2025 SESSION

25107401D **HOUSE BILL NO. 2123** 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE (Proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice on February 12, 2025) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Maldonado) 6 A BILL to amend and reenact § 16.1-279.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to protective orders in cases of family abuse; maximum time valid. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 16.1-279.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: § 16.1-279.1. Protective order in cases of family abuse. A. In cases of family abuse, including any case involving an incarcerated or recently incarcerated respondent against whom a preliminary protective order has been issued pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, the court may issue a protective order to protect the health and safety of the petitioner and family or household members of the petitioner. A protective order issued under this section may include any one or more of the following conditions to be imposed on the respondent: 1. Prohibiting acts of family abuse or criminal offenses that result in injury to person or property; 2. Prohibiting such contacts by the respondent with the petitioner or family or household members of the petitioner as the court deems necessary for the health or safety of such persons; 3. Granting the petitioner possession of the residence occupied by the parties to the exclusion of the respondent; however, no such grant of possession shall affect title to any real or personal property; 4. Enjoining the respondent from terminating any necessary utility service to the residence to which the 22 petitioner was granted possession pursuant to subdivision 3 or, where appropriate, ordering the respondent to 23 restore utility services to that residence; 24 5. Granting the petitioner and, where appropriate, any other family or household member of the petitioner, 25 exclusive use and possession of a cellular telephone number or electronic device and the password to such 26 device. The court may enjoin the respondent from terminating a cellular telephone number or electronic device before the expiration of the contract term with a third-party provider. The court may enjoin the 27 28 respondent from using a cellular telephone or other electronic device to locate or surveille the petitioner; 29 6. Granting the petitioner temporary possession or use of a motor vehicle owned by the petitioner alone or 30 jointly owned by the parties to the exclusion of the respondent and enjoining the respondent from terminating 31 any insurance, registration, or taxes on the motor vehicle and directing the respondent to maintain the 32 insurance, registration, and taxes, as appropriate; however, no such grant of possession or use shall affect title 33 to the vehicle; 34 7. Requiring that the respondent provide suitable alternative housing for the petitioner and, if appropriate, 35 any other family or household member and where appropriate, requiring the respondent to pay deposits to connect or restore necessary utility services in the alternative housing provided; 36 8. Ordering the respondent to participate in treatment, counseling or other programs as the court deems 37 38 appropriate; 39 9. Granting the petitioner the possession of any companion animal as defined in § 3.2-6500 if such 40 petitioner meets the definition of owner in § 3.2-6500; and 10. Any other relief necessary for the protection of the petitioner and family or household members of the 41 42 petitioner, including a provision for temporary custody or visitation of a minor child. 43 A1. If a protective order is issued pursuant to subsection A, the court may also issue a temporary child 44 support order for the support of any children of the petitioner whom the respondent has a legal obligation to 45 support. Such temporary child support order shall terminate upon the determination of support pursuant to § 46 20-108.1 or upon the termination of such protective order, whichever occurs first. B. 1. The protective order may be issued for a specified period of time up to a maximum of two years. 47 48 However, if the court finds, based upon evidence presented, that the respondent has been subject to a previous order issued within 10 years pursuant to this section, the protective order may be issued for a 49 50 specified period of time up to a maximum of four years. The protective order shall expire at 11:59 p.m. on the 51 last day specified or at 11:59 p.m. on the last day of the two-year or four-year period if no date is specified. Prior to the expiration of the protective order, a petitioner may file a written motion requesting a hearing to 52 extend the order. Proceedings to extend a protective order shall be given precedence on the docket of the 53 54 court. A written motion requesting a hearing to extend the protective order shall be served as soon as possible 55 on the respondent. If the petitioner was a family or household member of the respondent at the time the initial protective 56 order was issued, the court may extend the protective order for a period not longer than two years, regardless

57 of whether such order was initially issued for a period of time up to a maximum of two years or four years, to 58 59 protect the health and safety of the petitioner or persons who are family or household members of the HB2123S1

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60 petitioner at the time the request for an extension is made. The extension of the protective order shall expire 61 at 11:59 p.m. on the last day specified or at 11:59 p.m. on the last day of the two-year period if no date is

specified. Nothing herein shall limit the number of extensions that may be requested or issued.
2. Upon the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend the protective order, the court may

issue an ex parte preliminary protective order pursuant to § 16.1-253.1 until the extension hearing. The ex 64 parte preliminary protective order shall specify a date for the extension hearing, which shall be held within 15 65 days of the issuance of the exparte preliminary protective order and may be held after the expiration of the 66 protective order. If the respondent fails to appear at the extension hearing because the respondent was not 67 personally served, the court shall schedule a new date for the extension hearing and may extend the ex parte 68 69 preliminary protective order until such new date. The extended ex parte preliminary protective order shall be served as soon as possible on the respondent. If the respondent was personally served, where the petitioner 70 71 shows by clear and convincing evidence that a continuance is necessary to meet the ends of justice or the 72 respondent shows good cause, the court may continue the extension hearing and such ex parte preliminary 73 protective order shall remain in effect until the extension hearing.

74 C. A copy of the protective order shall be served on the respondent and provided to the petitioner as soon 75 as possible. The court, including a circuit court if the circuit court issued the order, shall forthwith, but in all 76 cases no later than the end of the business day on which the order was issued, enter and transfer electronically 77 to the Virginia Criminal Information Network the respondent's identifying information and the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person provided to the court and shall forthwith forward the attested 78 79 copy of the protective order containing any such identifying information to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders. Upon receipt of the order by the primary 80 81 law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the 82 83 Virginia Criminal Information Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 84 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served forthwith upon the respondent and due return made 85 to the court. Upon service, the agency making service shall enter the date and time of service and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information 86 87 Network and make due return to the court. If the order is later dissolved or modified, a copy of the dissolution 88 or modification order shall also be attested, forwarded forthwith to the primary law-enforcement agency 89 responsible for service and entry of protective orders, and upon receipt of the order by the primary 90 law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary to the 91 identifying information and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above and the order shall be served forthwith and due 92 93 return made to the court.

D. Except as otherwise provided in § 16.1-253.2, a violation of a protective order issued under this sectionshall constitute contempt of court.

E. The court may assess costs and attorney fees against either party regardless of whether an order ofprotection has been issued as a result of a full hearing.

F. Any judgment, order or decree, whether permanent or temporary, issued by a court of appropriate 98 99 jurisdiction in another state, the United States or any of its territories, possessions or Commonwealths, the District of Columbia or by any tribal court of appropriate jurisdiction for the purpose of preventing violent or 100 threatening acts or harassment against or contact or communication with or physical proximity to another 101 person, including any of the conditions specified in subsection A, shall be accorded full faith and credit and 102 enforced in the Commonwealth as if it were an order of the Commonwealth, provided reasonable notice and 103 104 opportunity to be heard were given by the issuing jurisdiction to the person against whom the order is sought 105 to be enforced sufficient to protect such person's due process rights and consistent with federal law. A person entitled to protection under such a foreign order may file the order in any juvenile and domestic relations 106 district court by filing with the court an attested or exemplified copy of the order. Upon such a filing, the 107 clerk shall forthwith forward an attested copy of the order to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible 108 for service and entry of protective orders which shall, upon receipt, enter the name of the person subject to 109 the order and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia 110 Criminal Information Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 111 et seq.) of Title 52. Where practical, the court may transfer information electronically to the Virginia 112 Criminal Information Network. 113

114 Upon inquiry by any law-enforcement agency of the Commonwealth, the clerk shall make a copy 115 available of any foreign order filed with that court. A law-enforcement officer may, in the performance of his 116 duties, rely upon a copy of a foreign protective order or other suitable evidence which has been provided to 117 him by any source and may also rely upon the statement of any person protected by the order that the order 118 remains in effect.

119 G. Either party may at any time file a written motion with the court requesting a hearing to dissolve or 120 modify the order. Proceedings to dissolve or modify a protective order shall be given precedence on the 121 docket of the court. Upon petitioner's motion to dissolve the protective order, a dissolution order may be 122 issued ex parte by the court with or without a hearing. If an ex parte hearing is held, it shall be heard by the 123 court as soon as practicable. If a dissolution order is issued ex parte, the court shall serve a copy of such 124 dissolution order on respondent in conformity with §§ 8.01-286.1 and 8.01-296.

H. As used in this section:

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- 126 "Copy" includes a facsimile copy. 127
 - "Protective order" includes an initial, modified or extended protective order.

128 I. Neither a law-enforcement agency, the attorney for the Commonwealth, a court nor the clerk's office, 129 nor any employee of them, may disclose, except among themselves, the residential address, telephone 130 number, or place of employment of the person protected by the order or that of the family of such person, except to the extent that disclosure is (i) required by law or the Rules of the Supreme Court, (ii) necessary for 131 132 law-enforcement purposes, or (iii) permitted by the court for good cause. 133

J. No fee shall be charged for filing or serving any petition or order pursuant to this section.

134 K. Upon issuance of a protective order, the clerk of the court shall make available to the petitioner 135 information that is published by the Department of Criminal Justice Services for victims of domestic violence 136 or for petitioners in protective order cases.

L. An appeal of a final protective order issued by a circuit court pursuant to this section shall be given 137 138 expedited review by the Court of Appeals.

139 M. The respondent shall be required to notify the court in writing within seven days of any change of residence while the protective order is in effect, provided that the respondent has been served a copy of such 140 141 order in accordance with the provisions of this section. A violation of this subsection shall be punishable by 142 contempt.

143 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or

144 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary 145

appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2024, Special Session I, requires the Virginia Criminal 146

Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the 147

148 Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for

149 periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.