1	HOUSE BILL NO. 2195
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the House Committee on General Laws
4	on)
5	(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate McQuinn)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact § 59.1-200, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the
7	Code of Virginia, relating to Virginia Consumer Protection Act; mold remediation; emergency.
8	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
9	1. That § 59.1-200, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia is
10	amended and reenacted as follows:
11	§ 59.1-200. (Effective until July 1, 2025) Prohibited practices.
12	A. The following fraudulent acts or practices committed by a supplier in connection with a consumer
13	transaction are hereby declared unlawful:
14	1. Misrepresenting goods or services as those of another;
15	2. Misrepresenting the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of goods or services;
16	3. Misrepresenting the affiliation, connection, or association of the supplier, or of the goods or services,
17	with another;
18	4. Misrepresenting geographic origin in connection with goods or services;
19	5. Misrepresenting that goods or services have certain quantities, characteristics, ingredients, uses, or
20	benefits;
21	6. Misrepresenting that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model;
22	7. Advertising or offering for sale goods that are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished,
23	deteriorated, or reconditioned, or that are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or "not first class," without clearly
24	and unequivocally indicating in the advertisement or offer for sale that the goods are used, secondhand,
25	repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, reconditioned, or are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or
26	"not first class";
27	8. Advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised, or with intent not to sell at the
28	price or upon the terms advertised.
29	In any action brought under this subdivision, the refusal by any person, or any employee, agent, or servant
30	thereof, to sell any goods or services advertised or offered for sale at the price or upon the terms advertised or

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31	offered, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this subdivision. This paragraph shall not apply when
32	it is clearly and conspicuously stated in the advertisement or offer by which such goods or services are
33	advertised or offered for sale, that the supplier or offeror has a limited quantity or amount of such goods or
34	services for sale, and the supplier or offeror at the time of such advertisement or offer did in fact have or
35	reasonably expected to have at least such quantity or amount for sale;

- 9. Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning the reasons for, existence of, or amounts ofprice reductions;
- 10. Misrepresenting that repairs, alterations, modifications, or services have been performed or partsinstalled;
- 40 11. Misrepresenting by the use of any written or documentary material that appears to be an invoice or bill
 41 for merchandise or services previously ordered;
- 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, using in any manner the words "wholesale,"

 "wholesaler," "factory," or "manufacturer" in the supplier's name, or to describe the nature of the supplier's

 business, unless the supplier is actually engaged primarily in selling at wholesale or in manufacturing the

 goods or services advertised or offered for sale;
 - 13. Using in any contract or lease any liquidated damage clause, penalty clause, or waiver of defense, or attempting to collect any liquidated damages or penalties under any clause, waiver, damages, or penalties that are void or unenforceable under any otherwise applicable laws of the Commonwealth, or under federal statutes or regulations;
- 13a. Failing to provide to a consumer, or failing to use or include in any written document or material provided to or executed by a consumer, in connection with a consumer transaction any statement, disclosure, notice, or other information however characterized when the supplier is required by 16 C.F.R. Part 433 to so provide, use, or include the statement, disclosure, notice, or other information in connection with the consumer transaction;
- 14. Using any other deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, or misrepresentation in connection with a consumer transaction;
- 15. Violating any provision of § 3.2-6509, 3.2-6512, 3.2-6513, 3.2-6513.1, 3.2-6514, 3.2-6515, 3.2-6516,
 or 3.2-6519 is a violation of this chapter;
- 59 16. Failing to disclose all conditions, charges, or fees relating to:

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a. The return of goods for refund, exchange, or credit. Such disclosure shall be by means of a sign attached to the goods, or placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the supplier, so as to be readily noticeable and readable by the person obtaining the goods from the supplier. If the supplier does not permit a refund, exchange, or credit for return, he shall so state on a similar sign. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any retail merchant who has a policy of providing, for a period of not less than 20 days after date of purchase, a cash refund or credit to the purchaser's credit card account for the return of defective, unused, or undamaged merchandise upon presentation of proof of purchase. In the case of merchandise paid for by check, the purchase shall be treated as a cash purchase and any refund may be delayed for a period of 10 banking days to allow for the check to clear. This subdivision does not apply to sale merchandise that is obviously distressed, out of date, post season, or otherwise reduced for clearance; nor does this subdivision apply to special order purchases where the purchaser has requested the supplier to order merchandise of a specific or unusual size, color, or brand not ordinarily carried in the store or the store's catalog; nor shall this subdivision apply in connection with a transaction for the sale or lease of motor vehicles, farm tractors, or motorcycles as defined in § 46.2-100;

b. A layaway agreement. Such disclosure shall be furnished to the consumer (i) in writing at the time of the layaway agreement, or (ii) by means of a sign placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the supplier, so as to be readily noticeable and readable by the consumer, or (iii) on the bill of sale. Disclosure shall include the conditions, charges, or fees in the event that a consumer breaches the agreement;

16a. Failing to provide written notice to a consumer of an existing open-end credit balance in excess of \$5 (i) on an account maintained by the supplier and (ii) resulting from such consumer's overpayment on such account. Suppliers shall give consumers written notice of such credit balances within 60 days of receiving overpayments. If the credit balance information is incorporated into statements of account furnished consumers by suppliers within such 60-day period, no separate or additional notice is required;

- 17. If a supplier enters into a written agreement with a consumer to resolve a dispute that arises in connection with a consumer transaction, failing to adhere to the terms and conditions of such an agreement;
 - 18. Violating any provision of the Virginia Health Club Act, Chapter 24 (§ 59.1-294 et seq.);
- 86 19. Violating any provision of the Virginia Home Solicitation Sales Act, Chapter 2.1 (§ 59.1-21.1 et seq.);
- 87 20. Violating any provision of the Automobile Repair Facilities Act, Chapter 17.1 (§ 59.1-207.1 et seq.);
 - 21. Violating any provision of the Virginia Lease-Purchase Agreement Act, Chapter 17.4 (§ 59.1-207.17

89	et seq.);
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- 90 22. Violating any provision of the Prizes and Gifts Act, Chapter 31 (§ 59.1-415 et seq.);
- 91 23. Violating any provision of the Virginia Public Telephone Information Act, Chapter 32 (§ 59.1-424 et
- **92** seq.);
- **93** 24. Violating any provision of § 54.1-1505;
- 94 25. Violating any provision of the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers' Warranty Adjustment Act, Chapter 17.6
- **95** (§ 59.1-207.34 et seq.);
- 26. Violating any provision of § 3.2-5627, relating to the pricing of merchandise;
- 27. Violating any provision of the Pay-Per-Call Services Act, Chapter 33 (§ 59.1-429 et seq.);
- 98 28. Violating any provision of the Extended Service Contract Act, Chapter 34 (§ 59.1-435 et seq.);
- 99 29. Violating any provision of the Virginia Membership Camping Act, Chapter 25 (§ 59.1-311 et seq.);
- 30. Violating any provision of the Comparison Price Advertising Act, Chapter 17.7 (§ 59.1-207.40 et
- **101** seq.);
- 31. Violating any provision of the Virginia Travel Club Act, Chapter 36 (§ 59.1-445 et seq.);
- 32. Violating any provision of §§ 46.2-1231 and 46.2-1233.1;
- 33. Violating any provision of Chapter 40 (§ 54.1-4000 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 34. Violating any provision of Chapter 10.1 (§ 58.1-1031 et seq.) of Title 58.1;
- 35. Using the consumer's social security number as the consumer's account number with the supplier, if
- 107 the consumer has requested in writing that the supplier use an alternate number not associated with the
- 108 consumer's social security number;
- 36. Violating any provision of Chapter 18 (§ 6.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- **110** 37. Violating any provision of § 8.01-40.2;
- 38. Violating any provision of Article 7 (§ 32.1-212 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 32.1;
- 39. Violating any provision of Chapter 34.1 (§ 59.1-441.1 et seq.);
- 40. Violating any provision of Chapter 20 (§ 6.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 41. Violating any provision of the Virginia Post-Disaster Anti-Price Gouging Act, Chapter 46 (§ 59.1-525)
- et seq.). For the purposes of this subdivision, "consumer transaction" has the same meaning as provided in §
- **116** 59.1-526;
- 42. Violating any provision of Chapter 47 (§ 59.1-530 et seq.);

- 43. Violating any provision of § 59.1-443.2;
- 44. Violating any provision of Chapter 48 (§ 59.1-533 et seq.);
- 45. Violating any provision of Chapter 25 (§ 6.2-2500 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 46. Violating the provisions of clause (i) of subsection B of § 54.1-1115;
- 47. Violating any provision of § 18.2-239;
- 48. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 59.1-336 et seq.);
- 49. Selling, offering for sale, or manufacturing for sale a children's product the supplier knows or has
- reason to know was recalled by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. There is a rebuttable
- presumption that a supplier has reason to know a children's product was recalled if notice of the recall has
- been posted continuously at least 30 days before the sale, offer for sale, or manufacturing for sale on the
- website of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. This prohibition does not apply to children's
- products that are used, secondhand or "seconds";
- 50. Violating any provision of Chapter 44.1 (§ 59.1-518.1 et seq.);
- 51. Violating any provision of Chapter 22 (§ 6.2-2200 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- **132** 52. Violating any provision of § 8.2-317.1;
- 133 53. Violating subsection A of § 9.1-149.1;
- 54. Selling, offering for sale, or using in the construction, remodeling, or repair of any residential dwelling
- in the Commonwealth, any drywall that the supplier knows or has reason to know is defective drywall. This
- 136 subdivision shall not apply to the sale or offering for sale of any building or structure in which defective
- drywall has been permanently installed or affixed;
- 55. Engaging in fraudulent or improper or dishonest conduct as defined in § 54.1-1118 while engaged in a
- transaction that was initiated (i) during a declared state of emergency as defined in § 44-146.16 or (ii) to
- 140 repair damage resulting from the event that prompted the declaration of a state of emergency, regardless of
- whether the supplier is licensed as a contractor in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et
- **142** seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 56. Violating any provision of Chapter 33.1 (§ 59.1-434.1 et seq.);
- 57. Violating any provision of § 18.2-178, 18.2-178.1, or 18.2-200.1;
- 58. Violating any provision of Chapter 17.8 (§ 59.1-207.45 et seq.). For the purposes of this subdivision,
- "consumer transaction" also includes transactions involving an automatic renewal or continuous service offer

- by a supplier to a small business, as those terms are defined in § 59.1-207.45;
- 59. Violating any provision of subsection E of § 32.1-126;
- 60. Violating any provision of § 54.1-111 relating to the unlicensed practice of a profession licensed under
- 150 Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) or Chapter 21 (§ 54.1-2100 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 151 61. Violating any provision of § 2.2-2001.5;
- 62. Violating any provision of Chapter 5.2 (§ 54.1-526 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 153 63. Violating any provision of § 6.2-312;
- 64. Violating any provision of Chapter 20.1 (§ 6.2-2026 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 65. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 6.2-2600 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 156 66. Violating any provision of Chapter 54 (§ 59.1-586 et seq.);
- 67. Knowingly violating any provision of § 8.01-27.5;
- 68. Failing to, in accordance with § 59.1-207.46, (i) make available a conspicuous online option to cancel
- a recurring purchase of a good or service or (ii) with respect to a free trial lasting more than 30 days, notify a
- 160 consumer of his option to cancel such free trial within 30 days of the end of the trial period to avoid an
- obligation to pay for the goods or services;
- 69. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation,
- that contains a synthetic derivative of tetrahydrocannabinol. As used in this subdivision, "synthetic
- 164 derivative" means a chemical compound produced by man through a chemical transformation to turn a
- 165 compound into a different compound by adding or subtracting molecules to or from the original compound.
- 166 This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug
- Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit
- any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;
- 70. Selling or offering for sale to a person younger than 21 years of age any substance intended for human
- 170 consumption, orally or by inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol. This subdivision shall not (i) apply
- 171 to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the
- 172 Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter
- 173 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;
- 71. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation,
- that contains tetrahydrocannabinol, unless such substance is (i) contained in child-resistant packaging, as

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defined in § 4.1-600; (ii) equipped with a label that states, in English and in a font no less than 1/16 of an inch, (a) that the substance contains tetrahydrocannabinol and may not be sold to persons younger than 21 years of age, (b) all ingredients contained in the substance, (c) the amount of such substance that constitutes a single serving, and (d) the total percentage and milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol included in the substance and the number of milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol that are contained in each serving; and (iii) accompanied by a certificate of analysis, produced by an independent laboratory that is accredited pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization of Standardization by a third-party accrediting body, that states the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the substance or the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the batch from which the substance originates. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;

72. Manufacturing, offering for sale at retail, or selling at retail an industrial hemp extract, as defined in § 3.2-5145.1, a food containing an industrial hemp extract, or a substance containing tetrahydrocannabinol that depicts or is in the shape of a human, animal, vehicle, or fruit;

73. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol and, without authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear the trademark, trade name, famous mark as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1125, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor of a product intended for human consumption other than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor that did in fact so manufacture, process, pack, or distribute such substance;

74. Selling or offering for sale a topical hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that does not include a label stating that the product is not intended for human consumption. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1, or (iii) apply to topical hemp products that were manufactured prior to July 1, 2023, provided that the person provides documentation of the date of manufacture if requested;

75. Violating any provision of § 59.1-466.8;

76. Violating subsection F of § 36-96.3:1;

	77. Selling or offering for sale (i) any kratom product to a person younger than 21 years of age or (ii) any
]	kratom product that does not include a label listing all ingredients and with the following guidance: "This
]	product may be harmful to your health, has not been evaluated by the FDA, and is not intended to diagnose,
1	treat, cure, or prevent any disease." As used in this subdivision, "kratom" means any part of the leaf of the
]	plant Mitragyna speciosa or any extract thereof;
	78. Advertising of any ignition interlock system in Virginia by an ignition interlock vendor not approved
1	by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program to operate in Virginia; targeted
i	advertising of any ignition interlock system to a person before determination of guilt; and any advertising,
,	whether before or after determination of guilt, without a conspicuous statement that such advertisement is not
i	affiliated with any government agency. For purposes of this subdivision, "ignition interlock system" has the
5	same meaning as ascribed to that term in § 18.2-270.1 and "targeted advertising" has the same meaning
i	ascribed to that term in § 59.1-575 and includes direct mailings to an individual. This provision shall not
i	apply to ignition interlock service vendor ads, pamphlets, or kiosk advertisements approved by the
(Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and provided at a Commission-approved
]	location;
	79. Failing to disclose the total cost of a good or continuous service, as defined in § 59.1-207.45, to a
(consumer, including any mandatory fees or charges, prior to entering into an agreement for the sale of any
9	such good or provision of any such continuous service;
	80. Violating any provision of the Unfair Real Estate Service Agreement Act (§ 55.1-3200 et seq.);
	81. Selling or offering for sale services as a professional mold remediator to be performed upon any
1	residential dwelling without holding a mold remediation certification from the Institute of Inspection,
(Cleaning and Restoration Certification (HCRC) a nationally or internationally recognized certifying body for
1	mold remediation, and failing to comply with (i) the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's publication on
İ	Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings, as revised; (ii) the ANSI/IICRC S520 Standard for
1	Professional Mold Remediation, as revised; or (iii) any other equivalent ANSI-accredited mold remediation
	standard, when conducting or offering to conduct mold remediation in the Commonwealth; and
	82. Willfully violating any provision of § 59.1-444.4.
	B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate or make unenforceable any contract or lease
5	solely by reason of the failure of such contract or lease to comply with any other law of the Commonwealth

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- or any federal statute or regulation, to the extent such other law, statute, or regulation provides that a violation of such law, statute, or regulation shall not invalidate or make unenforceable such contract or lease.
- § 59.1-200. (Effective July 1, 2025) Prohibited practices.
- A. The following fraudulent acts or practices committed by a supplier in connection with a consumer transaction are hereby declared unlawful:
- 239 1. Misrepresenting goods or services as those of another;
- 2. Misrepresenting the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of goods or services;
- 3. Misrepresenting the affiliation, connection, or association of the supplier, or of the goods or services,
- 242 with another;
- 4. Misrepresenting geographic origin in connection with goods or services;
- 5. Misrepresenting that goods or services have certain quantities, characteristics, ingredients, uses, or benefits:
- 6. Misrepresenting that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model;
- 7. Advertising or offering for sale goods that are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished,
- 248 deteriorated, or reconditioned, or that are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or "not first class," without clearly
- and unequivocally indicating in the advertisement or offer for sale that the goods are used, secondhand,
- 250 repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, reconditioned, or are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or
- 251 "not first class";
- 8. Advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised, or with intent not to sell at the
- 253 price or upon the terms advertised.
- In any action brought under this subdivision, the refusal by any person, or any employee, agent, or servant
- 255 thereof, to sell any goods or services advertised or offered for sale at the price or upon the terms advertised or
- offered, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this subdivision. This paragraph shall not apply when
- 257 it is clearly and conspicuously stated in the advertisement or offer by which such goods or services are
- advertised or offered for sale, that the supplier or offeror has a limited quantity or amount of such goods or
- 259 services for sale, and the supplier or offeror at the time of such advertisement or offer did in fact have or
- 260 reasonably expected to have at least such quantity or amount for sale;
- 9. Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning the reasons for, existence of, or amounts of
- 262 price reductions;

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- 10. Misrepresenting that repairs, alterations, modifications, or services have been performed or parts264 installed;
- 11. Misrepresenting by the use of any written or documentary material that appears to be an invoice or bill266 for merchandise or services previously ordered;
- 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, using in any manner the words "wholesale,"
 wholesaler," "factory," or "manufacturer" in the supplier's name, or to describe the nature of the supplier's
 business, unless the supplier is actually engaged primarily in selling at wholesale or in manufacturing the
 goods or services advertised or offered for sale;
- 13. Using in any contract or lease any liquidated damage clause, penalty clause, or waiver of defense, or attempting to collect any liquidated damages or penalties under any clause, waiver, damages, or penalties that are void or unenforceable under any otherwise applicable laws of the Commonwealth, or under federal statutes or regulations;
- 275 13a. Failing to provide to a consumer, or failing to use or include in any written document or material 276 provided to or executed by a consumer, in connection with a consumer transaction any statement, disclosure, 277 notice, or other information however characterized when the supplier is required by 16 C.F.R. Part 433 to so 278 provide, use, or include the statement, disclosure, notice, or other information in connection with the 279 consumer transaction;
- 14. Using any other deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, or misrepresentation in connectionwith a consumer transaction;
- 282 15. Violating any provision of § 3.2-6509, 3.2-6512, 3.2-6513, 3.2-6513.1, 3.2-6514, 3.2-6515, 3.2-6516, or 3.2-6519 is a violation of this chapter;
- 284 16. Failing to disclose all conditions, charges, or fees relating to:

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a. The return of goods for refund, exchange, or credit. Such disclosure shall be by means of a sign attached to the goods, or placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the supplier, so as to be readily noticeable and readable by the person obtaining the goods from the supplier. If the supplier does not permit a refund, exchange, or credit for return, he shall so state on a similar sign. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any retail merchant who has a policy of providing, for a period of not less than 20 days after date of purchase, a cash refund or credit to the purchaser's credit card account for the return of defective, unused, or undamaged merchandise upon presentation of proof of purchase. In the case of

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merchandise paid for by check, the purchase shall be treated as a cash purchase and any refund may be delayed for a period of 10 banking days to allow for the check to clear. This subdivision does not apply to sale merchandise that is obviously distressed, out of date, post season, or otherwise reduced for clearance; nor does this subdivision apply to special order purchases where the purchaser has requested the supplier to order merchandise of a specific or unusual size, color, or brand not ordinarily carried in the store or the store's catalog; nor shall this subdivision apply in connection with a transaction for the sale or lease of motor vehicles, farm tractors, or motorcycles as defined in § 46.2-100;

- b. A layaway agreement. Such disclosure shall be furnished to the consumer (i) in writing at the time of the layaway agreement, or (ii) by means of a sign placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the supplier, so as to be readily noticeable and readable by the consumer, or (iii) on the bill of sale. Disclosure shall include the conditions, charges, or fees in the event that a consumer breaches the agreement;
- 16a. Failing to provide written notice to a consumer of an existing open-end credit balance in excess of \$5 (i) on an account maintained by the supplier and (ii) resulting from such consumer's overpayment on such account. Suppliers shall give consumers written notice of such credit balances within 60 days of receiving overpayments. If the credit balance information is incorporated into statements of account furnished consumers by suppliers within such 60-day period, no separate or additional notice is required;
- 17. If a supplier enters into a written agreement with a consumer to resolve a dispute that arises in connection with a consumer transaction, failing to adhere to the terms and conditions of such an agreement;
- 310 18. Violating any provision of the Virginia Health Club Act, Chapter 24 (§ 59.1-294 et seq.);
- 311 19. Violating any provision of the Virginia Home Solicitation Sales Act, Chapter 2.1 (§ 59.1-21.1 et seq.);
- 20. Violating any provision of the Automobile Repair Facilities Act, Chapter 17.1 (§ 59.1-207.1 et seq.);
- 21. Violating any provision of the Virginia Lease-Purchase Agreement Act, Chapter 17.4 (§ 59.1-207.17
- 314 et seq.);

- 22. Violating any provision of the Prizes and Gifts Act, Chapter 31 (§ 59.1-415 et seq.);
- 23. Violating any provision of the Virginia Public Telephone Information Act, Chapter 32 (§ 59.1-424 et
- seq.);
- 24. Violating any provision of § 54.1-1505;
- 25. Violating any provision of the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers' Warranty Adjustment Act, Chapter 17.6
- (§ 59.1-207.34 et seq.);

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- 321 26. Violating any provision of § 3.2-5627, relating to the pricing of merchandise;
- 322 27. Violating any provision of the Pay-Per-Call Services Act, Chapter 33 (§ 59.1-429 et seq.);
- 323 28. Violating any provision of the Extended Service Contract Act, Chapter 34 (§ 59.1-435 et seq.);
- 29. Violating any provision of the Virginia Membership Camping Act, Chapter 25 (§ 59.1-311 et seq.);
- 30. Violating any provision of the Comparison Price Advertising Act, Chapter 17.7 (§ 59.1-207.40 et
- **326** seq.);
- 31. Violating any provision of the Virginia Travel Club Act, Chapter 36 (§ 59.1-445 et seq.);
- 32. Violating any provision of §§ 46.2-1231 and 46.2-1233.1;
- 33. Violating any provision of Chapter 40 (§ 54.1-4000 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 34. Violating any provision of Chapter 10.1 (§ 58.1-1031 et seq.) of Title 58.1;
- 35. Using the consumer's social security number as the consumer's account number with the supplier, if
- 332 the consumer has requested in writing that the supplier use an alternate number not associated with the
- 333 consumer's social security number;
- 36. Violating any provision of Chapter 18 (§ 6.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 37. Violating any provision of § 8.01-40.2;
- 38. Violating any provision of Article 7 (§ 32.1-212 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 32.1;
- 39. Violating any provision of Chapter 34.1 (§ 59.1-441.1 et seq.);
- 40. Violating any provision of Chapter 20 (§ 6.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 41. Violating any provision of the Virginia Post-Disaster Anti-Price Gouging Act, Chapter 46 (§ 59.1-525)
- et seq.). For the purposes of this subdivision, "consumer transaction" has the same meaning as provided in §
- **341** 59.1-526;
- 42. Violating any provision of Chapter 47 (§ 59.1-530 et seq.);
- 343 43. Violating any provision of § 59.1-443.2;
- 44. Violating any provision of Chapter 48 (§ 59.1-533 et seq.);
- 45. Violating any provision of Chapter 25 (§ 6.2-2500 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 46. Violating the provisions of clause (i) of subsection B of § 54.1-1115;
- **347** 47. Violating any provision of § 18.2-239;
- 48. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 59.1-336 et seq.);
- 49. Selling, offering for sale, or manufacturing for sale a children's product the supplier knows or has

- reason to know was recalled by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. There is a rebuttable
- 351 presumption that a supplier has reason to know a children's product was recalled if notice of the recall has
- been posted continuously at least 30 days before the sale, offer for sale, or manufacturing for sale on the
- website of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. This prohibition does not apply to children's
- products that are used, secondhand or "seconds";
- 355 50. Violating any provision of Chapter 44.1 (§ 59.1-518.1 et seq.);
- 51. Violating any provision of Chapter 22 (§ 6.2-2200 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 357 52. Violating any provision of § 8.2-317.1;
- 358 53. Violating subsection A of § 9.1-149.1;
- 359 54. Selling, offering for sale, or using in the construction, remodeling, or repair of any residential dwelling
- in the Commonwealth, any drywall that the supplier knows or has reason to know is defective drywall. This
- 361 subdivision shall not apply to the sale or offering for sale of any building or structure in which defective
- drywall has been permanently installed or affixed;
- 55. Engaging in fraudulent or improper or dishonest conduct as defined in § 54.1-1118 while engaged in a
- transaction that was initiated (i) during a declared state of emergency as defined in § 44-146.16 or (ii) to
- 365 repair damage resulting from the event that prompted the declaration of a state of emergency, regardless of
- whether the supplier is licensed as a contractor in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et
- **367** seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 368 56. Violating any provision of Chapter 33.1 (§ 59.1-434.1 et seq.);
- 369 57. Violating any provision of § 18.2-178, 18.2-178.1, or 18.2-200.1;
- 58. Violating any provision of Chapter 17.8 (§ 59.1-207.45 et seq.). For the purposes of this subdivision,
- 371 "consumer transaction" also includes transactions involving an automatic renewal or continuous service offer
- by a supplier to a small business, as those terms are defined in § 59.1-207.45;
- 59. Violating any provision of subsection E of § 32.1-126;
- 60. Violating any provision of § 54.1-111 relating to the unlicensed practice of a profession licensed under
- 375 Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) or Chapter 21 (§ 54.1-2100 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 376 61. Violating any provision of § 2.2-2001.5;
- 377 62. Violating any provision of Chapter 5.2 (§ 54.1-526 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- **378** 63. Violating any provision of § 6.2-312;

- 64. Violating any provision of Chapter 20.1 (§ 6.2-2026 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 380 65. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 6.2-2600 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 381 66. Violating any provision of Chapter 54 (§ 59.1-586 et seq.);
- 382 67. Knowingly violating any provision of § 8.01-27.5;
- 383 68. Failing to, in accordance with § 59.1-207.46, (i) make available a conspicuous online option to cancel
- a recurring purchase of a good or service or (ii) with respect to a free trial lasting more than 30 days, notify a
- 385 consumer of his option to cancel such free trial within 30 days of the end of the trial period to avoid an
- 386 obligation to pay for the goods or services;
- 387 69. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation,
- 388 that contains a synthetic derivative of tetrahydrocannabinol. As used in this subdivision, "synthetic
- 389 derivative" means a chemical compound produced by man through a chemical transformation to turn a
- 390 compound into a different compound by adding or subtracting molecules to or from the original compound.
- 391 This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug
- 392 Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit
- any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;
- 394 70. Selling or offering for sale to a person younger than 21 years of age any substance intended for human
- consumption, orally or by inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol. This subdivision shall not (i) apply
- 396 to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the
- 397 Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter
- **398** 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;
- 399 71. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation,
- 400 that contains tetrahydrocannabinol, unless such substance is (i) contained in child-resistant packaging, as
- 401 defined in § 4.1-600; (ii) equipped with a label that states, in English and in a font no less than 1/16 of an
- inch, (a) that the substance contains tetrahydrocannabinol and may not be sold to persons younger than 21
- 403 years of age, (b) all ingredients contained in the substance, (c) the amount of such substance that constitutes a
- single serving, and (d) the total percentage and milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol included in the substance
- and the number of milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol that are contained in each serving; and (iii)
- accompanied by a certificate of analysis, produced by an independent laboratory that is accredited pursuant to
- 407 standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization of Standardization by a third-party accrediting

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408	body, that states the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the substance or the tetrahydrocannabinol
409	concentration of the batch from which the substance originates. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to
410	products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the
411	Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter
412	16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;
413	72. Manufacturing, offering for sale at retail, or selling at retail an industrial hemp extract, as defined in §
414	3.2-5145.1, a food containing an industrial hemp extract, or a substance containing tetrahydrocannabinol that
415	depicts or is in the shape of a human, animal, vehicle, or fruit;
416	73. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation,
417	that contains tetrahydrocannabinol and, without authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper
418	that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear the trademark, trade name, famous mark as defined in 15 U.S.C. §
419	1125, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, processor,
420	packer, or distributor of a product intended for human consumption other than the manufacturer, processor,
421	packer, or distributor that did in fact so manufacture, process, pack, or distribute such substance;
422	74. Selling or offering for sale a topical hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that does not include a
423	label stating that the product is not intended for human consumption. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to
424	products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the
425	Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter 16
426	(§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1, or (iii) apply to topical hemp products that were manufactured prior to July
427	1, 2023, provided that the person provides documentation of the date of manufacture if requested;
428	75. Violating any provision of § 59.1-466.8;
429	76. Violating subsection F of § 36-96.3:1;
430	77. Selling or offering for sale (i) any kratom product to a person younger than 21 years of age or (ii) any
431	kratom product that does not include a label listing all ingredients and with the following guidance: "This
432	product may be harmful to your health, has not been evaluated by the FDA, and is not intended to diagnose,
433	treat, cure, or prevent any disease." As used in this subdivision, "kratom" means any part of the leaf of the
434	plant Mitragyna speciosa or any extract thereof;
435	78. Advertising of any ignition interlock system in Virginia by an ignition interlock vendor not approved

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by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program to operate in Virginia; targeted

- 437 advertising of any ignition interlock system to a person before determination of guilt; and any advertising, 438 whether before or after determination of guilt, without a conspicuous statement that such advertisement is not 439 affiliated with any government agency. For purposes of this subdivision, "ignition interlock system" has the same meaning as ascribed to that term in § 18.2-270.1 and "targeted advertising" has the same meaning 440 441 ascribed to that term in § 59.1-575 and includes direct mailings to an individual. This provision shall not 442 apply to ignition interlock service vendor ads, pamphlets, or kiosk advertisements approved by the 443 Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program and provided at a Commission-approved 444 location;
- 79. Failing to disclose the total cost of a good or continuous service, as defined in § 59.1-207.45, to a consumer, including any mandatory fees or charges, prior to entering into an agreement for the sale of any such good or provision of any such continuous service;
- 80. Violating any provision of the Unfair Real Estate Service Agreement Act (§ 55.1-3200 et seq.);
- 81. Selling or offering for sale services as a professional mold remediator to be performed upon any residential dwelling without holding a mold remediation certification from the Institute of Inspection,
 Cleaning and Restoration Certification (HCRC) a nationally or internationally recognized certifying body for
- 452 mold remediation, and failing to comply with (i) the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's publication on
- 453 Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings, as revised; (ii) the ANSI/IICRC S520 Standard for
- 454 Professional Mold Remediation, as revised; or (iii) any other equivalent ANSI-accredited mold remediation
- 455 standard, when conducting or offering to conduct mold remediation in the Commonwealth;
- 456 82. Willfully violating any provision of § 59.1-444.4; and
- 457 83. Violating any provision of Chapter 23.2 (§ 59.1-293.10 et seq.).
- B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate or make unenforceable any contract or lease solely by reason of the failure of such contract or lease to comply with any other law of the Commonwealth
- 460 or any federal statute or regulation, to the extent such other law, statute, or regulation provides that a violation
- 461 of such law, statute, or regulation shall not invalidate or make unenforceable such contract or lease.
- 462 2. That an emergency exists and the provisions of the first enactment of this act are in force from its
- 463 passage.
- 3. That the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation (the Department) shall, in
- 465 consultation with the Virginia Department of Health and mold industry professionals, study the

current state of the mold inspection and mold remediation workforce in the Commonwealth utilizing
the most up-to-date data available to determine whether there is sufficient evidence that the licensure
or certification of mold inspectors and mold remediators would benefit the public health, safety, or
welfare and, if so, recommend educational, experiential, or examination requirements for such
licensure or certification. The Department shall submit a report on the state of the mold inspection and
mold remediation workforce in the Commonwealth to the House Committee on General Laws, the
Senate Committee on General Laws and Technology, and the Joint Commission on Administrative
Rules by January 1, 2026.