## **2025 SESSION**

	25104374D
1	SENATE BILL NO. 1417
2	Offered January 16, 2025
3	A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Title 59.1 a chapter numbered 58, consisting of sections
4	numbered 59.1-607 through 59.1-610, relating to Digital Content Authenticity and Transparency Act
5	established; civil penalty.
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-	Patron—Ebbin
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8	Referred to Committee on General Laws and Technology
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10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Title 59.1 a chapter numbered 58, consisting of
12	sections numbered 59.1-607 through 59.1-610, as follows:
13	CHAPTER 58.
14	DIGITAL CONTENT AUTHENTICITY AND TRANSPARENCY ACT.
15	§ 59.1-607. Definitions.
16	As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:
17	"Artificial intelligence" means a set of technologies that enables machines to perform tasks under varying
18	and unpredictable circumstances that typically require human oversight or intelligence, or that can learn
19	from experience and improve performance when exposed to data sets.
20	"Artificial intelligence system" means any machine-based system that, for any explicit or implicit
20	objective, infers from the inputs such system receives how to generate outputs, including content, decisions,
22	predictions, and recommendations, that can influence physical or virtual environments.
23	"Capture device" means a device that can take digital photographs or digitally record audio or visual
23 24	content, including digital videography and photography cameras, mobile phones, and digital voice recorders.
25	"Capture device" does not include film cameras or phonographs.
25 26	"Controller" means the same as that term is defined in § 59.1-575.
20	"Developer" means any person doing business in the Commonwealth that develops or significantly
28	updates a generative artificial intelligence system or service that is offered, sold, leased, given, or otherwise
20 29	provided to consumers in the Commonwealth.
30	"Digital content" means any content in digital form, including any audio, image, text, or video content.
31	"Foundation model" means a machine learning model that (i) is trained on broad data at scale, (ii) is
32	designed for generality of output, and (iii) can be adapted to a wide range of distinctive tasks.
33	"General-purpose artificial intelligence model" means any form of artificial intelligence system that (i)
33 34	displays significant generality, (ii) is capable of competently performing a wide range of distinct tasks, and
35	(iii) can be integrated into a variety of downstream applications or systems. "General-purpose artificial
36	intelligence model" does not include any artificial intelligence system that is used for development,
30 37	prototyping, and research activities before such artificial intelligence system is released on the market.
38	"Generative artificial intelligence" means artificial intelligence based on a foundation model that is
39	capable of and used to produce synthetic digital content, including audio, images, text, and videos.
<b>40</b>	"Generative artificial intelligence system or service" means any artificial intelligence system or service
41	that incorporates generative artificial intelligence.
42	"Machine learning" means the development of algorithms to build data-derived statistical models that are
43	capable of drawing inferences from previously unseen data without explicit human instruction.
44	"Online service, product, or feature" means the same as that term is defined in § 59.1-575.
45	"Provenance application tool" means an online service, product, or feature that enables a user to apply
46	provenance data, either directly or through the use of third-party technologies, to synthetic digital content.
47	"Provenance data" means information, such as the origin of a piece of digital content and the history of
48	modifications to the digital content, that is in a format which is compliant with widely adopted guidelines or
<b>4</b> 9	specifications formulgated by an established standard-setting body, and which includes (i) whether some or
50	all of the digital content is synthetic digital content and (ii) when there is synthetic digital content, the name
50 51	of the developer whose generative artificial intelligence system or service generated the synthetic digital
51 52	content.
52 53	"Provenance reader" means an online service, product, or feature that enables a user to view the
55 54	provenance data, if any, of synthetic digital content.
54 55	"Significant update" means any new version, new release, or other update to a generative artificial
55 56	intelligence system or service that results in significant changes to such system's or service's use case or key
50 57	functionality.
58	"Synthetic digital content" means any digital content, including any audio, image, or video, that is
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59 produced or manipulated by a generative artificial intelligence system or service.

60 "User" means a person who uses an online service, product, or feature, including a generative artificial intelligence system or service, or who uses a capture device. 61

## 62 § 59.1-608. Duties of developers.

A. A developer of a generative artificial intelligence system or service shall apply provenance data, either 63 64 directly or through the use of third-party technologies, to synthetic digital content that is wholly generated by such developer's generative artificial intelligence system or service. 65

B. A developer of a generative artificial intelligence system or service shall make available to the public:

1. A provenance application tool; and

68 2. A provenance reader. 69

## § 59.1-609. Requirements; provenance data.

70 A. A controller of an online service, product, or feature shall retain any available provenance data in the 71 digital content provided to such service, product, or feature and shall make available to a user either (i) the 72 provenance data of the digital content, (ii) a conspicuous indicator of whether provenance data is or is not 73 available for the digital content, or (iii) both clauses (i) and (ii).

74 B. A capture device shall include a provenance application tool that is made known and available to the 75 user and that the user may use to apply provenance data to the digital content captured with such device. A 76 provenance application tool shall be enabled on a capture device unless the user disables such tool. 77

## § 59.1-610. Enforcement; civil penalty.

A. The Attorney General shall have the exclusive authority to enforce the provisions of this chapter.

79 B. Whenever the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that any person has engaged in or is 80 engaging in any violation of this chapter, the Attorney General is empowered to issue a civil investigative 81 demand. The provisions of § 59.1-9.10 shall apply mutatis mutandis to civil investigative demands issued 82 pursuant to this section.

83 C. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, the Attorney General may bring an action in the 84 appropriate circuit court in the name of the Commonwealth to enjoin any violation of this chapter. The 85 circuit court having jurisdiction may enjoin such violation notwithstanding the existence of an adequate 86 alternative remedy at law. In any action brought pursuant to this chapter, it shall not be necessary that 87 damages be proved.

88 D. Any person who violates the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount 89 not to exceed \$1,000 plus reasonable attorney fees, expenses, and costs, as determined by the court. Any 90 person who willfully violates the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount of 91 not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000 plus reasonable attorney fees, expenses, and costs, as 92 determined by the court. Such civil penalties shall be paid into the Literary Fund.

93 E. Each violation of this chapter shall constitute a separate violation and shall be subject to any civil 94 penalties imposed under this section.

95 F. Prior to causing an action against a developer, a controller, or any other person for a violation of this 96 chapter pursuant to subsection C, the Attorney General shall determine if it is possible to cure the violation. If it is possible to cure such violation, the Attorney General may issue a notice of violation to a developer, a 97 98 controller, or any other person and afford such developer, controller, or person the opportunity to cure such 99 violation within 30 days of the receipt of such notice of violation. In determining whether to grant such 100 opportunity to cure such violation, the Attorney General shall consider (i) the number of prior violations; (ii) the size and complexity of the developer, controller, or person; (iii) the nature and extent of the developer, 101 102 controller, or person's business; (iv) the substantial likelihood of injury to the public; (v) the safety of persons 103 or property; and (vi) whether such violation was likely caused by human or technical error. If the developer, 104 controller, or person fails to cure such violation within 30 days of the receipt of such notice or violation, the Attorney General may proceed with such action. 105 2. That the provisions of this act shall become effective on July 1, 2026. 106