Department of Planning and Budget 2025 General Assembly Session State Fiscal Impact Statement

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Bill Number: SB756S1 Patron: Locke

Bill Title: Public education; early childhood care and education, funding formula calculations, etc.

Bill Summary: Requires the Department of Education to (i) establish and maintain a funding formula for the provision of early childhood care and education services that establishes the minimum funding and number of slots per biennium for such providers based on a cost of quality rate per child, actual data from the prior year, unserved waitlists, and a multiplier based on enrollment and parent demand growth in prior biennia; (ii) make disbursements from the Early Childhood Care and Education Fund (the Fund), established in the bill, to support the provision of early childhood care and education services in accordance with the funding formula set forth in the bill; (iii) make certain funding calculations, in consultation with the Virginia Economic Development Partnership, to be included in the funding formula, for the purpose of determining the number of slots to be added to support local or regional economic development efforts; and (iv) submit to the Commission on Early Childhood Care and Education a report on the status of the Fund, including the data used to calculate the minimum funding and number of slots per biennium established pursuant to the funding formula. The bill requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to submit to the Generally Assembly by November 1 of each year a report on Fund revenues, distributions, and balances.

Budget Amendment Necessary: Yes Items Impacted: 125.10

Explanation: A budget language amendment would be required in Item 125.10 to direct any new or

existing state appropriation for Early Childhood Care and Education to be deposited into the new non general Early Childhood Care and Education Fund. Additional funding would need to be provided under Direct Aid to Public Education to fully fund early childhood care and

education services as directed by the bill.

Fiscal Summary: The Department of Education (DOE) anticipates additional general fund would be required in FY26 to fully fund the formula for early childhood care and education that is directed by this bill. Any actual impact is indeterminate and would depend on the formula as developed by DOE for FY26 and future biennia. However, based on available data, to cover certain expansions of early childhood services in FY26 that could be a part of the formula, the additional state cost could be in excess of \$326.4 million in FY26.

General Fund Expenditure Impact:

<u>Agency</u>	FY2025	<u>FY2026</u>	FY2027	FY2028	FY2029	FY2030
201 (DOE)	\$0	Minimum of \$326.4 million	indeterminate	indeterminate	indeterminate	indeterminate
TOTAL	\$0	Minimum of \$326.4 million	indeterminate	indeterminate	indeterminate	indeterminate

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Fiscal Analysis: This bill establishes a new non general Early Childhood Care and Education Fund for the purpose of supporting the provision of early childhood care and education services. If it is the intention of this bill that all state funds provided for early childhood services shall be deposited into this fund, a budget language amendment would be necessary in Item 125.10 to direct that.

The bill directs that funds shall be used to support the provision of early childhood services using a funding formula that establishes the minimum funding and number of slots per biennia based on a cost of quality rate per child, actual data from the prior year, unserved waitlists, and a multiplier based on enrollment and parent demand growth in prior biennia. The bill also requires that the formula include an estimate of the number of slots to be added to support local or regional economic development efforts. The Department of Education (DOE) can absorb any impact to develop this funding formula.

Funding additional slots or higher rates for early childhood services would require additional state funding to be provided for these services under Direct Aid to Public Education in FY26 and ongoing. Any actual impact would depend on the formula that is established by DOE in FY26, including the demand growth multiplier, and recalculated each biennium based on updated data.

There are currently estimates available from DOE on the costs to cover certain expansions of early childhood services in FY26 that could be a part of the formula required by this bill based on DOE projections in the 2025 Annual Report on Early Childhood Care and Education Scenarios published January 2025. DOE estimates that to fully eliminate waitlists and accommodate parent demand across state funded early childhood programs for birth to five children only would require an additional \$7,850,499 general fund in FY26. To fully eliminate birth to five waitlists, accommodate parent demand for birth to five children, and sustain school age children enrollment would require at a minimum \$110,539,179 additional general fund in FY26. DOE notes that these assumptions include the current rate for all programs and do not account for the proposed policy changes included in HB1600/SB800, such as increasing parental copayments, limiting job search, strengthening attendance, and freezing school age participation in the Child Care Subsidy Program; therefore, the additional state cost may be less if changes are adopted. DOE estimates that to fund based on an updated cost-of-quality rate and eliminate wait lists for birth to five and school age enrollment, an additional \$326,413,172 general fund would be required in FY26. The updated cost-of-quality model would calibrate salary assumptions to the most recent DOE salary data for K-12 educators and revise data sources for non-personnel costs based on recommendations from national experts. DOE does not have data on which to base a fiscal impact estimate for the slots required to support local or regional economic development efforts; however, incorporating this data into a formula would increase the estimated total of state general fund needed to comply with the legislation.

Additional information on Early Childhood Care and Education cost scenarios and calculations can be found in DOE's January 2025 Annual Report on Early Childhood Care and Education Scenarios, which can be found on the Reports to the General Assembly website.

Other: This bill is similar to HB2538.