2025 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 2520 Offered January 13, 2025

Prefiled January 8, 2025

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-253.1 and 19.2-152.9 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 1 of Title 44 an article numbered 2.1, consisting of sections numbered 44-24.2 through 44-24.5, relating to Virginia military forces; Sexual Offense Prevention and Response Program established.

Patrons-Cole, Delaney, Feggans, Glass, Thomas, Anthony, Askew, Bennett-Parker, Bulova, Callsen, Carr, Clark, Cohen, Convirs-Fowler, Cousins, Gardner, Hayes, Helmer, Henson, Hernandez, Herring, Hope, Keys-Gamarra, Krizek, Lopez, Maldonado, Martinez, McClure, McQuinn, Mundon King, Price, Rasoul, Reaser, Seibold, Sewell, Shin, Sickles, Simon, Simonds, Torian, Tran, Ward, Watts and Willett; Senators: Favola and Salim

Referred to Committee on Public Safety

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

13 1. That §§ 16.1-253.1 and 19.2-152.9 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 1 of Title 44 an article numbered 2.1, consisting of 14 15 sections numbered 44-24.2 through 44-24.5, as follows:

§ 16.1-253.1. Preliminary protective orders in cases of family abuse; confidentiality.

16 17 A. Upon the filing of a petition alleging that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable period of time, subjected to family abuse, or the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend a protective 18 19 order pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 without alleging that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable period of time, subject to family abuse, the court may issue a preliminary protective order against an allegedly 20 abusing person in order to protect the health and safety of the petitioner or any family or household member 21 of the petitioner. The order may be issued in an ex parte proceeding upon good cause shown when the 22 23 petition is supported by an affidavit or sworn testimony before the judge or intake officer or upon the filing of 24 a written motion requesting a hearing to extend a protective order pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 without alleging 25 that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable period of time, subject to family abuse. If an ex parte order is issued without an affidavit or a completed form as prescribed by subsection D of § 16.1-253.4 being 26 27 presented, the court, in its order, shall state the basis upon which the order was entered, including a summary 28 of the allegations made and the court's findings. Immediate and present danger of family abuse or evidence 29 sufficient to establish probable cause that family abuse has recently occurred shall constitute good cause. 30 Evidence that the petitioner has been subjected to family abuse within a reasonable time and evidence of immediate and present danger of family abuse may be established by a showing that (i) the allegedly abusing 31 person is incarcerated and is to be released from incarceration within 30 days following the petition or has 32 33 been released from incarceration within 30 days prior to the petition, (ii) the crime for which the allegedly abusing person was convicted and incarcerated involved family abuse against the petitioner, and (iii) the 34 35 allegedly abusing person has made threatening contact with the petitioner while he was incarcerated, exhibiting a renewed threat to the petitioner of family abuse. A Virginia military protective order issued by 36 37 the Sexual Offense Prevention and Response Officer pursuant to Article 2.1 (§ 44-24.2 et seq.) of Chapter 1 38 of Title 44 on behalf of a victim who has made a restricted report or an unrestricted report, as those terms 39 are defined in § 44-24.2, shall constitute good cause for the court to find there is an immediate and present 40 danger of family abuse to the petitioner.

A preliminary protective order may include any one or more of the following conditions to be imposed on the allegedly abusing person:

1. Prohibiting acts of family abuse or criminal offenses that result in injury to person or property.

2. Prohibiting such contacts by the respondent with the petitioner or family or household members of the petitioner as the court deems necessary for the health or safety of such persons.

3. Granting the petitioner possession of the premises occupied by the parties to the exclusion of the allegedly abusing person; however, no such grant of possession shall affect title to any real or personal property.

49 4. Enjoining the respondent from terminating any necessary utility service to a premises that the petitioner has been granted possession of pursuant to subdivision 3 or, where appropriate, ordering the respondent to 50 51 restore utility services to such premises.

5. Granting the petitioner and, where appropriate, any other family or household member of the petitioner, 52 53 exclusive use and possession of a cellular telephone number or electronic device and the password to such 54 device. The court may enjoin the respondent from terminating a cellular telephone number or electronic

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device before the expiration of the contract term with a third-party provider. The court may enjoin therespondent from using a cellular telephone or other electronic device to locate or surveille the petitioner.

6. Granting the petitioner temporary possession or use of a motor vehicle owned by the petitioner alone or
jointly owned by the parties to the exclusion of the allegedly abusing person; however, no such grant of
possession or use shall affect title to the vehicle.

7. Requiring that the allegedly abusing person provide suitable alternative housing for the petitioner and any other family or household member and, where appropriate, requiring the respondent to pay deposits to connect or restore necessary utility services in the alternative housing provided.

63 8. Granting the petitioner the possession of any companion animal as defined in § 3.2-6500 if such petitioner meets the definition of owner in § 3.2-6500.

9. Any other relief necessary for the protection of the petitioner and family or household members of the petitioner.

B. The court shall forthwith, but in all cases no later than the end of the business day on which the order 67 was issued, enter and transfer electronically to the Virginia Criminal Information Network the respondent's 68 69 identifying information and the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person provided to the 70 court. A copy of a preliminary protective order containing any such identifying information shall be forwarded forthwith to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective 71 orders. Upon receipt of the order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify 72 and enter any modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information 73 required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network established and 74 maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served 75 76 forthwith on the allegedly abusing person in person as provided in § 16.1-264 and due return made to the 77 court. However, if the order is issued by the circuit court, the clerk of the circuit court shall forthwith forward 78 an attested copy of the order containing the respondent's identifying information and the name, date of birth, 79 sex, and race of each protected person provided to the court to the primary law-enforcement agency providing service and entry of protective orders and upon receipt of the order, the primary law-enforcement agency 80 shall enter the name of the person subject to the order and other appropriate information required by the 81 82 Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network established and maintained by 83 the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served forthwith on the allegedly abusing person in person as provided in § 16.1-264. Upon service, the agency making service 84 shall enter the date and time of service and other appropriate information required by the Department of State 85 86 Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network and make due return to the court. The preliminary 87 order shall specify a date for the full hearing. The hearing shall be held within 15 days of the issuance of the 88 preliminary order, unless the hearing has been continued pursuant to this subsection or court is closed 89 pursuant to § 16.1-69.35 or 17.1-207 and such closure prevents the hearing from being held within such time 90 period, in which case the hearing shall be held on the next day not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day 91 on which the court is lawfully closed. If such court is closed pursuant to § 16.1-69.35 or 17.1-207, the 92 preliminary protective order shall remain in full force and effect until it is dissolved by such court, until 93 another preliminary protective order is entered, or until a protective order is entered. If the respondent fails to 94 appear at this hearing because the respondent was not personally served, or if personally served was 95 incarcerated and not transported to the hearing, the court may extend the protective order for a period not to 96 exceed six months. The extended protective order shall be served forthwith on the respondent. However, 97 where the respondent shows good cause, the court may continue the hearing. The preliminary order shall 98 remain in effect until the hearing. Upon request after the order is issued, the clerk shall provide the petitioner 99 with a copy of the order and information regarding the date and time of service. The order shall further 100 specify that either party may at any time file a motion with the court requesting a hearing to dissolve or modify the order. The hearing on the motion shall be given precedence on the docket of the court. Upon 101 102 petitioner's motion to dissolve the preliminary protective order, a dissolution order may be issued ex parte by the court with or without a hearing. If an ex parte hearing is held, it shall be heard by the court as soon as 103 practicable. If a dissolution order is issued ex parte, the court shall serve a copy of such dissolution order on 104 respondent in conformity with §§ 8.01-286.1 and 8.01-296. 105

106 Upon receipt of the return of service or other proof of service pursuant to subsection C of § 16.1-264, the clerk shall forthwith forward an attested copy of the preliminary protective order to the primary 107 law-enforcement agency, and the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary into 108 the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above. If the order is later dissolved or modified, a 109 copy of the dissolution or modification order shall also be attested, forwarded forthwith to the primary 110 law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders, and upon receipt of the order 111 by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any modification as 112 113 necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information required by the Department of 114 State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above and the order shall be served 115 forthwith and due return made to the court.

116 C. The preliminary order is effective upon personal service on the allegedly abusing person. Except as

HB2520

117 otherwise provided in § 16.1-253.2, a violation of the order shall constitute contempt of court.

D. In the event that the allegedly abused person is a minor and an emergency protective order was issued
 pursuant to § 16.1-253.4 for the protection of such minor and the respondent is a parent, guardian, or person
 standing in loco parentis, the attorney for the Commonwealth or a law-enforcement officer may file a petition
 on behalf of such minor as his next friend before such emergency protective order expires or within 24 hours
 of the expiration of such emergency protective order.

E. At a full hearing on the petition, the court may issue a protective order pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 if the court finds that the petitioner has proven the allegation of family abuse by a preponderance of the evidence.

F. Neither a law-enforcement agency, the attorney for the Commonwealth, a court nor the clerk's office, nor any employee of them, may disclose, except among themselves, the residential address, telephone number, or place of employment of the person protected by the order or that of the family of such person, except to the extent that disclosure is (i) required by law or the Rules of the Supreme Court, (ii) necessary for law-enforcement purposes, or (iii) permitted by the court for good cause.

G. As used in this section, "copy" includes a facsimile copy.

H. No fee shall be charged for filing or serving any petition or order pursuant to this section.

I. Upon issuance of a preliminary protective order, the clerk of the court shall make available to the
 petitioner information that is published by the Department of Criminal Justice Services for victims of
 domestic violence or for petitioners in protective order cases.

J. The respondent may be required to notify the court in writing within seven days of any change of residence while the preliminary protective order is in effect, provided that the respondent has been served a copy of such order in accordance with the provisions of this section. Any failure of a respondent to make such required notification shall be punishable by contempt.

§ 19.2-152.9. Preliminary protective orders.

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140 A. Upon the filing of a petition alleging that (i) the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable period of 141 time, subjected to an act of violence, force, or threat, or (ii) a petition or warrant has been issued for the arrest of the alleged perpetrator for any criminal offense resulting from the commission of an act of violence, force, 142 143 or threat, or the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to extend a protective order pursuant to § 144 19.2-152.10 without alleging that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable period of time, subject to 145 an act of violence, force, or threat, or that a petition or warrant has been issued for the arrest of the alleged 146 perpetrator for any criminal offense resulting from the commission of an act of violence, force, or threat, the 147 court may issue a preliminary protective order against the alleged perpetrator in order to protect the health 148 and safety of the petitioner or any family or household member of the petitioner. The order may be issued in 149 an ex parte proceeding upon good cause shown when the petition is supported by an affidavit or sworn 150 testimony before the judge or intake officer or upon the filing of a written motion requesting a hearing to 151 extend a protective order pursuant to § 19.2-152.10. If an ex parte order is issued without an affidavit or a 152 completed form as prescribed by subsection D of § 19.2-152.8 being presented, the court, in its order, shall state the basis upon which the order was entered, including a summary of the allegations made and the court's 153 154 findings. Immediate and present danger of any act of violence, force, or threat or evidence sufficient to 155 establish probable cause that an act of violence, force, or threat has recently occurred shall constitute good 156 cause. A Virginia military protective order issued by the Sexual Offense Prevention and Response Officer pursuant to Article 2.1 (§ 44-24.2 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 44 on behalf of a victim who has made a 157 restricted report or an unrestricted report, as those terms are defined in § 44-24.2, shall constitute good 158 159 cause for the court to find there is an immediate and present danger of any act of violence, force, or threat 160 thereof to the petitioner.

161 A preliminary protective order may include any one or more of the following conditions to be imposed on 162 the respondent:

1. Prohibiting acts of violence, force, or threat or criminal offenses that may result in injury to person orproperty;

2. Prohibiting such other contacts by the respondent with the petitioner or the petitioner's family orhousehold members as the court deems necessary for the health and safety of such persons;

3. Such other conditions as the court deems necessary to prevent (i) acts of violence, force, or threat, (ii)
criminal offenses that may result in injury to person or property, or (iii) communication or other contact of
any kind by the respondent; and

4. Granting the petitioner the possession of any companion animal as defined in § 3.2-6500 if such petitioner meets the definition of owner in § 3.2-6500.

B. The court shall forthwith, but in all cases no later than the end of the business day on which the order was issued, enter and transfer electronically to the Virginia Criminal Information Network the respondent's identifying information and the name, date of birth, sex, and race of each protected person provided to the court. A copy of a preliminary protective order containing any such identifying information shall be forwarded forthwith to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders. Upon receipt of the order by the primary law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify HB2520

178 and enter any modification as necessary to the identifying information and other appropriate information 179 required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served 180 181 forthwith on the alleged perpetrator in person as provided in § 16.1-264, and due return made to the court. However, if the order is issued by the circuit court, the clerk of the circuit court shall forthwith forward an 182 attested copy of the order containing the respondent's identifying information and the name, date of birth, sex, 183 and race of each protected person provided to the court to the primary law-enforcement agency providing 184 service and entry of protective orders and upon receipt of the order, the primary law-enforcement agency 185 shall enter the name of the person subject to the order and other appropriate information required by the 186 187 Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network established and maintained by the Department pursuant to Chapter 2 (§ 52-12 et seq.) of Title 52 and the order shall be served forthwith on 188 189 the alleged perpetrator in person as provided in § 16.1-264. Upon service, the agency making service shall 190 enter the date and time of service and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network and make due return to the court. The preliminary 191 192 order shall specify a date for the full hearing. The hearing shall be held within 15 days of the issuance of the 193 preliminary order, unless the hearing has been continued pursuant to this subsection or the court is closed pursuant to § 16.1-69.35 or 17.1-207 and such closure prevents the hearing from being held within such time 194 195 period, in which case the hearing shall be held on the next day not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day 196 on which the court is lawfully closed. If such court is closed pursuant to § 16.1-69.35 or 17.1-207, the preliminary protective order shall remain in full force and effect until it is dissolved by such court, until 197 198 another preliminary protective order is entered, or until a protective order is entered. If the respondent fails to 199 appear at this hearing because the respondent was not personally served, the court may extend the protective order for a period not to exceed six months. The extended protective order shall be served as soon as possible 200 201 on the respondent. However, where the respondent shows good cause, the court may continue the hearing. The preliminary order shall remain in effect until the hearing. Upon request after the order is issued, the clerk 202 203 shall provide the petitioner with a copy of the order and information regarding the date and time of service. 204 The order shall further specify that either party may at any time file a motion with the court requesting a 205 hearing to dissolve or modify the order. The hearing on the motion shall be given precedence on the docket of 206 the court. Upon petitioner's motion to dissolve the preliminary protective order, a dissolution order may be 207 issued ex parte by the court with or without a hearing. If an ex parte hearing is held, it shall be heard by the court as soon as practicable. If a dissolution order is issued ex parte, the court shall serve a copy of such 208 209 dissolution order on respondent in conformity with §§ 8.01-286.1 and 8.01-296.

Upon receipt of the return of service or other proof of service pursuant to subsection C of § 16.1-264, the 210 211 clerk shall forthwith forward an attested copy of the preliminary protective order to primary law-enforcement agency and the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary into the Virginia 212 213 Criminal Information Network as described above. If the order is later dissolved or modified, a copy of the 214 dissolution or modification order shall also be attested, forwarded forthwith to the primary law-enforcement agency responsible for service and entry of protective orders, and upon receipt of the order by the primary 215 law-enforcement agency, the agency shall forthwith verify and enter any modification as necessary to the 216 217 identifying information and other appropriate information required by the Department of State Police into the Virginia Criminal Information Network as described above and the order shall be served forthwith and due 218 219 return made to the court.

220 C. The preliminary order is effective upon personal service on the alleged perpetrator. Except as otherwise 221 provided, a violation of the order shall constitute contempt of court.

222 D. At a full hearing on the petition, the court may issue a protective order pursuant to § 19.2-152.10 if the 223 court finds that the petitioner has proven the allegation that the petitioner is or has been, within a reasonable 224 period of time, subjected to an act of violence, force, or threat by a preponderance of the evidence. 225

E. No fees shall be charged for filing or serving petitions pursuant to this section.

226 F. Neither a law-enforcement agency, the attorney for the Commonwealth, a court nor the clerk's office, 227 nor any employee of them, may disclose, except among themselves, the residential address, telephone number, or place of employment of the person protected by the order or that of the family of such person, 228 229 except to the extent that disclosure is (i) required by law or the Rules of the Supreme Court, (ii) necessary for law-enforcement purposes, or (iii) permitted by the court for good cause. 230 231

G. As used in this section, "copy" includes a facsimile copy.

232 H. Upon issuance of a preliminary protective order, the clerk of the court shall make available to the 233 petitioner information that is published by the Department of Criminal Justice Services for victims of 234 domestic violence or for petitioners in protective order cases.

235 I. The respondent may be required to notify the court in writing within seven days of any change of 236 residence while the preliminary protective order is in effect, provided that the respondent has been served a 237 copy of such order in accordance with the provisions of this section. Any failure of a respondent to make 238 such required notification shall be punishable by contempt.

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Article 2.1.

HB2520

5 of 6

Sexual Offense Prevention and Response.

241 § 44-24.2. Definitions.

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- 242 For the purposes of this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:
- 243 "Criminal sexual assault" means a violation of any offense enumerated in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of 244 Chapter 4 of Title 18.2.
- 245 "Department" means the Department of Military Affairs established pursuant to § 44-11.
- 246 "Virginia military protective order" means a protective order issued by the Officer on behalf of a victim of 247 an offense of criminal sexual assault in response to a restricted report or an unrestricted report made (i) by a
- 248 member of the Virginia military forces or (ii) against a member of the Virginia military forces.
- 249 "Officer" means the Sexual Offense Prevention and Response Officer.
- 250 "Program" means the Sexual Offense Prevention and Response Program.
- 251 "Restricted report" means a reporting option in which the victim of criminal sexual assault may 252 confidentially, and without initiating an investigation, disclose such offense to the Officer so that such victim 253 may receive emergency care, medical treatment, and counseling. Such restricted report shall not be referred 254 to law enforcement without the victim's consent.
- 255 "Unrestricted report" means a reporting option in which the victim of criminal sexual assault may disclose, without requesting confidentiality or a restricted report, such offense to the Officer. 256
- 257 "Virginia military forces" means the Virginia National Guard, which shall include the Virginia Army 258 National Guard and the Virginia Air National Guard, and the Virginia Defense Force.
- 259 § 44-24.3. Sexual Offense Prevention and Response Program created; Sexual Offense Prevention and 260 **Response** Officer.
- 261 A. There is created within the Department of Military Affairs the Sexual Offense Prevention and Response 262 Program and there is established within the Program a Sexual Offense Prevention and Response Officer. The 263 Program and Officer shall exercise the authority granted by this article independently from the chain of command within the Department. 264
 - B. The Officer shall:

1. Perform victim advocacy services for victims of criminal sexual assault, including helping victims to 266 267 understand the available reporting options and to receive the appropriate medical treatment and counseling;

- 268 2. Accept reports for alleged criminal sexual assault made (i) by a person who is a member of the Virginia 269 military forces or (ii) against a person who is a member of the Virginia military forces;
- 270 3. Provide any victim who makes a report pursuant to this section with information regarding 271 compensation for victims of crime pursuant to Chapter 21.1 (§ 19.2-368.1 et seq.) of Title 19.2; and
- 272 4. Upon the request and with the consent of a victim of a criminal sexual assault who has made a 273 restricted report or unrestricted report, file a petition for a protective order on behalf of such victim consistent with the provisions of §§ 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, and 16.1-279.1 and Chapter 9.1 (§ 19.2-152.7:1 274 275 et seq.) of Title 19.2.
- 276 C. A victim of criminal sexual assault who is a member of the Virginia military forces shall be able to (i)277 file with the Officer either a restricted or an unrestricted report and, if such victim files a restricted report, be 278 allowed to change such restricted report to an unrestricted report at any time; (ii) participate in the U.S. 279 Department of Defense Catch a Serial Offender program; and (iii) receive notice when the Officer is made 280 aware that the accused person has been subsequently accused of an offense of criminal sexual assault by a 281 member of the Virginia military forces or any other person. 282

§ 44-24.4. Investigation of unrestricted reports.

283 A. Upon the filing of an unrestricted report, the Officer shall refer such unrestricted report to the State 284 Police or to a local law-enforcement agency, whichever is appropriate, for the initial collection of evidence.

285 B. A local law-enforcement agency responsible for such initial collection of evidence in accordance with subsection A shall provide to the State Police, upon request of the State Police, any such evidence collected 286 287 or other information relevant to the unrestricted report. 288

§ 44-24.5. Annual report.

- 289 A. The Adjutant General, in coordination with the Officer, shall submit a report regarding the Program 290 annually to the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the Speaker of the House of Delegates, and the chairmen 291 of both the House and Senate Committees for Courts of Justice. 292
 - B. Using data collected by the Officer, the annual report shall include:
- 293 1. The policies and procedures of the Program implemented by the Officer and the Adjutant General 294 designed to prevent and respond to criminal sexual assault incidents, including procedures for making and 295 filing restricted and unrestricted reports:
- 296 2. An assessment of the implementation and effectiveness of such policies and procedures, including 297 oversight of and the Commonwealth's response to restricted and unrestricted reports:
- 298 3. An analysis of the number of reports of criminal sexual assault offenses involving members of the 299 Virginia military forces; and
- 300 4. Any areas of improvement or deficiencies in the Department's training of the Officer.
- 301 C. Any information included in the annual report regarding a restricted report shall be limited to

- 302 aggregated statistical data and shall not include any identifying information. Any information in the annual
- 303 report regarding unrestricted reports shall include:
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- Types of criminal sexual assault offenses reported;
 Information relating to victims and persons accused; 305
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- 3. The status of investigations and prosecutions initiated in accordance with this article; and 4. The status of any administrative action taken by the Department against members of Virginia military 307
- 308 forces who are on state active duty pursuant to § 44-75.1.