "Undepreciated generation utility plant balances" means any unrecovered capitalized costs of or 81 undepreciated investments in one or more fossil-fired electric generating plants having nameplate capacity in excess of 1,000 megawatts each, and related supply, transmission, equipment, and fixtures. Undepreciated 82 83 generation utility plant balances shall include (i) the net book value of assets on the electric utility's balance sheet related to such generating plants and related infrastructure and (ii) carrying costs authorized by the 84 Commission. "Undepreciated generation utility plant balances" does not include (a) any costs of removing 85 86 retired generating plant assets; (b) any capitalized costs and investments in fossil-fired electric generating 87 plants and related supply, transmission, equipment, and fixtures incurred or made by an electric utility on or 88 after December 31, 2023; and (c) any non-cash asset retirement obligation assets and related accumulated depreciation. 89 90

"Uniform Commercial Code" means Titles 8.1A through 8.13 (§ 8.1A-101 et seq.).

91 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 3 (§ 56-55 et seq.), an electric utility may petition the 92 Commission for a financing order pursuant to this section. No more than four months after the date such 93 petition is filed, the Commission shall either issue (i) such financing order in accordance with the 94 requirements of subdivision 2 or (ii) an order rejecting the petition.

95 1. The petition shall include (i) an estimate of the total amount of any securitized asset costs that the 96 electric utility has incurred over the time period noted in the petition; (ii) an indication of whether the 97 electric utility proposes to finance all or a portion of the securitized asset costs using one or more series or 98 tranches of securitized asset cost bonds; (iii) an estimate and details of the financing costs related to the 99 securitized asset costs to be financed through the securitized asset cost bonds; (iv) an estimate of the 100 securitized asset cost charges necessary to recover the securitized asset costs and all financing costs and the proposed period for recovery of such costs; (v) a description of any benefits expected to result from the 101 102 issuance of securitized asset cost bonds, including the avoidance of or significant mitigation of abrupt and significant increases in rates to the electric utility's customers for the applicable time period; and (vi) direct 103 104 testimony and exhibits supporting the petition. If the electric utility proposes to finance a portion of the 105 securitized asset costs, the electric utility shall identify in the petition the specific amount of securitized asset costs for the applicable time period to be financed using securitized asset cost bonds. By electing not to 106 107 finance a portion of the securitized asset costs for an applicable time period using securitized asset cost bonds, an electric utility shall not be deemed to waive its right to recover such costs pursuant to a separate 108 109 proceeding with the Commission.

2. a. A financing order issued by the Commission pursuant to this section shall include:

110 111 (1) The amount of securitized asset costs to be financed using securitized asset cost bonds. The Commission shall describe and estimate the amount of financing costs that may be recovered through 112 securitized asset cost charges. The financing order shall also specify the period over which securitized asset 113 costs and financing costs may be recovered and whether the securitized asset cost bonds may be offered and 114 issued in one or more series or tranches during a fixed period not to exceed one year after the date of the 115 116 financing order;

117 (2) A finding that the proposed issuance of securitized asset cost bonds is in the public interest and the 118 associated securitized asset cost charges are just and reasonable:

119 (3) A finding that the structuring and pricing of the securitized asset cost bonds are reasonably expected 120 to result in reasonable securitized asset charges consistent with market conditions at the time the securitized

121 asset cost bonds are priced and the terms set forth in such financing order;

(4) A requirement that, for so long as the securitized asset cost bonds are outstanding and until all
financing costs have been paid in full, the imposition and collection of securitized asset cost charges
authorized under a financing order shall be non-bypassable and paid by all retail customers of the electric
utility, irrespective of the generation supplier of such customer, except for an exempt retail access customer;

(5) A formula-based true-up mechanism for making annual adjustments to the securitized asset cost
 charges that customers are required to pay pursuant to the financing order and for making any adjustments
 that are necessary to correct for any overcollection or undercollection of the charges or to otherwise ensure
 the timely payment of securitized asset cost bonds and financing costs and other required amounts and
 charges payable in connection with the securitized asset cost bonds;

(6) The securitized asset cost property that is, or shall be, created in favor of an electric utility or its
 successors or assignees and that shall be used to pay or secure securitized asset cost bonds and all financing
 costs;

(7) The authority of the electric utility to establish the terms and conditions of the securitized asset cost
bonds, including repayment schedules, expected interest rates, the issuance in one or more series or tranches
with different maturity dates, and other financing costs, and the authority to establish the terms and
conditions of the ancillary documents related to the securitized asset cost bonds, including servicing
arrangement for the securitized asset cost charges;

(8) A finding that the securitized asset cost charges shall be allocated among customer classes in
 accordance with the methodology approved in the electric utility's most recent base rate case;

(9) A requirement that after the final terms of an issuance of securitized asset cost bonds have been
established and before the issuance of securitized asset cost bonds, the electric utility determines the
resulting initial securitized asset cost charge in accordance with the financing order and that such initial
securitized asset cost charge be final and effective upon the issuance of such securitized asset cost bonds
without further Commission action so long as such initial securitized asset cost charge is consistent with the
financing order;

(10) A requirement that the electric utility's base rates, exclusive of the cost of securitized asset cost
bonds, reflect the reduction of rate base associated with the securitization of utility plant balances effective
on the date proceeds from the issuance of the securitized asset cost bonds are received by the utility. This can
be accomplished through the use of a temporary tracker to credit customers until the electric utility's next
base rate case, at which point the reduction in rate base shall be reflected in base rates;

(11) A method of tracing funds collected as securitized asset cost charges, or other proceeds of securitized
 asset cost property, and a requirement that such method be the method of tracing such funds and determining
 the identifiable cash proceeds of any securitized asset cost property subject to the financing order under
 applicable law; and

(12) Any other conditions not otherwise inconsistent with this section that the Commission determines are
 appropriate.

b. Neither a financing order issued pursuant to this section nor the Commission's approval of a petition
for a financing order shall require that securitized asset cost bonds be marketed as a specified type of
security or that the assignee be formed as a specified type of entity. The electric utility shall maintain
discretion to determine the type of security that securitized asset cost bonds shall be.

162 c. A financing order issued to an electric utility may provide that creation of the electric utility's
 163 securitized asset cost property is conditioned upon, and simultaneous with, the sale or other transfer for the
 164 securitized asset cost property to an assignee and the pledge of the securitized asset cost property to secure
 165 securitized asset cost bonds.

166 d. If the Commission issues a financing order, the Commission shall establish a protocol for the electric 167 utility to annually file a petition or, in the Commission's discretion, a letter setting out application of the formula-based mechanism and, based on estimates of consumption for each rate class and other 168 mathematical factors, requesting administrative approval to make applicable adjustments. The review of the 169 170 filing shall be limited to determining whether there are any mathematical or clerical errors in the application 171 of the formula-based mechanism relating to the appropriate amount of any overcollection or undercollection 172 of securitized asset cost charges and the amount of an adjustment. The adjustments shall ensure the recovery 173 of revenues sufficient to provide for the payment of principal, interest, acquisition, defeasance, financing 174 costs, or redemption premium and other fees, costs, and charges in respect of securitized asset cost bonds 175 approved under the financing order. Within 30 days after receiving an electric utility's request pursuant to this subdivision d, the Commission shall either approve the request or inform the electric utility of any 176 177 mathematical or clerical errors in its calculation. If the Commission informs the electric utility of 178 mathematical or clerical errors in its calculation, the electric utility may correct such errors and refile its 179 request. The 30-day time frame previously described in this subdivision d shall apply to a refiled request.

e. Subsequent to the transfer of securitized asset cost property to an assignee or the issuance of
 securitized asset cost bonds authorized thereby, whichever is earlier, a financing order shall be irrevocable

and, except for changes made pursuant to the formula-based mechanism authorized in this section, the 182

183 *Commission shall not amend, modify, or terminate the financing order by any subsequent action or reduce,* impair, postpone, terminate, or otherwise adjust securitized asset cost charges approved in the financing 184

185 order. After the issuance of a financing order, the electric utility shall retain sole discretion regarding

whether to assign, sell, or otherwise transfer securitized asset cost property or to cause securitized asset cost 186 187

bonds to be issued, including the right to defer or postpone such assignment, sale, transfer, or issuance. 3. At the request of an electric utility, the Commission may commence a proceeding and issue a 188 subsequent financing order that provides for refinancing, retiring, or refunding securitized asset cost bonds 189 issued pursuant to the original financing order if the Commission finds that the subsequent financing order 190 191 satisfies all of the criteria specified in this section for a financing order. Effective upon retirement of the 192 refunded securitized asset bonds and the issuance of new securitized asset cost bonds, the Commission shall 193 adjust the related securitized asset cost charges accordingly.

194 4. a. A financing order shall remain in effect and securitized asset cost property under the financing order 195 shall continue to exist until securitized asset cost bonds issued pursuant to the financing order have been paid 196 in full or defeased and, in each case, all Commission-approved financing costs of such securitized asset cost 197 bonds have been recovered in full.

b. A financing order issued to an electric utility shall remain in effect and unabated notwithstanding the 198 199 reorganization, bankruptcy or other insolvency proceedings, merger, or sale of the electric utility or its 200 successors or assignees.

201 C. 1. The Commission shall not, in exercising its powers and carrying out its duties regarding any matter within its authority pursuant to this chapter, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, (i) consider the 202 203 securitized asset cost bonds issued pursuant to a financing order to be the debt of the electric utility other than for federal income tax purposes, including for any purpose under § 56-585.8; (ii) consider the 204 securitized asset cost charges paid under the financing order to be the revenue of the electric utility for any 205 purpose, including for any purpose under § 56-585.8; (iii) consider the securitized asset costs or financing 206 costs specified in the financing order to be the costs of the electric utility, including for any purpose under \S 207 208 56-585.8; or (iv) determine any action taken by an electric utility that is consistent with the financing order to 209 be unjust or unreasonable.

210 2. The Commission shall not order or otherwise directly or indirectly require an electric utility to use 211 securitized asset cost bonds to finance any project, addition, plant, facility, extension, capital improvement, equipment, or any other expenditure. After the issuance of a financing order, the electric utility shall retain 212 213 sole discretion regarding whether to cause the securitized asset cost bonds to be issued, including the right to defer or postpone such sale, assignment, transfer, or issuance. Nothing shall prevent the electric utility from 214 215 abandoning the issuance of securitized asset cost bonds under the financing order by filing with the Commission a statement of abandonment and the reasons therefor. The Commission shall not deny an 216 217 electric utility its right to recover securitized asset costs as otherwise provided in this section, or refuse or condition authorization or approval of the issuance and sale by an electric utility of securities or the 218 assumption by the electric utility of liabilities or obligations, solely because of the potential availability of 219 220 securitized asset cost bond financing.

221 D. The electric bills of an electric utility that has obtained a financing order and caused securitized asset cost bonds to be issued shall comply with the provisions of this subsection; however, the failure of an electric 222 utility to comply with this subsection shall not invalidate, impair, or affect any financing order, securitized 223 224 asset cost property, securitized asset cost charge, or securitized asset cost bonds. The electric utility shall:

225 1. Explicitly reflect that a portion of the charges on any electric bill represents securitized asset cost 226 charges approved in a financing order issued to the electric utility and, if the securitized asset cost property 227 has been transferred to an assignee, such bill shall include a statement to the effect that the assignee is the owner of the rights to securitized asset cost charges and that the electric utility or another entity, if 228 applicable, is acting as a collection agent or servicer for the assignee. The tariff applicable to customers 229 230 must indicate the securitized asset cost charge and the ownership of the charge; and

231 2. Include the securitized asset cost charge on each customer's bill as a separate line item and include 232 both the rate and the amount of the charge on each bill. 233

E. 1. The following provisions shall be applicable to securitized asset cost property:

234 a. All securitized asset cost property that is specified in a financing order shall constitute an existing, 235 present intangible property right or interest therein, notwithstanding that the imposition and collection of 236 securitized asset cost charges depends on the electric utility, to which the financing order is issued, performing its servicing functions relating to the collection of securitized asset cost charges and on future 237 238 electricity consumption. The securitized asset cost property shall exist (i) regardless of whether or not the 239 revenues or proceeds arising from the securitized asset cost property have been billed, have accrued, or have 240 been collected and (ii) notwithstanding the fact that the value or amount of the securitized asset cost property is dependent on the future provision of service to customers by the electric utility or its successors or 241 assignees and the future consumption of electricity by customers; 242

243 b. Securitized asset cost property specified in a financing order shall exist until securitized asset cost

244 bonds issued pursuant to the financing order are paid in full and all financing costs and other costs of such 245 securitized asset cost bonds have been recovered in full:

c. All or any portion of securitized asset cost property specified in a financing order issued to an electric 246 247 utility may be transferred, sold, conveyed, or assigned to a successor or assignee that is wholly owned, 248 directly or indirectly, by the electric utility and created for the limited purpose of acquiring, owning, or 249 administering securitized asset cost property or issuing securitized asset cost bonds under the financing 250 order. All or any portion of securitized asset cost property may be pledged to secure securitized asset cost 251 bonds issued pursuant to the financing order, amounts payable to financing parties and to counterparties 252 under any ancillary agreements, and other financing costs. Any transfer, sale, conveyance, assignment, grant of a security interest in or pledge of securitized asset cost property by an electric utility, or an affiliate of the 253 254 electric utility, to an assignee, to the extent previously authorized in a financing order, shall not require the 255 prior consent and approval of the Commission;

256 d. If an electric utility defaults on any required payment of charges arising from securitized asset cost 257 property specified in a financing order, a court, upon application by an interested party, and without limiting 258 any other remedies available to the applying party, shall order the sequestration and payment of the revenues 259 arising from the securitized asset cost property to the financing parties or their assignees. Any such financing 260 order shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to the electric utility or its successors or assignees; 261

262 e. The interest of a transferee, purchaser, acquirer, assignee, or pledgee in securitized asset cost property specified in a financing order issued to an electric utility, and in the revenue and collections arising from that 263 264 property, shall not be subject to setoff, counterclaim, surcharge, or defense by the electric utility or any other 265 person or in connection with the reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency of the electric utility or any 266 other entity;

267 f. Any successor to an electric utility, whether pursuant to any reorganization, bankruptcy, or other 268 insolvency proceeding or whether pursuant to any merger or acquisition, sale, or other business 269 combination, or transfer by operation of law, as a result of electric utility restructuring or otherwise, shall 270 perform and satisfy all obligations of, and have the same rights under a financing order as, the electric utility 271 under the financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as the electric utility, including 272 collecting and paying to the person entitled to receive the revenues, collections, payments, or proceeds of the 273 securitized asset cost property. Nothing in this subdivision f is intended to limit or impair any authority of the 274 Commission concerning the transfer or succession of interests of public utilities; and

275 g. Securitized asset cost bonds shall be nonrecourse to the credit or any assets of the electric utility other 276 than the securitized asset cost property as specified in the financing order and any rights under any ancillary 277 agreement. 278

2. The following provisions shall be applicable to security interests:

279 a. The creation, perfection, and enforcement of any security interest in securitized asset cost property to 280 secure the repayment of the principal and interest and other amounts payable in respect of securitized asset 281 cost bonds; amounts payable under any indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing documents in 282 respect of the securitized asset costs; and other financing costs shall be governed by this subsection and not 283 by the provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code;

284 b. A security interest in securitized asset cost property shall be created and enforceable when all of the 285 following have occurred: (i) a financing order is issued, (ii) value is received by the debtor or seller for such 286 securitized asset cost property, (iii) the debtor or seller has rights in such securitized asset cost property or 287 the power to transfer rights in such securitized asset cost property, and (iv) a security agreement granting 288 such security interest is executed and delivered by the debtor or seller. The description of securitized asset 289 cost property in a security agreement shall be sufficient if the description refers to this section and the 290 financing order creating the securitized asset cost property;

291 c. A security interest shall attach without any physical delivery of collateral or other act and, upon the 292 filing of a financing statement with the Commission, the lien of the security interest shall be valid, binding, 293 and perfected against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the person 294 granting the security interest, regardless of whether the parties have notice of the lien. Also upon this filing, a 295 transfer of an interest in the securitized asset cost property shall be perfected against all parties having 296 claims of any kind, including any judicial lien or other lien creditors or any claims of the transferor or 297 creditors of the transferor, and shall have priority over all competing claims other than any prior security 298 interest, ownership interest, or assignment in the property previously perfected in accordance with this 299 section;

300 d. The Commission shall maintain any financing statement filed to perfect any security interest under this 301 section in the same manner that the Commission maintains financing statements filed by transmitting utilities 302 under the Uniform Commercial Code. The filing of a financing statement under this section shall be governed 303 by the provisions regarding the filing of financing statements in the Uniform Commercial Code;

304 e. The priority of a security interest in securitized asset cost property shall not be affected by the

337

6 of 24

305 commingling of securitized asset cost charges with other amounts. Any pledgee or secured party shall have a 306 perfected security interest in the amount of all securitized asset cost charges that are deposited in any cash or 307 deposit account of the qualifying utility in which securitized asset cost charges have been commingled with 308 other funds and any other security interest that may apply to those funds shall be terminated when they are

309 transferred to a segregated account for the assignee or a financing party;

310 f. No application of the formula-based adjustment mechanism as provided in this section shall affect the 311 validity, perfection, or priority of a security interest in or transfer of securitized asset cost property; and

g. If a default or termination occurs under the securitized asset cost bonds, the financing parties or their 312 representatives may foreclose on or otherwise enforce their lien and security interest in any securitized asset 313 314 cost property as if they were secured parties with a perfected and prior lien under the Uniform Commercial 315 Code, and the Commission may order that amounts arising from securitized asset cost charges be transferred 316 to a separate account for the financing parties' benefit, to which their lien and security interest shall apply. 317 On application by or on behalf of the financing parties, the Commission shall order the sequestration and

318 payment to them of revenues arising from the securitized asset cost charges.

319 3. a. Any sale, assignment, or other transfer of securitized asset cost property shall be an absolute 320 transfer and true sale of and not a pledge of, or secured transaction relating to, the transferor's right, title, 321 and interest in, to, and under the securitized asset cost property if the documents governing the transaction 322 expressly state that the transaction is a sale or other absolute transfer other than for federal and state income 323 tax purposes. For all purposes other than federal and state income tax purposes, the parties' characterization 324 of a transaction as a sale of an interest in securitized asset cost property shall be conclusive that the transaction is a true sale and that ownership has passed to the party characterized as the purchaser, 325 326 regardless of any fact or circumstance that might support characterization of the transfer as a secured transaction. A transfer of an interest in securitized asset cost property shall occur only when all of the 327 328 following have occurred: (i) the financing order creating the securitized asset cost property has become 329 effective, (ii) the documents evidencing the transfer of securitized asset cost property have been executed by the transferor and delivered to the assignee, and (iii) value is received by the transferor for the securitized 330 asset cost property. After such a transaction, the securitized asset cost property shall not be subject to any 331 332 claims of the transferor or the transferor's creditors, other than creditors holding a prior security interest in 333 the securitized asset cost property perfected in accordance with subdivision 2.

334 b. The characterization of the sale, assignment, or other transfer as an absolute transfer and true sale, 335 and the corresponding characterization of the interest of the assignee as an ownership interest, shall not be 336 affected or impaired by the occurrence of any of the following factors:

(1) Commingling of securitized asset cost charges with other amounts;

338 (2) The retention by the seller of (i) a partial or residual interest, including an equity interest, in the 339 securitized asset cost property, whether direct or indirect, or whether subordinate or otherwise, or (ii) the 340 right to recover costs associated with taxes, franchise fees, or license fees imposed on the collection of 341 securitized asset cost charges;

342 (3) Any recourse that the assignee may have against the seller:

(4) Any right or obligation that the seller may have to repurchase the securitized asset cost charges; 343

344 (5) Any indemnification obligations of the seller; 345

(6) The obligation of the selfer to collect securitized asset cost charges on behalf of the assignee;

346 (7) The transferor acting as the servicer of the securitized asset cost charges or the existence of any 347 contract that authorizes or requires the electric utility, to the extent that any interest in securitized asset cost property is sold or assigned, to agree with the assignee or any financing party that it will continue to operate 348 349 its system to provide service to its customers, will collect amounts in respect of the securitized asset cost 350 charges for the benefit and account of such assignee or financing party, and will account for and remit such amounts to or for the account of such assignee or financing party; 351

352 (8) The treatment of the sale, conveyance, assignment, or other transfer for tax, financial reporting, or 353 other purposes;

(9) The granting or providing to bondholders of a preferred right to the securitized asset cost property or 354 355 credit enhancement by the electric utility or its affiliates with respect to the securitized asset cost bonds; or 356

(10) Any application of the formula-based adjustment mechanism as provided in this section.

357 c. Any right that an electric utility has in the securitized asset cost property before its pledge, sale, or 358 transfer or any other right created under this section or created in the financing order and assignable under 359 this section or assignable pursuant to a financing order shall be property in the form of a contract right or a 360 chose in action. Transfer of an interest in securitized asset cost property to an assignee shall be enforceable only when all of the following have occurred: (i) a financing order is issued, (ii) value is received by the 361 362 transferor for such securitized asset cost property, (iii) the transferor has rights in such securitized asset cost 363 property or the power to transfer rights in such securitized asset cost property, and (iv) transfer documents in 364 connection with the issuance of securitized asset cost bonds are executed and delivered by the transferor. An 365 enforceable transfer of an interest in securitized asset cost property to an assignee shall be perfected against

all third parties, including subsequent judicial or other lien creditors, when a notice of that transfer has been
given by the filing of a financing statement in accordance with subdivision 2 c. The transfer shall be perfected
against third parties as of the date of filing.

d. The Commission shall maintain any financing statement filed to perfect any sale, assignment, or
 transfer of securitized asset cost property under this section in the same manner that the Commission
 maintains financing statements filed by transmitting utilities under the Uniform Commercial Code. The filing
 of any financing statement under this section shall be governed by the provisions regarding the filing of
 financing statements in the Uniform Commercial Code. The filing of such a financing statement shall be the
 only method of perfecting a transfer of securitized asset cost property.

e. The priority of a transfer perfected under this section shall not be impaired by any later modification of
the financing order or securitized asset cost property or by the commingling of funds arising from securitized
asset cost property with other funds. Any other security interest that may apply to those funds, other than a
security interest perfected under subdivision 2, shall be terminated when they are transferred to a segregated
account for the assignee or a financing party. If securitized asset cost property has been transferred to an
assignee or financing party, any proceeds of that property shall be held in trust for the assignee or financing
party.

f. The priority of the conflicting interests of assignees in the same interest or rights in any securitized
 asset cost property shall be determined as follows:

(1) Conflicting perfected interests or rights of assignees shall rank according to priority in time of
 perfection. Priority shall date from the time a filing covering the transfer is made in accordance with
 subdivision 2 c;

387 (2) A perfected interest or right of an assignee shall have priority over a conflicting unperfected interest
 388 or right of an assignee; and

(3) A perfected interest or right of an assignee shall have priority over a person who becomes a lien
 creditor after the perfection of such assignee's interest or right.

391 F. The description of securitized asset cost property being transferred to an assignee in any sale 392 agreement, purchase agreement, or other transfer agreement, granted or pledged to a pledgee in any security 393 agreement, pledge agreement, or other security document, or indicated in any financing statement, shall only 394 be sufficient if such description or indication refers to the financing order that created the securitized asset 395 cost property and states that the agreement or financing statement covers all or part of the property 396 described in the financing order. This section shall apply to all purported transfers of, and all purported 397 grants or liens or security interests in, securitized asset cost property, regardless of whether the related sale 398 agreement, purchase agreement, other transfer agreement, security agreement, pledge agreement, or other 399 security document was entered into, or any financing statement was filed.

400 *G. All financing statements referenced in this section shall be subject to Part 5 of Title 8.9A (§ 8.9A-501 et seq.) of the Uniform Commercial Code, except that the requirement as to continuation statements shall not apply.*

403 H. The laws of the Commonwealth shall govern the validity, enforceability, attachment, perfection,
404 priority, and exercise of remedies with respect to the transfer of an interest or right or the pledge or creation
405 of a security interest in any securitized asset cost property.

406 I. Neither the Commonwealth nor its political subdivisions shall be liable on any securitized asset cost 407 bonds, and the bonds shall not be a debt or a general obligation of the Commonwealth or any of its political 408 subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, nor shall they be special obligations or indebtedness of the 409 Commonwealth or any of its agencies or political subdivisions. An issue of securitized asset cost bonds shall 410 not, directly, indirectly, or contingently, obligate the Commonwealth or any agency, political subdivision, or 411 instrumentality of the Commonwealth to levy any tax or make any appropriation for payment of the 412 securitized asset cost bonds, other than in their capacity as consumers of electricity. All securitized asset cost 413 bonds shall contain on the face thereof a statement to the following effect: "NEITHER THE FULL FAITH AND CREDIT NOR THE TAXING POWER OF THE COMMONWEALTH IS PLEDGED TO THE 414 415 PAYMENT OF THE PRINCIPAL OF, OR INTEREST ON, THIS BOND."

J. All of the following entities may legally invest any sinking funds, moneys, or other funds in securitized
asset cost bonds:

418 1. Subject to applicable statutory restrictions on state or local investment authority, the Commonwealth,
419 units of local government, political subdivisions, public bodies, and public officers, except for members of the
420 Commission;

421 2. Banks and bankers, savings and loan associations, credit unions, trust companies, savings banks and
422 institutions, investment companies, insurance companies, insurance associations, and other persons carrying
423 on a banking or insurance business;

- 424 *3. Personal representatives, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries; and*
- 425 *4.* All other persons authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of a similar nature.
- 426 K. 1. The Commonwealth and its agencies, including the Commission, pledge and agree with

including the Commission, shall not:

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bondholders, the owners of the securitized asset cost property, and other financing parties that the

Commonwealth and its agencies shall not take any action listed in this subdivision. This subsection does not

preclude limitation or alteration if full compensation is made by law for the full protection of the securitized asset cost charges collected pursuant to a financing order and of the bondholders and any assignee or

financing party entering into a contract with the electric utility. The Commonwealth and its agencies,

433 a. Alter the provisions of this section that authorize the Commission to create an irrevocable contract 434 right or chose in action by the issuance of a financing order, to create securitized asset cost property, and to 435 make the securitized asset cost charges imposed by a financing order irrevocable, binding, or non-436 bypassable charges; 437 b. Take or permit any action that impairs or would impair the value of securitized asset cost property or 438 the security for the securitized asset cost bonds or revises the securitized asset costs for which recovery is 439 *authorized;* 440 c. In any way impair the rights and remedies of the bondholders, assignees, and other financing parties; 441 or 442 d. Except for changes made pursuant to the formula-based adjustment mechanism authorized under this 443 section, reduce, alter, or impair securitized asset cost charges that are to be imposed, billed, charged, 444 collected, and remitted for the benefit of the bondholders, any assignee, and any other financing parties until 445 any and all principal, interest, premium, financing costs and other fees, expenses, or charges incurred, and any contracts to be performed, in connection with the related securitized asset cost bonds have been paid and 446 447 performed in full. 448 2. Any person that issues securitized asset cost bonds may include the language specified in subdivision 1 449 in the securitized asset cost bonds and related documentation. 450 L. An assignee or financing party shall not be considered an electric utility or person providing electric 451 service by virtue of engaging in the transactions described in this section. 452 M. If there is a conflict between this section and any other law regarding the attachment, assignment, or perfection, or the effect of perfection, or priority of, assignment or transfer of, or security interest in 453 454 securitized asset cost property, this section shall govern. 455 N. In making determinations under this section, the Commission may engage an outside consultant and 456 counsel. O. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of an electric utility to seek any available 457 458 relief pursuant to any other provision of law, including § 56-585.8. P. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any customer that has chosen to purchase electric 459 460 energy from a licensed supplier other than the incumbent electric utility serving the exclusive territory in which such customer is located pursuant to § 56-577 prior to February 1, 2019. 461 462 § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or expire. A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for hearing, 463 initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and 464 transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such proceedings shall be governed 465 by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified herein. In such proceedings the 466 Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and 467 distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use any methodology to determine such 468 469 return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return shall not be set lower than the average of the 470 returns on common equity reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent 471 annual periods for which such data are available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as 472 specified in subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall 473 the Commission set such return more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or 474 475 decrease such combined rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards 476 determined by the Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission 477 478 shall determine the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that 479 the utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide 480 the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such 481 482 combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized either 483 484 (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the Commission may not order 485 such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully 486 recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to direct that 60 percent of the amount of the 487

488 utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 489 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 490 months, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's 491 order and be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class 492 rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved 493 allocation of revenues used to design base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and 494 opportunity for hearing, shall conduct reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of 495 generation, distribution and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject 496 to the following provisions:

497 1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, and 498 such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1:1, 499 the Commission shall conduct a review for a Phase I Utility in 2020, utilizing the three successive 12-month 500 test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2019. Thereafter, reviews for a Phase I Utility will be on a triennial basis with subsequent proceedings utilizing the three successive 12-month test 501 502 periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such review proceeding is conducted. 503 Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall conduct a review for a Phase II Utility in 504 2021, utilizing the four successive 12-month test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 505 31, 2020, with subsequent reviews on a biennial basis commencing in 2023, with such proceedings utilizing 506 the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such 507 review proceeding is conducted. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case settlement adopted by the 508 509 Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a Phase II Utility is an 510 investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

511 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, the fair rate of return on common equity applicable
512 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services combined,
513 and for any rate adjustment clauses approved under subdivision 5 or 6, shall be determined by the
514 Commission during each such review, as follows:

515 a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public 516 interest. However, for a Phase I Utility, for applications received by the Commission on or after January 1, 517 2020, such return shall not be set lower than the average of either (i) the returns on common equity reported 518 to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are 519 available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 520 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such triennial review or (ii) the 521 authorized returns on common equity that are set by the applicable regulatory commissions for the same 522 selected peer group, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 150 basis points higher than such 523 average.

524 b. For a Phase I Utility, in selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities for 525 applications received by the Commission on or after January 1, 2020, the Commission shall first remove from 526 such group the two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported or authorized, as applicable, 527 returns of the group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported or 528 authorized, as applicable, returns of the group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities 529 remaining in such peer group. In its final order regarding such triennial review, the Commission shall identify 530 the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. With respect to a Phase I Utility, for purposes of this subdivision 2, an investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer 531 532 group if (i) its principal operations are conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi 533 River in either the states of West Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state 534 of Tennessee, (ii) it is a vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission, and 535 distribution services whose facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the state 536 where its principal operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's 537 Investors Service of at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such review, and (iv) it is 538 not an affiliate of the utility subject to such review or a utility whose fair rate of return on common equity is 539 determined by the Commission.

c. The Commission may increase or decrease the utility's combined rate of return for generation and
 distribution services by up to 50 basis points based on factors that may include reliability, generating plant
 performance, customer service, and operating efficiency of a utility. Any such adjustment to the combined
 rate of return for generation and distribution services shall include consideration of nationally recognized
 standards determined by the Commission to be appropriate for such purposes.

d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has increased,
on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the
United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the
Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission

10 of 24

determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an additional analysis of whether it is in the
public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether
the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall be made without regard to any enhanced rate of

return on common equity awarded pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and

554 cost of capital with respect to business and industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate 555 service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then 556 pending, and such other factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the 557 558 Commission finds that use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the 559 560 Commission for such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average 561 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 562 563 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined the 564 Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that
require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for a
utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return for
such utility.

569 "Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for any
570 Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

571 "Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility by
572 the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection pursuant to
573 the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive with
costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

577 f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and
578 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to
579 facilities described in subdivision 6.

g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution services is 580 581 no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test period commencing 582 after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined, such combined return shall not be 583 584 considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility 585 586 has, during the test period or periods under review, earned below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the return as so determined, the utility may petition the 587 588 Commission for approval of an increase in rates in accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall 589 590 otherwise be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this section. The provisions of this subdivision 591 are subject to the provisions of subdivision 8.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in any
subsequent review.

3. Each such utility shall make a triennial filing by March 31 of every third year, with such filings 595 596 commencing for a Phase I Utility in 2020, and such filings commencing for a Phase II Utility in 2021 and terminating thereafter. Such filing shall encompass the three successive 12-month test periods ending 597 December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, except that the filing 598 for a Phase II Utility in 2021 shall encompass the four successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 599 2020. After 2021, each Phase II Utility shall make a biennial filing by March 31 of every second year, except 600 that the 2023 filing for a Phase II Utility shall be made on or after July 1, 2023. All biennial filings shall 601 encompass the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in 602 which such review proceeding is conducted. All such filings shall consist of the schedules contained in the 603 Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications, and in every such case the filing for each year 604 shall be identified separately and shall be segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. In a 605 606 filing under this subdivision that does not result in an overall rate change, a utility may propose an adjustment 607 to one or more tariffs that are revenue neutral to the utility.

608 If the Commission determines that rates should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills 609 pursuant to subdivision 8 or 10, any rate adjustment clauses previously implemented related to facilities

610 utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the utility's
611 costs, revenues, and investments until the amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment clauses are
612 fully recovered. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues, and
613 investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or credits to
614 customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as specified in this paragraph,
615 they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the purposes of
616 future review proceedings.

As of July 1, 2023, a Phase II Utility shall select a subset of rate adjustment clauses previously 617 618 implemented pursuant to subdivision 5 or 6 having a combined annual revenue requirement, as of July 1, 619 2023, of at least \$350 million and combine such rate adjustment clauses with the utility's costs, revenues, and 620 investments for generation and distribution services. After such rate adjustment clauses are combined as 621 specified in this paragraph, such rate adjustment clauses shall be considered part of the utility's costs, 622 revenues, and investments for the purposes of future biennial review proceedings, and the combination of such rate adjustment clauses shall be specifically subject to audit by the Commission in the utility's 2023 623 624 biennial review filing. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection C of § 56-581, such combination shall 625 not serve as the basis for an increase in a Phase II Utility's rates for generation and distribution services in its 626 2023 biennial proceeding.

4. The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for 627 transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a 628 629 member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved by the Federal Energy 630 Regulatory Commission; (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response programs 631 approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and administered by the regional transmission entity 632 of which the utility is a member; and (iii) costs incurred by the utility to construct, operate, and maintain 633 transmission lines and substations installed in order to provide service to a business park. Upon petition of a 634 utility at any time after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month 635 period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without 636 limitation, costs for transmission service; charges for new and existing transmission facilities, including costs 637 incurred by the utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in order 638 to provide service to a business park; administrative charges; and ancillary service charges designed to 639 recover transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to 640 recover these costs shall be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

641 5. A utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in
642 any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment clauses for the
643 timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1, 2004,
and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring such costs
consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582. The
Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that comply with the
requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving programs
or pilot programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public
interest, provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are reasonable;

652 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency programs 653 or pilot programs. Any such petition shall include a proposed budget for the design, implementation, and 654 operation of the energy efficiency program, including anticipated savings from and spending on each 655 program, and the Commission shall grant a final order on such petitions within eight months of initial filing. 656 The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the program is in the public interest. If the 657 Commission determines that an energy efficiency program or portfolio of programs is not in the public interest, its final order shall include all work product and analysis conducted by the Commission's staff in 658 659 relation to that program that has bearing upon the Commission's determination. Such order shall adhere to 660 existing protocols for extraordinarily sensitive information.

661 Energy efficiency pilot programs are in the public interest provided that the pilot program is (i) of limited
 662 scope, cost, and duration and (ii) intended to determine whether a new or substantially revised program
 663 would be cost-effective.

664 Prior to January 1, 2022, the Commission shall award a margin for recovery on operating expenses for 665 energy efficiency programs and pilot programs, which margin shall be equal to the general rate of return on 666 common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. Beginning January 1, 2022, and thereafter, if the 667 Commission determines that the utility meets in any year the annual energy efficiency standards set forth in § 668 56-596.2, in the following year, the Commission shall award a margin on energy efficiency program 669 operating expenses in that year, to be recovered through a rate adjustment clause, which margin shall be equal 670 to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. If the Commission

12 of 24

671 does not approve energy efficiency programs that, in the aggregate, can achieve the annual energy efficiency 672 standards, the Commission shall award a margin on energy efficiency operating expenses in that year for any programs the Commission has approved, to be recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 673 674 subdivision, which margin shall equal the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. Any margin awarded pursuant to this subdivision shall be applied as part of the utility's next 675 rate adjustment clause true-up proceeding. The Commission shall also award an additional 20 basis points for 676 each additional incremental 0.1 percent in annual savings in any year achieved by the utility's energy 677 efficiency programs approved by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, beyond the annual 678 requirements set forth in § 56-596.2, provided that the total performance incentive awarded in any year shall 679 680 not exceed 10 percent of that utility's total energy efficiency program spending in that same year.

681 The Commission shall annually monitor and report to the General Assembly the performance of all 682 programs approved pursuant to this subdivision, including each utility's compliance with the total annual 683 savings required by § 56-596.2, as well as the annual and lifecycle net and gross energy and capacity savings, 684 related emissions reductions, and other quantifiable benefits of each program; total customer bill savings that 685 the programs produce; utility spending on each program, including any associated administrative costs; and 686 each utility's avoided costs and cost-effectiveness results.

687 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless the Commission finds in its discretion and after
 688 consideration of all in-state and regional transmission entity resources that there is a threat to the reliability or
 689 security of electric service to the utility's customers, the Commission shall not approve construction of any
 690 new utility-owned generating facilities that emit carbon dioxide as a by-product of combusting fuel to
 691 generate electricity unless the utility has already met the energy savings goals identified in § 56-596.2 and the
 692 Commission finds that supply-side resources are more cost-effective than demand-side or energy storage
 693 resources.

As used in this subdivision, "large general service customer" means a customer that has a verifiablehistory of having used more than one megawatt of demand from a single site.

696 Large general service customers shall be exempt from requirements that they participate in energy efficiency programs if the Commission finds that the large general service customer has, at the customer's 697 698 own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have produced or will produce measured and 699 verified results consistent with industry standards and other regulatory criteria stated in this section. The 700 Commission shall, no later than June 30, 2021, adopt rules or regulations (a) establishing the process for large general service customers to apply for such an exemption, (b) establishing the administrative procedures by 701 702 which eligible customers will notify the utility, and (c) defining the standard criteria that shall be satisfied by an applicant in order to notify the utility, including means of evaluation measurement and verification and 703 704 confidentiality requirements. At a minimum, such rules and regulations shall require that each exempted large general service customer certify to the utility and Commission that its implemented energy efficiency 705 706 programs have delivered measured and verified savings within the prior five years. In adopting such rules or regulations, the Commission shall also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such 707 708 notice, taking into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process, as well as its administration of energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. Savings 709 710 from large general service customers shall be accounted for in utility reporting in the standards in § 56-596.2.

711 The notice of nonparticipation by a large general service customer shall be for the duration of the service 712 life of the customer's energy efficiency measures. The Commission may on its own motion initiate steps 713 necessary to verify such nonparticipant's achievement of energy efficiency if the Commission has a body of 714 evidence that the nonparticipant has knowingly misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement.

715 A utility shall not charge such large general service customer for the costs of installing energy efficiency 716 equipment beyond what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's 717 premises if the customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all 718 relevant proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of 719 economic development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of compliance with renewable energy portfolio standard requirements
 pursuant to § 56-585.5 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such a
 petition allowing the recovery of such costs incurred as required by § 56-585.5, provided that the
 Commission does not otherwise find such costs were unreasonably or imprudently incurred;

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to mitigate impacts to marine life caused by construction of offshore wind generating facilities, as described in § 56-585.1:11, or to comply with state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the utility's native load obligations, including the costs of allowances purchased through a market-based trading program for carbon dioxide emissions. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that such costs are necessary to comply with such environmental laws or regulations;

f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
 programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution rights-of-

way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the large general
service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or transmission voltage, or take
delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission voltage, for a Phase I Utility; and

g. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
programs approved by the Commission to provide incentives to (i) low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals or (ii) organizations providing residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals for the installation of, or access to, equipment to generate electric energy derived from sunlight,
provided the low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, or organizations providing residential services to
low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, first participate in incentive programs for the installation of
measures that reduce heating or cooling costs.

Any rate adjustment clause approved under subdivision 5 c by the Commission shall remain in effect until
 the utility exhausts the approved budget for the energy efficiency program. The Commission shall have the
 authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any other rate adjustment clause approved
 under this subdivision.

746 6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the 747 utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility may at any time, 748 after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate adjustment 749 clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the costs of (i) a coal-fueled generation 750 facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth as described in 751 § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located within or without the utility's service territory, (ii) 752 one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or more major unit modifications of generation facilities, 753 including the costs of any system or equipment upgrade, system or equipment replacement, or other cost 754 reasonably appropriate to extend the combined operating license for or the operating life of one or more 755 generation facilities utilizing nuclear power, (iv) one or more new underground facilities to replace one or more existing overhead distribution facilities of 69 kilovolts or less located within the Commonwealth, (v) 756 757 one or more pumped hydroelectricity generation and storage facilities that utilize on-site or off-site renewable 758 energy resources as all or a portion of their power source and such facilities and associated resources are 759 located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such 760 facility is located within or without the utility's service territory, or (vi) one or more electric distribution grid 761 transformation projects; however, subject to the provisions of the following sentence, the utility shall not file 762 a petition under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such petition, shall not seek any annual 763 incremental increase in the level of investments associated with such a petition that exceeds five percent of 764 such utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was determined for the most recently ended 12-month 765 test period in the utility's latest review proceeding conducted pursuant to subdivision 3 and concluded by final 766 order of the Commission prior to the date of filing of such petition under clause (iv). In all proceedings 767 regarding petitions filed under clause (iv) or (vi), the level of investments approved for recovery in such 768 proceedings shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, levels of investments previously approved for recovery in prior proceedings under clause (iv) or (vi), as applicable. As of December 1, 2028, any costs recovered by 769 a utility pursuant to clause (iv) shall be limited to any remaining costs associated with conversions of 770 771 overhead distribution facilities to underground facilities that have been previously approved or are pending 772 approval by the Commission through a petition by the utility under this subdivision. Such a petition concerning facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, facilities described in clause (ii) that 773 774 are coal-fueled and will be built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities described in clause (i) may also be filed 775 before the expiration or termination of capped rates. A utility that constructs or makes modifications to any 776 such facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy 777 derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole 778 or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the facility, as 779 accrued against income, through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, and any 780 associated allowance for funds used during construction, planning, development and construction or 781 acquisition costs, life-cycle costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential sites for new 782 underground facilities, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive to undertake such 783 projects, an enhanced rate of return on common equity calculated as specified below; however, in 784 determining the amounts recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground facilities, the 785 Commission shall not consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of (a) the operation 786 and maintenance costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being replaced or the new underground facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution facilities being replaced. 787 788 Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall remain 789 eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for distribution service. A utility filing a 790 petition for approval to construct or purchase a facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating 791 capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or 792 services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses may propose a rate adjustment

14 of 24

real clause based on a market index in lieu of a cost of service model for such facility. A utility seeking approval

to construct or purchase a generating facility that emits carbon dioxide shall demonstrate that it has already

795 met the energy savings goals identified in § 56-596.2 and that the identified need cannot be met more affordably through the deployment or utilization of demand-side resources or energy storage resources and

that it has considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party market alternatives, in its selection process.

799 The costs of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date a facility constructed by the utility and 800 801 described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of 802 a purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy 803 derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole 804 or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities are classified by the 805 utility as plant in service. In any application to construct a new generating facility, the utility shall include, 806 and the Commission shall consider, the social cost of carbon, as determined by the Commission, as a benefit 807 or cost, whichever is appropriate. The Commission shall ensure that the development of new, or expansion of 808 existing, energy resources or facilities does not have a disproportionate adverse impact on historically 809 economically disadvantaged communities. The Commission may adopt any rules it deems necessary to determine the social cost of carbon and shall use the best available science and technology, including the 810 Technical Support Document: Technical Update of the Social Cost of Carbon for Regulatory Impact Analysis 811 812 Under Executive Order 12866, published by the Interagency Working Group on Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases from the United States Government in August 2016, as guidance. The Commission shall include a 813 814 system to adjust the costs established in this section with inflation.

Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used during 815 816 construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the facility. The first 817 818 portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the Commission shall determine 819 the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the range specified in the table below, 820 which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and shall reflect the Commission's 821 determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the energy needs of the citizens of the 822 Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility. After the first portion of the service 823 life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of return shall be applied to such facility for the 824 remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the facility shall be deemed to begin on the 825 date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (v) begins commercial 826 operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and 827 828 that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date 829 new underground facilities or new electric distribution grid transformation projects are classified by the 830 utility as plant in service, and such service life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be 831 832 calculated by adding the basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. 833 834 Allowance for funds used during construction shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as 835 determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. The 836 837 construction of any facility described in clause (i) or (v) is in the public interest, and in determining whether 838 to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The construction or purchase by a utility of one or more generation facilities with at least one megawatt of generating capacity, 839 840 and with an aggregate rated capacity that does not exceed 16,100 megawatts, including rooftop solar 841 installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and with an aggregate capacity of 100 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight or from onshore wind and are located in the Commonwealth or off the 842 Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, regardless of whether any of such facilities are located within or without 843 844 the utility's service territory, is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the 845 Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. A utility may enter into short-term or longterm power purchase contracts for the power derived from sunlight generated by such generation facility prior 846 to purchasing the generation facility. The replacement of any subset of a utility's existing overhead 847 distribution tap lines that have, in the aggregate, an average of nine or more total unplanned outage events-848 849 per-mile over a preceding 10-year period with new underground facilities in order to improve electric service 850 reliability is in the public interest. In determining whether to approve petitions for rate adjustment clauses for 851 such new underground facilities that meet this criteria, and in determining the level of costs to be recovered 852 thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title.

853 The conversion of any such facilities on or after September 1, 2016, is deemed to provide local and

854 system-wide benefits and to be cost beneficial, and the costs associated with such new underground facilities 855 are deemed to be reasonably and prudently incurred and, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection C or 856 D, shall be approved for recovery by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, provided that the total 857 costs associated with the replacement of any subset of existing overhead distribution tap lines proposed by 858 the utility with new underground facilities, exclusive of financing costs, shall not exceed an average cost per 859 customer of \$20,000, with such customers, including those served directly by or downline of the tap lines 860 proposed for conversion, and, further, such total costs shall not exceed an average cost per mile of tap lines converted, exclusive of financing costs, of \$750,000. A utility shall, without regard for whether it has 861 862 petitioned for any rate adjustment clause pursuant to clause (vi), petition the Commission, not more than once 863 annually, for approval of a plan for electric distribution grid transformation projects. Any plan for electric distribution grid transformation projects shall include both measures to facilitate integration of distributed 864 865 energy resources and measures to enhance physical electric distribution grid reliability and security. In ruling 866 upon such a petition, the Commission shall consider whether the utility's plan for such projects, and the projected costs associated therewith, are reasonable and prudent. Such petition shall be considered on a 867 868 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility; without 869 regard to whether the costs associated with such projects will be recovered through a rate adjustment clause 870 under this subdivision or through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services; and without 871 regard to whether such costs will be the subject of a customer credit offset, as applicable, pursuant to 872 subdivision 8 d. The Commission's final order regarding any such petition for approval of an electric 873 distribution grid transformation plan shall be entered by the Commission not more than six months after the 874 date of filing such petition. The Commission shall likewise enter its final order with respect to any petition by 875 a utility for a certificate to construct and operate a generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580, within six months after the date of filing such petition. 876 877 The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate of return on 878 common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced rate of return shall 879 be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table:

012	be applied, shall fully by type of lacinty, as specified in the following able.		
880	Type of Generation Facility	Basis Points	First Portion of Service Life
881	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
882	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
883	Renewable powered, other than landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
884	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
885	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
886	Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion	100	Between 10 and 20 years
887	turbing		

887 turbine

888 Only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously
approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was filed
with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return on
common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the approved
first portion of its service life.

893 Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred by 894 895 the utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the 896 Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of all 897 costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be 898 deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 899 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by the Commission in 900 the test periods under review in the utility's next review filed after July 1, 2014. Thirty percent of all costs of 901 a facility utilizing energy derived from offshore wind that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and 902 December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility 903 and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the Commission 904 provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a 905 facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all 906 907 costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test 908 periods under review in the utility's next review filed after July 1, 2014.

909 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the
910 adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities
911 for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from
912 sunlight or from onshore or offshore wind are in the public interest.

913 Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 296 of the Acts of Assembly of 2018, construction, purchasing,
 914 or leasing activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing

915 energy derived from sunlight or from onshore wind with an aggregate capacity of 16,100 megawatts, 916 including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and with an aggregate capacity of 100 megawatts, together with a utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities 917 918 utilizing energy derived from offshore wind with an aggregate capacity of not more than 3,000 megawatts, are in the public interest. Additionally, energy storage facilities with an aggregate capacity of 2,700 919 920 megawatts are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility elects to recover the costs of any such new generation or energy storage facility or facilities through its rates for generation and distribution services and 921 922 does not petition and receive approval from the Commission for recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (ii), the Commission shall, upon the request of the utility in a review 923 924 proceeding, provide for a customer credit reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding pursuant to subsection 925 926 D of § 56-580 or in a review proceeding.

927 Electric distribution grid transformation projects are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility 928 elects to recover the costs of such electric distribution grid transformation projects through its rates for 929 generation and distribution services, and does not petition and receive approval from the Commission for 930 recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (vi), the Commission shall, upon the request of the utility in a review proceeding, provide for a customer credit reinvestment offset, as 931 applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed reasonable and prudent by the 932 Commission in a proceeding for approval of a plan for electric distribution grid transformation projects 933 934 pursuant to subdivision 6 or in a review proceeding.

Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor new 935 936 underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described herein, but 937 instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the facility and, 938 thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new underground facilities 939 shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that are served within the large 940 power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary extensions or improvements in the usual 941 942 course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

943 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.2-1600, produced from wells 944 located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by methane or other 945 combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of biodegradable materials in a solid 946 waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. A landfill gas powered facility 947 948 includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from the solid waste management facility 949 950 where it is collected to the generation facility where it is combusted.

951 For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on952 common equity as it is determined by the Commission for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the triennial 953 954 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2021 that such utility has not filed applications for all necessary 955 federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled generation 956 facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the utility's generating 957 resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or more such facilities that will provide 958 959 such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, 960 if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may 961 962 apply no less than the utility's general rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in 963 the future under this subdivision.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if a Phase II utility obtains approval from the 964 965 Commission of a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 associated with a test or demonstration 966 project involving a generation facility utilizing energy from offshore wind, and such utility has not, as of July 1, 2023, commenced construction as defined for federal income tax purposes of an offshore wind generation 967 968 facility or facilities with a minimum aggregate capacity of 250 megawatts, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may direct that the costs associated with any such rate adjustment clause involving said 969 970 test or demonstration project shall thereafter no longer be recovered through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 and shall instead be recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution 971 972 services, with no change in such rates for generation and distribution services as a result of the combination 973 of such costs with the other costs, revenues, and investments included in the utility's rates for generation and 974 distribution services. Any such costs shall remain combined with the utility's other costs, revenues, and 975 investments included in its rates for generation and distribution services until such costs are fully recovered.

976 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a

17 of 24

977 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility. Any costs 978 incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the 979 Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to subdivision 5 a, or that are 980 related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of subdivision 6, or that are related to new 981 underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, shall be deferred on the books and records of 982 the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, or until the implementation of any applicable 983 approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 6, any costs 984 prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the 985 consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related 986 to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or 987 coal-fueled facilities and projects described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be 988 built by a Phase I Utility, shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final 989 order in the matter, or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, 990 whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to 991 other matters described in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or 992 termination of capped rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any 993 parties with respect to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC 994 and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a 995 regulatory asset for regulatory accounting and ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation 996 and maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered generating plant 997 and (ii) other work at such plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The utility shall amortize 998 such deferred costs over the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, beginning with the month in 999 which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling cycle shall be the applicable period of time between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of January 1, 2014, such amortized costs are a 1000 component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only ratably over the refueling cycle rather than when such 1001 outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling costs recoverable in base rates. This provision shall apply to 1002 1003 any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage commencing after December 31, 2013, and the 1004 Commission shall treat the deferred and amortized costs of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs 1005 for the purpose of proceedings conducted (a) with respect to filings under subdivision 3 made on and after 1006 July 1, 2014, and (b) pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 1007 applications as provided in subsection B. This provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates. 1008 The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be 1009 entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing of

such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment clause be 1010 1011 applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later, provided that for a Phase I Utility such rate adjustment shall 1012 not occur during the months of November through February. Orders issued between September 1 and 1013 December 31 shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment clause be applied to customers' bills beginning 1014 1015 on March 1 of the following year. At any time, the Commission may, in its discretion, for a Phase I Utility, upon petition by such a utility or upon its own initiated proceeding, direct the consolidation of any one or 1016 1017 more subsets of rate adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 5 or 6 in the interest of judicial economy, customer transparency, or other factors the Commission determines to be appropriate. 1018 1019 Any subset of rate adjustment clauses so consolidated shall continue to be considered by the Commission 1020 without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility and remain as a cost 1021 recovery mechanism independent from the utility's rates for generation and distribution services pursuant to § 1022 56-585.8 and subdivisions 5 and 6, but will be combined as a single rate adjustment clause for cost recovery 1023 and review purposes. Any rate adjustment clause or subset of rate adjustment clauses so consolidated shall be named in a manner, as determined by the Commission, that reasonably informs customers as to the nature of 1024 1025 the costs recovered by the consolidated rate adjustment clause.

At any time, the Commission may, in its discretion, for a Phase II Utility, upon petition by such a utility 1026 1027 or upon its own initiated proceeding, direct the consolidation of any one or more subsets of rate adjustment clauses previously implemented pursuant to subdivision 5 or 6 in the interest of judicial economy, customer 1028 1029 transparency, or other factors the Commission determines to be appropriate. Any subset of rate adjustment 1030 clauses so consolidated shall continue to be considered by the Commission without regard to the other costs, 1031 revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility and remain as a cost recovery mechanism independent from the utility's rates for generation and distribution services pursuant to this subdivision and subdivisions 5 and 1032 1033 6, but will be combined as a single rate adjustment clause for cost recovery and review purposes. Any rate 1034 adjustment clause or subset of rate adjustment clauses so consolidated shall be named in a manner, as 1035 determined by the Commission, that reasonably informs customers as to the nature of the costs recovered by 1036 the consolidated rate adjustment clause.

1037 8. For a Phase I Utility in any triennial review proceeding filed on or before June 30, 2023 or for a Phase

18 of 24

1038 II Utility in any biennial review proceeding, for the purposes of reviewing earnings on the utility's rates for 1039 generation and distribution services, the following utility generation and distribution costs not proposed for 1040 recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the utility for financial 1041 reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods under review and 1042 deemed fully recovered in the period recorded: costs associated with asset impairments related to early retirement determinations made by the utility for utility generation facilities fueled by coal, natural gas, or oil 1043 or for automated meter reading electric distribution service meters; costs associated with projects necessary to 1044 comply with state or federal environmental laws, regulations, or judicial or administrative orders relating to 1045 1046 coal combustion by-product management that the utility does not petition to recover through a rate 1047 adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 5 e; costs associated with severe weather events; and costs 1048 associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to have been recovered from customers through 1049 rates for generation and distribution services in effect during the test periods under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be 1050 recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, result in the utility's earned return on its 1051 generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review to fall more than 50 basis 1052 1053 points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test 1054 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase 1055 I Utility, to fall more than 70 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 1056 2 for such periods. In such cases, the Commission shall, in such review proceeding, authorize deferred 1057 recovery of such costs and allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over future periods as 1058 determined by the Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not exceed an amount that 1059 would, together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for 1060 generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less 50 basis points, for the combined 1061 test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility 1062 and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under 1063 subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Notwithstanding the prior sentence, the aggregate amount of actual and 1064 1065 reasonable costs associated with severe weather events eligible for such deferral shall not exceed an amount 1066 that would, together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution 1067 1068 services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized for the combined test periods under review. For the 1069 purposes of determining any amount of costs that are associated with severe weather events, the Commission 1070 shall consider nationally recognized standards such as those published by the Institute of Electrical and 1071 Electronics Engineers (IEEE). Nothing in this section shall limit the Commission's authority, pursuant to the 1072 provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2, following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a review, for normalization of nonrecurring test period costs 1073 and annualized adjustments for future costs, in determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the 1074 1075 utility's rates for generation and distribution services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

1076 If the Commission determines as a result of any triennial review initiated prior to July 1, 2023 that:

1077 a. Revenue reductions related to energy efficiency measures or programs approved and deployed since the utility's previous triennial review have caused the utility, as verified by the Commission, during the test 1078 1079 period or periods under review, considered as a whole, to earn more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after 1080 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 1081 1082 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in 1083 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to 1084 facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates for generation 1085 and distribution services necessary to recover such revenue reductions. If the Commission finds, for reasons other than revenue reductions related to energy efficiency measures, that the utility has, during the test period 1086 1087 or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 1088 1089 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points 1090 below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 1091 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities 1092 described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such fair 1093 1094 combined rate of return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the 1095 amount of the rate increase necessary. However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after 1096 January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order a rate increase, and in all triennial 1097 reviews of a Phase I or Phase II utility, the Commission may not order such rate increase unless it finds that 1098 the resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of

providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on both its generation and 1099 1100 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 1101 matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate increase under the standards of 1102 this sentence, and the amount thereof; and provided that, solely in connection with making its determination 1103 concerning the necessity for such a rate increase or the amount thereof, the Commission shall, in any triennial 1104 review proceeding conducted prior to July 1, 2028, exclude from this most recently ended 12-month test 1105 1106 period any remaining investment levels associated with a prior customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant 1107 to subdivision d.

1108 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more 1109 than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 1110 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 1111 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 1112 1113 matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to the 1114 provisions of subdivisions $\hat{8}$ d and 9, direct that 60 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more 1115 than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 70 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more 1116 1117 than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, 1118 considered as a whole, shall be credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period 1119 of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the 1120 Commission's order, and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the 1121 specific customer class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the 1122 last approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates; or

1123 c. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more 1124 than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any 1125 test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 1126 1127 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 1128 matter determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and the combined aggregate level of 1129 capital investment that the Commission has approved other than those capital investments that the 1130 Commission has approved for recovery pursuant to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made 1131 by the utility during the test periods under review in that triennial review proceeding in new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and in electric distribution grid 1132 1133 transformation projects, as determined pursuant to subdivision 8 d, does not equal or exceed 100 percent of 1134 the earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 1135 generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review in that triennial review 1136 proceeding, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 10 and in addition to the actions authorized in subdivision b, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. However, in the 1137 first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, any reduction to the 1138 1139 utility's rates ordered by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision shall not exceed \$50 million in annual 1140 revenues, with any reduction allocated to the utility's rates for generation services, and in each triennial 1141 review of a Phase I or Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that 1142 the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its 1143 services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as 1144 determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with 1145 respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the 1146 basis for determining the permissibility of any rate reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the 1147 amount thereof; and

d. (Expires July 1, 2028) In any review proceeding conducted after December 31, 2017, upon the request 1148 1149 of the utility, the Commission shall determine, prior to directing that 70 percent of earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services 1150 for the test period or periods under review be credited to customer bills pursuant to subdivision 8 b, the 1151 1152 aggregate level of prior capital investment that the Commission has approved other than those capital 1153 investments that the Commission has approved for recovery pursuant to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to 1154 subdivision 6 made by the utility during the test period or periods under review in both (i) new utility-owned 1155 generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from onshore or offshore wind, and (ii) electric distribution grid transformation projects, as determined by the utility's plant in service and construction work 1156 1157 in progress balances related to such investments as recorded per books by the utility for financial reporting 1158 purposes as of the end of the most recent test period under review. Any such combined capital investment 1159 amounts shall offset any customer bill credit amounts, on a dollar for dollar basis, up to the aggregate level of

20 of 24

1160 invested or committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii). The aggregate level of qualifying invested or 1161 committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii) is referred to in this subdivision as the customer credit 1162 reinvestment offset, which offsets the customer bill credit amount that the utility has invested or will invest in new solar or wind generation facilities or electric distribution grid transformation projects for the benefit of 1163 1164 customers, in amounts up to 100 percent of earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair rate of return on its generation and distribution services, and thereby reduce or eliminate otherwise 1165 incremental rate adjustment clause charges and increases to customer bills, which is deemed to be in the 1166 public interest. If 100 percent of the amount of earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's 1167 1168 fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, 1169 exceeds the aggregate level of invested capital in new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and electric distribution grid transformation projects, as provided in 1170 clauses (i) and (ii), during the test period or periods under review, then 70 percent of the amount of such 1171 excess shall be credited to customer bills as provided in subdivision 8 b in connection with the review 1172 proceeding. The portion of any costs associated with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy 1173 1174 derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric distribution grid transformation projects that is the subject of 1175 any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision shall not thereafter be recovered through 1176 the utility's rates for generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities and shall not thereafter be included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future review proceedings conducted 1177 pursuant to subdivision 2 and shall not be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to 1178 1179 subdivision 6. The portion of any costs associated with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing 1180 energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric distribution grid transformation projects that is not the 1181 subject of any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision may be recovered through the 1182 utility's rates for generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities and shall be included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future review proceedings conducted pursuant to 1183 1184 subdivision 2 until such costs are fully recovered, and if such costs are recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, they shall not be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant 1185 1186 to subdivision 6. Only the portion of such costs of new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy 1187 derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric distribution grid transformation projects that has not been 1188 included in any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision, and not otherwise recovered 1189 through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, may be the subject of a rate adjustment 1190 clause petition by the utility pursuant to subdivision 6.

1191 e. In any biennial review of a Phase II Utility, the Commission's final order regarding such review shall be 1192 entered not more than eight months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered 1193 shall take effect not more than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on 1194 common equity determined pursuant to subdivision 2 in such review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing 1195 the utility's earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire two or three, as 1196 applicable, successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent review filing under subdivision 3 and shall apply to applicable rate adjustment clauses 1197 under subdivisions 5 and 6 prospectively from the date the Commission's final order in the review 1198 1199 proceeding, utilizing rate adjustment clause true-up protocols as the Commission in its discretion may 1200 determine.

1201 9. a. In any biennial review for a Phase II Utility filed on or prior to December 31, 2023, if the 1202 Commission determines that the utility has during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 1203 1204 distribution services previously authorized by the Commission, as determined in subdivision 2, without 1205 regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in 1206 subdivision 6, which have not been combined with the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for 1207 generation and distribution services, the Commission shall direct that 85 percent of the amount of such 1208 earnings that were more than 70 basis points above such fair combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, be credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be 1209 amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the 1210 effective date of the Commission's order, and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the 1211 1212 relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates. 1213

b. In any biennial review for a Phase II Utility filed on or after January 1, 2024, if the Commission determines that the utility has during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned above its fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services previously authorized by the Commission, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, which have not been combined with the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for generation and distribution services, the Commission shall direct that 85 percent of the amount of such earnings above such fair combined rate of return for the test

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21 of 24

1221 period or periods under review, considered as a whole, be credited to customers' bills. Further, if the 1222 Commission determines that during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, a 1223 Phase II Utility earned more than 150 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 1224 distribution services previously authorized by the Commission, without regard to any return on common 1225 equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, which have not been 1226 combined with the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for generation and distribution services, the 1227 Commission shall direct that all such earnings that were more than 150 basis points above such fair combined 1228 rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, be credited to customers' 1229 bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of 1230 the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, and shall be allocated among 1231 customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall 1232 target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates. 1233

1234 10. If, as a result of a triennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to any 1235 test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected 1236 to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later than 1237 December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the Commission 1238 finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility has, during the test 1239 period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair 1240 combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after 1241 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 1242 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in 1243 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to 1244 facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility at the end of the 1245 most recently ended 12-month test period exceeded the annual increases in the United States Average 1246 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 1247 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, compounded annually, when compared to the total 1248 aggregate regulated rates of such utility as determined pursuant to the review conducted for the base period, 1249 the Commission shall, unless it finds that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of 1250 subdivisions 8 b and c are more consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test 1251 period or periods under review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test 1252 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase 1253 I Utility, more than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' 1254 bills, in lieu of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c, provided that no credits shall be provided pursuant to 1255 this subdivision in connection with any triennial review unless such bill credits would be payable pursuant to 1256 the provisions of subdivision 8 d, and any credits under this subdivision shall be calculated net of any 1257 customer credit reinvestment offset amounts under subdivision 8 d. Any such credits shall be amortized and 1258 allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this 1259 subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected to
stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 31,
2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test period
with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this subdivision,
whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31, 2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8 a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as of July 1, 2009.

11. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any 1272 1273 utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital structure and 1274 cost of capital of such utility, excluding any debt associated with securitized bonds that are the obligation of 1275 non-Virginia jurisdictional customers, unless the Commission finds that the debt to equity ratio of such 1276 capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may utilize a debt to equity 1277 ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate adjustment pursuant to subdivisions 1278 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, revenues, expenses or investments of any 1279 other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In particular, and without limitation, the Commission 1280 shall determine the federal and state income tax costs for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated 1281

1282 according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates,

and (ii) such utility's federal income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income
tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable
income or loss of its affiliates.

B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6.

C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the rates,
 terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation,
 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the provisions of
 Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

1295 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the 1296 reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection with 1297 the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the reasonableness or 1298 1299 prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.). In determining 1300 the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its customers from renewable 1301 energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such renewable energy resources, 1302 whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the Commonwealth Clean Energy Policy set 1303 forth in § 45.2-1706.1, and shall also consider whether the costs of such resources is likely to result in 1304 unreasonable increases in rates paid by customers.

E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commission shall determine the amortization period for recovery of any appropriate costs due to the early retirement of any electric generation facilities owned or operated by any Phase I Utility or Phase II Utility. In making such determination, the Commission shall (i) perform an independent analysis of the remaining undepreciated capital costs; (ii) establish a recovery period that best serves ratepayers; and (iii) allow for the recovery of any carrying costs that the Commission deems appropriate.

F. The Commission shall include in its report required by subsection B of § 56-596 any information concerning the reliability impacts of generation unit additions and retirement determinations by a Phase I or Phase II Utility, along with the potential impact on the purchase of power from generation assets outside the Virginia jurisdiction used to serve the utility's native load, utilizing information from the respective utility's integrated resource plan or information from the respective utility's plan filed pursuant to subsection D of § 56-585.5.

G. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement theprovisions of this section.

1319 § 56-585.8. Biennial rate reviews.

1320 A. For the purposes of this section:

1321 "Phase I Utility" has the same meaning as provided in subdivision A 1 of § 56-585.1.

1322 "Utility" means a Phase I Utility.

B. With the first review commencing on March 31, 2024, and *on May 31* biennially thereafter, the Commission shall conduct rate reviews of the rates, terms, and conditions for the provision of generation and distribution services by a Phase I Utility that participated in triennial review proceedings in 2020 and 2023, and such Phase I Utility shall no longer be subject to triennial review proceedings pursuant to § 56-585.1.

C. In each biennial review, the Commission shall conduct a proceeding to review all rates, terms, and conditions for generation and distribution services with such proceeding utilizing the two successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted. Such biennial review shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding, except for review of the following costs, which the utility shall continue to recover and the Commission shall continue to review separately, pursuant to the applicable statutory provisions: costs that are recovered pursuant to (i) § 56-249.6, (ii) subdivisions A 4, 5, and 6 of § 56-585.1, and (iii) § 56-585.6.

D. Each Beginning in 2026, each biennial rate review proceeding shall commence on or before March May 31 of the biennial review year with the filing of a petition by each Phase I Utility subject to the provisions of this section. The Commission, after providing notice and an opportunity for hearing, shall grant a final order on such petition no later than November 20. Any January 15 of the subsequent year, with any revisions in rates ordered by the Commission pursuant to the rate review shall take taking effect no later arriver than January March 1 of the subsequent year.

E. In each biennial review proceeding, the Commission shall set the fair rate of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility for the two such services combined and for any rate adjustment clauses approved under subdivision A 5 or 6 of § 56-585.1. The Commission may use

23 of 24

any methodology it finds consistent with the public interest to determine the Phase I Utility's fair rate of
return on common equity. The Commission may increase or decrease the combined rate of return for
generation and distribution services by up to 50 basis points based on factors that may include reliability,
generating plant performance, customer service, and operating efficiency of a utility. Any such adjustment to
the combined rate of return for generation and distribution services shall include consideration of nationally
recognized standards determined by the Commission to be appropriate for such purposes.

1349 F. In any biennial review for a Phase I Utility, if the Commission determines in its sole discretion that the 1350 utility's existing rates for generation and distribution services will, on a going-forward basis, either produce 1351 (i) revenues in excess of the utility's authorized rate of return or (ii) revenues below the utility's authorized rate of return, then the Commission shall order any reductions or increases, as applicable and necessary, to 1352 1353 such rates for generation and distribution services that it deems appropriate to ensure the resulting rates for 1354 generation and distribution services (a) are just and reasonable and (b) provide the utility an opportunity to 1355 recover its costs of providing services over the rate period ending on December 31 of the year of the utility's 1356 succeeding review and earn a fair rate of return authorized pursuant to this section. Such determination shall 1357 be limited to the Phase I Utility's rates for generation and distribution services and shall not consider the costs 1358 or revenues recovered in any rate adjustment clause authorized pursuant to this chapter.

G. In any biennial review of rates for generation and distribution services, if the combined rate of return on common equity earned is no more than 100 basis points above or below the fair combined rate of return, as determined by the Commission, for the test period under review, then such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively.

1363 1. If in any biennial review, the Commission finds that, during the test period under review, considered as a whole, the utility has earned more than 100 basis points above the authorized fair combined rate of return 1364 1365 on its generation or distribution services, the Commission shall direct that 100 percent of the amount of such 1366 earnings that were more than 100 basis points above such fair combined rate of return for the test period under review, considered as a whole, be credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be applied to 1367 customers' bills, as determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the 1368 1369 Commission's order, and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the 1370 specific customer class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the 1371 last approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates; or

1372 2. The Commission shall authorize deferred recovery for reasonable (i) actual costs associated with severe 1373 weather events and (ii) actual costs associated with natural disasters, not currently in rates, and the 1374 Commission shall allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over future periods as 1375 determined by the Commission. The amount of any such deferral shall not exceed an amount that would, 1376 together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments recovered through rates for generation and 1377 distribution services for the test period under review, cause the utility's earned return on its generation and 1378 distribution services to exceed 100 basis points above the fair combined rate of return applicable to the test 1379 period under review. For the purposes of determining any amount of costs that are associated with severe 1380 weather events, the Commission shall consider nationally recognized standards such as those published by 1381 the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).

Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills pursuant
to this subsection shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in any
subsequent biennial review.

1385 H. In any proceeding under this title, including each biennial review, to determine the prior two years' 1386 excess or deficiency for the purposes of subsection F, the Commission shall use an average rate base using 1387 the actual starting and end-of-test period capital structure of the utility, excluding any debt associated with 1388 any securitized bonds and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, or investments of any other 1389 entities with which the utility is affiliated. To determine a revenue requirement in any proceeding under this 1390 title, the Commission shall use the utility's actual end-of-test period capital structure and cost of capital 1391 without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, or investments of any other entities with which the 1392 utility is affiliated, including debt associated with any securitized bonds, unless the Commission makes a 1393 finding, based on evidence in the record, that the debt to equity ratio of the actual end-of-test period capital 1394 structure of such utility is unreasonable, in which case the Commission may utilize a debt to equity ratio that 1395 it finds to be reasonable.

In a rate review for a Phase I Utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group, the Commission
shall determine federal and state income tax costs as follows: (i) the utility's apportioned state income tax
costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the utility had not filed a consolidated
return with its affiliates, and (ii) the utility's federal income tax costs shall be calculated according to the
applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments
originating from any taxable income or loss of its affiliates.

1402 I. The Commission is authorized to determine during any biennial review the reasonableness or prudence1403 of any cost subject to the rate review incurred or projected to be incurred by the utility, and a Phase I Utility

24 of 24

1404 shall recover such costs that the Commission finds to be reasonable and prudent.

J. In any biennial review conducted pursuant to this section, a Phase I Utility or any other party may
 propose changes to its terms and conditions and the Commission may approve, reject, or amend any changes
 and may propose any special rates, contracts, or incentives pursuant to § 56-235.2.

1408 K. Nothing in this section shall alter a Phase I Utility's obligations pursuant to §§ 56-585.5 and 56-596.2.

L. To the extent that the provisions of this section are inconsistent with the provisions of § 56-585.1, theprovisions of this section shall control.

2. That a Phase I Utility, as defined in subdivision A 1 of § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, as 1411 amended by this act, in connection with any financing order petition filed with the State Corporation 1412 1413 Commission (the Commission) prior to December 31, 2023, pursuant to § 56-249.8 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, shall permit any retail customer that is receiving electricity supply 1414 service from the utility and whose demand exceeded five megawatts during the calendar year prior to 1415 such petition to opt out of financing its pro rata obligation for securitized asset cost charges through 1416 securitized asset cost bonds. The Phase I Utility shall notify such eligible customers of their eligibility to 1417 1418 opt out of the securitized asset cost financing through its petition with the Commission, and any 1419 election to opt out of the securitized asset cost financing by an eligible customer shall be provided in writing to the utility within 30 days of the filing of such petition. Upon such election, the eligible 1420 1421 customer shall fully satisfy such customer's pro rata obligation for the securitized asset cost charges subject to financing, as determined based on such customer's electric usage over the period that such 1422 charges were incurred. In the event of such election, any securitized asset cost charges approved for 1423 recovery through securitized asset cost bonds shall not include the obligations of eligible customers 1424 1425 opting out of the securitized asset cost financing.

1425 opting out of the securitized asset cost financing. 1426 3. That a Phase I Utility, as defined in subdivision A 1 of § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, as

1427 amended by this act, shall not be required to file for a review of fuel and purchased power costs

pursuant to § 56-249.6 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, in 2025. Commencing in 2026, or
2027 if the Phase I Utility files for a review of fuel and purchased power costs in 2025, annual filings
shall be made by January 15 with interim rates effective March 1 of each year.

1430 shall be made by fandary 15 with internin rates enecuve March 1 of each year. 1431 4. That, during the biennial rate review commencing on May 31, 2026, and conducted pursuant to §

1431 4. That, during the blennar face review commencing on Way 51, 2020, and conducted pursuant to s 1432 56-585.8 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, for a Phase I Utility, as defined in subdivision

1433 A 1 of § 56-585.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, the Phase I Utility shall propose and

1434 the State Corporation Commission shall consider implementing (i) residential seasonal rates and (ii) 1435 alternatives to budget billing.

1436 5. That in any rate proceeding for a Phase I Utility, as defined in subdivision A 1 of § 56-585.1 of the

1437 Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, the State Corporation Commission (the Commission) shall

1438 include an invitation to the public to comment on the Phase I Utility rate case. The Commission shall 1439 collect and aggregate all public submissions and shall consider public comments as part of each rate

1440 proceeding.

1441 6. That the provisions of this act shall not become effective unless reenacted by the 2026 Session of the 1442 General Assembly.