## 2025 SESSION

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## HOUSE BILL NO. 2020

Offered January 13, 2025 Prefiled January 7, 2025

A BILL to amend and reenact § 33.2-319 of the Code of Virginia, relating to highway maintenance; Town of New Market.

Patrons-Gilbert; Senator: French

Referred to Committee on Transportation

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 33.2-319 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 33.2-319. Payments to cities and certain towns for maintenance of certain highways.

A. The Commissioner of Highways, subject to the approval of the Board, shall make payments for maintenance, construction, or reconstruction of highways to all cities and towns eligible for funds under this section. Such payments, however, shall only be made if those highways functionally classified as principal and minor arterial roads are maintained to a standard satisfactory to the Department. Whenever any city or town qualifies under this section for allocation of funds, such qualification shall continue to apply to such city or town regardless of any subsequent change in population and shall cease to apply only when so specifically provided by an act of the General Assembly.

Funds are allocated to urban highways in (i) all towns that have a population of more than 3,500
according to the last preceding United States census; (ii) all towns that, according to evidence satisfactory to
the Board, have attained a population of more than 3,500 since the last preceding United States census; (iii)
Chase City, Elkton, Grottoes, Narrows, Pearisburg, and Saltville, which, on June 30, 1985, maintained certain
streets under former § 33.1-80 as then in effect; (iv) all cities regardless of their populations; and (v) the
Towns of Altavista, Dublin, Lebanon, *New Market*, and Wise.

B. No payments shall be made to any such city or town unless the portion of the highway for which such payment is made either (i) has (a) an unrestricted right-of-way at least 50 feet wide and (b) a hard-surface width of at least 30 feet; (ii) has (a) an unrestricted right-of-way at least 80 feet wide, (b) a hard-surface width of at least 24 feet, and (c) approved engineering plans for the ultimate construction of an additional hard-surface width of at least 24 feet within the same right-of-way; (iii)(a) is a cul-de-sac, (b) has an unrestricted right-of-way at least 40 feet wide, and (c) has a turnaround that meets applicable standards set by the Department; (iv) either (a) has been paved and has constituted part of the primary or secondary state highway system prior to annexation or incorporation or (b) has constituted part of the secondary state highway system prior to annexation or incorporation and is paved to a minimum width of 16 feet subsequent to such annexation or incorporation and with the further exception of streets or portions thereof that have previously been maintained under the provisions of § 33.2-339 or 33.2-340; (v) was eligible for and receiving such payments under the laws of the Commonwealth in effect on June 30, 1985; (vi) is a street established prior to July 1, 1950, that has an unrestricted right-of-way width of not less than 30 feet and a hard-surface width of not less than 16 feet; (vii) is a street functionally classified as a local street that was constructed on or after January 1, 1996, and that at the time of approval by the city or town met the criteria for pavement width and right-of-way of the then-current design standards for subdivision streets as set forth in regulations adopted by the Board; (viii) is a street previously eligible to receive street payments that is located in the City of Norfolk or the City of Richmond and is closed to public travel, pursuant to legislation enacted by the governing body of the locality in which it is located, for public safety reasons, within the boundaries of a publicly funded housing development owned and operated by the local housing authority; or (ix) is a local street, otherwise eligible, containing one or more physical protuberances placed within the right-of-way for the purpose of controlling the speed of traffic.

48 However, the Commissioner of Highways may waive the requirements as to hard-surface pavement or 49 right-of-way width for highways where the width modification is at the request of the governing body of the 50 locality and is to protect the quality of the affected locality's drinking water supply or, for highways 51 constructed on or after July 1, 1994, to accommodate some other special circumstance where such action 52 would not compromise the health, safety, or welfare of the public. The modification is subject to such 53 conditions as the Commissioner of Highways may prescribe.

54 C. For the purpose of calculating allocations and making payments under this section, the Department 55 shall divide affected highways into two categories, which shall be distinct from but based on functional 56 classifications established by the Federal Highway Administration: (i) principal and minor arterial roads and 57 (ii) collector roads and local streets. Payments made to affected localities shall be based on the number of 58 moving-lane-miles of highways or portions thereof available to peak-hour traffic in that locality.

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59 D. Any city converting an existing moving-lane that qualifies for payments under this section to a 60 transit-only lane after July 1, 2014, shall remain eligible for such payments but shall not receive additional funds as a result of such conversion. Any city or town converting an existing moving-lane that qualifies for 61 payments under this section to a bicycle-only lane after July 1, 2014, shall remain eligible for such payments, 62 provided that (i) the number of moving-lane-miles converted is not more than 50 moving-lane-miles or three 63 percent of the city's or town's total number of moving-lane-miles on July 1, 2014, whichever is less, and (ii) 64 prior to any such conversion, the city or town certifies that the conversion design has been assessed by a 65 professional engineer licensed in the Commonwealth pursuant to Chapter 4 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 66 and that the assessment has demonstrated that (a) the level of service of the street to be converted will not be 67 68 reduced or if it will be reduced that the associated roadway network will retain adequate capacity to meet 69 current and future mobility needs of all users and (b) the conversion has been designed in accordance with the 70 National Association of City Transportation Officials' Urban Bikeway Design Guide. Any such city or town 71 shall not receive additional funds as a result of such conversion to a bicycle-only lane and shall annually 72 expend funds on road and street maintenance and operations that are at least equal to funds spent on road and 73 street maintenance and operations in the year prior to such conversion. For purposes of this subsection, "level 74 of service" has the meaning provided in the Transportation Research Board's Highway Capacity Manual.

E. The Department shall recommend to the Board an annual rate per category to be computed using the
base rate of growth planned for the Department's Highway Maintenance and Operations program. The Board
shall establish the annual rates of such payments as part of its allocation for such purpose, and the
Department shall use those rates to calculate and put into effect annual changes in each qualifying city's or
town's payment under this section.

80 The payments by the Department shall be paid in equal sums in each quarter of the fiscal year, and81 payments shall not exceed the allocation of the Board.

F. The chief administrative officer of the city or town receiving these funds shall make annual categorical
reports of expenditures to the Department, in such form as the Board shall prescribe, accounting for all
expenditures, certifying that none of the money received has been expended for other than maintenance,
construction, or reconstruction of the streets, and reporting on their performance as specified in subsection B
of § 33.2-352. Such reports shall be included in the scope of the annual audit of each municipality conducted
by independent certified public accountants.