2025 SESSION

25100326D

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32 33

34

35

36

37 38

39

40

HOUSE BILL NO. 1607

Offered January 13, 2025 Prefiled January 3, 2025

- A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 15.2-915.5, 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 18.2-308.2:3, 18.2-308.2:5, 18.2-308.7, and 19.2-386.28 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 18.2-287.4:1, 18.2-287.4:2, 18.2-308.1:9, and 18.2-309.1, relating to purchase, possession, sale, transfer, etc., of assault firearms and certain ammunition feeding devices prohibited; penalties.
- Patrons-Helmer, Krizek, McClure, Reaser, Singh, Anthony, Bennett-Parker, Callsen, Carr, Cohen, Cousins, Gardner, Henson, Herring, Lopez, Martinez, McQuinn, Price, Reid, Seibold, Shin, Sullivan, Tran, Ward and Watts

Referred to Committee on Public Safety

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

14 1. That §§ 15.2-915.5, 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.2:2, 18.2-308.2:3, 18.2-308.2:5, 18.2-308.7, and 15 19.2-386.28 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 18.2-287.4:1, 18.2-287.4:2, 18.2-308.1:9, and 18.2-309.1 as 16 17 follows: 18

§ 15.2-915.5. Disposition of firearms acquired by localities.

19 A. No locality or agent of such locality may participate in any program in which individuals are given a 20 thing of value provided by another individual or other entity in exchange for surrendering a firearm to the locality or agent of such locality unless (i) the governing body of the locality has enacted an ordinance, 21 pursuant to § 15.2-1425, authorizing the participation of the locality or agent of such locality in such program 22 23 or (ii) the program is a voluntary gun buy-back or give-back program for the surrendering of an assault 24 firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2.

B. Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this section shall require that any firearm received, except a firearm of the type defined in § 18.2-288 or 18.2-299 or a firearm the transfer for which is prohibited by federal law, shall be destroyed by the locality unless the person surrendering the firearm requests in writing that the firearm be offered for sale by public auction or sealed bids to a person licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq. Notice of the date, time, and place of any sale conducted pursuant to this subsection shall be given by advertisement in at least two newspapers published and having general circulation in the Commonwealth, at least one of which shall have general circulation in the locality in which the property to be sold is located. At least 30 days shall elapse between publication of the notice and the auction or the date on which sealed bids will be opened. Any firearm remaining in possession of the locality or agent of the locality after attempts to sell at public auction or by sealed bids shall be disposed of in a manner the locality deems proper, which may include destruction of the firearm or, subject to any registration requirements of federal law, sale of the firearm to a licensed dealer.

§ 18.2-287.4:1. Importation, sale, manufacture, etc., of assault firearms prohibited; penalty.

A. As used in this section, an "assault firearm" means the same as that term is defined in § 18.2-308.2:2.

B. Any person who imports, sells, manufactures, purchases, or transfers an assault firearm is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

41 C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) any government officer, agent, or employee, or 42 member of the Armed Forces of the United States, to the extent that such person is otherwise authorized to 43 acquire or possess an assault firearm and does so while acting within the scope of his duties; (ii) the 44 manufacture of an assault firearm by a firearms manufacturer for the purpose of sale to any branch of the 45 Armed Forces of the United States, senior military colleges in the Commonwealth organized under 10 U.S.C. § 2111a(f), or to a law-enforcement agency in the Commonwealth for use by that agency or its employees, 46 provided that the manufacturer is properly licensed under federal, state, and local laws; (iii) the sale or 47 transfer of an assault firearm by a licensed dealer to any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States or 48 49 to a law-enforcement agency in the Commonwealth for use by that agency or its employees; or (iv) any member of a cadet corps who is recognized by a public institution of higher education while such member is 50 in the performance of lawful military training or such member is participating in an official ceremonial event 51 52 for the Commonwealth.

53 § 18.2-287.4:2. Importation, sale, possession, etc., of assault firearms prohibited by persons younger 54 than 21 years of age; penalty.

55 A. As used in this section, an "assault firearm" means the same as that term is defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 56 except that it includes such firearms manufactured before July 1, 2025.

71

72

82 83

87

102

57 B. Any person younger than 21 years of age who imports, sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses, 58 transports, or transfers an assault firearm is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

59 C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) any government officer, agent, or employee. or 60 member of the Armed Forces of the United States, to the extent that such person is otherwise authorized to acquire or possess an assault firearm and does so while acting within the scope of his duties; (ii) the 61 62 manufacture of an assault firearm by a firearms manufacturer for the purpose of sale to any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States, senior military colleges in the Commonwealth organized under 10 U.S.C. 63 64 § 2111a(f), or to a law-enforcement agency in the Commonwealth for use by that agency or its employees, provided that the manufacturer is properly licensed under federal, state, and local laws; (iii) the sale or 65 66 transfer of an assault firearm by a licensed dealer to any branch of the Armed Forces of the United States or to a law-enforcement agency in the Commonwealth for use by that agency or its employees; or (iv) any 67 68 member of a cadet corps who is recognized by a public institution of higher education while such member is 69 in the performance of lawful military training or such member is participating in an official ceremonial event 70 for the Commonwealth.

§ 18.2-308.09. Disgualifications for a concealed handgun permit.

The following persons shall be deemed disqualified from obtaining a permit:

1. An individual who is ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 73 18.2-308.1:3, 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.1:7, or 18.2-308.1:8, or 18.2-308.1:9 or the substantially similar law of 74 any other state or of the United States. 75

2. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 and who was 76 discharged from the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to § 19.2-182.7 less than five years before the 77 78 date of his application for a concealed handgun permit. 79

3. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 and whose competency or capacity was restored pursuant to § 64.2-2012 less than five years before the date of his 80 81 application for a concealed handgun permit.

4. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:3 and who was released from commitment less than five years before the date of this application for a concealed handgun permit.

84 5. An individual who is subject to a restraining order, or to a protective order and prohibited by § 85 18.2-308.1:4 from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm. 86

6. An individual who is prohibited by § 18.2-308.2 from possessing or transporting a firearm, except that a restoration order may be obtained in accordance with subsection C of that section.

88 7. An individual who has been convicted of two or more misdemeanors within the five-year period 89 immediately preceding the application, if one of the misdemeanors was a Class 1 misdemeanor, but the judge 90 shall have the discretion to deny a permit for two or more misdemeanors that are not Class 1. Traffic 91 infractions and misdemeanors set forth in Title 46.2 shall not be considered for purposes of this disqualification. 92

93 8. An individual who is addicted to, or is an unlawful user or distributor of, marijuana, synthetic 94 cannabinoids, or any controlled substance.

95 9. An individual who has been convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar local 96 ordinance, or of public drunkenness, or of a substantially similar offense under the laws of any other state, the 97 District of Columbia, the United States, or its territories within the three-year period immediately preceding 98 the application. 99

10. An alien other than an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States.

100 11. An individual who has been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under dishonorable 101 conditions.

12. An individual who is a fugitive from justice.

13. An individual who the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, based on specific acts by the 103 104 applicant, is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth may submit to the court a sworn, written statement indicating that, in the 105 opinion of such sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth, based upon a disgualifying 106 conviction or upon the specific acts set forth in the statement, the applicant is likely to use a weapon 107 108 unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The statement of the sheriff, chief of police, or the attorney for the Commonwealth shall be based upon personal knowledge of such individual or of a deputy sheriff, police 109 officer, or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth of the specific acts, or upon a written statement made 110 under oath before a notary public of a competent person having personal knowledge of the specific acts. 111

14. An individual who has been convicted of any assault, assault and battery, sexual battery, discharging 112 of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-280 or 18.2-286.1 or brandishing of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-282 113 114 within the three-year period immediately preceding the application. 115

15. An individual who has been convicted of stalking.

116 16. An individual whose previous convictions or adjudications of delinquency were based on an offense 117 that would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws of any state,

3 of 11

118 the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories. For purposes of this disqualifier, only convictions 119 occurring within 16 years following the later of the date of (i) the conviction or adjudication or (ii) release

120 from any incarceration imposed upon such conviction or adjudication shall be deemed to be "previous

121 convictions." Disqualification under this subdivision shall not apply to an individual with previous

122 adjudications of delinquency who has completed a term of service of no less than two years in the Armed

Forces of the United States and, if such person has been discharged from the Armed Forces of the United 123 124 States, received an honorable discharge.

17. An individual who has a felony charge pending or a charge pending for an offense listed in 125 126 subdivision 14 or 15.

127 18. An individual who has received mental health treatment or substance abuse treatment in a residential 128 setting within five years prior to the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

129 19. An individual not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, who, within the three-year period 130 immediately preceding the application for the permit, was found guilty of any criminal offense set forth in Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.), or former § 18.2-248.1:1 or of a 131 132 criminal offense of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled 133 substance, under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

134 20. An individual, not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, with respect to whom, within the three-year period immediately preceding the application, upon a charge of any criminal offense set forth in 135 Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.), or former § 18.2-248.1:1 or upon a 136 charge of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled substance 137 138 under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories, the trial court 139 found that the facts of the case were sufficient for a finding of guilt and disposed of the case pursuant to § 140 18.2-251 or the substantially similar law of any other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or 141 its territories.

§ 18.2-308.1:9. Purchase, possession, or transportation of firearm following conviction for importation, 142 143 sale, possession, etc., of assault firearm; penalty.

144 A. Any person who knowingly and intentionally purchases, possesses, or transports any firearm following 145 a misdemeanor conviction for a violation of § 18.2-287.4:1 or 18.2-287.4:2 is guilty of a Class 1 146 misdemeanor.

147 B. Any person convicted of a violation of § 18.2-287.4:1 or 18.2-287.4:2 or this section shall be 148 prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm for three years following the date of such 149 conviction at which point the person convicted of such offense shall no longer be prohibited from purchasing, 150 possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to this section. Such person shall have his firearms rights 151 restored, unless such person receives another disgualifying conviction, is subject to a protective order that 152 would restrict his rights to carry a firearm, or is otherwise prohibited by law from purchasing, possessing, or 153 transporting a firearm. 154

§ 18.2-308.2:1. Prohibiting the selling, etc., of firearms to certain persons; penalties.

Any person who sells, barters, gives, or furnishes, or has in his possession or under his control with the 155 156 intent of selling, bartering, giving, or furnishing, any firearm to any person he knows is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 18.2-308.1:3, subsection B 157 of § 18.2-308.1:4, § 18.2-308.1:6 or 18.2-308.2, subsection B of § 18.2-308.2:01, or § 18.2-308.7 is guilty of 158 159 a Class 4 felony.

Any person who sells, barters, gives, or furnishes, or has in his possession or under his control with the 160 161 intent of selling, bartering, giving, or furnishing, any firearm to any person he knows is prohibited from 162 purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:7 or, 18.2-308.1:8, or 18.2-308.1:9 163 is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

164 However, this prohibition shall not be applicable when the person convicted of the felony or misdemeanor, adjudicated delinquent, or acquitted by reason of insanity has (i) been issued a permit pursuant 165 to subsection C of § 18.2-308.2 or been granted relief pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:1 or § 166 18.2-308.1:2 or 18.2-308.1:3; (ii) been pardoned or had his political disabilities removed in accordance with 167 168 subsection B of § 18.2-308.2; or (iii) obtained a permit to ship, transport, possess, or receive firearms 169 pursuant to the laws of the United States.

170 § 18.2-308.2:2. Criminal history record information check required for the transfer of certain firearms; penalties. 171

172 A. Any person purchasing from a dealer a firearm as herein defined in this section shall consent in 173 writing, on a form to be provided by the Department of State Police, to have the dealer obtain criminal history 174 record information and if such firearm is an assault firearm manufactured before July 1, 2025, such person 175 purchasing such assault firearm shall be 21 years of age or older. Such form shall include only the written 176 consent; the name, birth date, gender, race, citizenship, and social security number and/or any other 177 identification number; the number of firearms by category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred; 178 and answers by the applicant to the following questions: (i) has the applicant been convicted of a felony

179 offense or a misdemeanor offense listed in § 18.2-308.1:8 or 18.2-308.1:9 or found guilty or adjudicated 180 delinguent as a juvenile 14 years of age or older at the time of the offense of a delinguent act that if 181 committed by an adult would be a felony or a misdemeanor listed in § 18.2-308.1:8 or 18.2-308.1:9; (ii) is 182 the applicant subject to a court order restraining the applicant from harassing, stalking, or threatening the applicant's child or intimate partner, or a child of such partner, or is the applicant subject to a protective order; 183 184 (iii) has the applicant ever been acquitted by reason of insanity and prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, 185 been adjudicated legally incompetent, mentally incapacitated, or adjudicated an incapacitated person and 186 prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 or any substantially similar law of any other 187 188 jurisdiction, been involuntarily admitted to an inpatient facility or involuntarily ordered to outpatient mental health treatment and prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:3 or any substantially 189 190 similar law of any other jurisdiction, or been the subject of a temporary detention order pursuant to § 191 37.2-809 and subsequently agreed to a voluntary admission pursuant to § 37.2-805; and (iv) is the applicant 192 subject to an emergency substantial risk order or a substantial risk order entered pursuant to § 19.2-152.13 or 193 19.2-152.14 and prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:6 194 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction.

195 B. 1. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any such firearm to any other person 196 who is a resident of Virginia until he has (i) obtained written consent and the other information on the consent 197 form specified in subsection A, and provided the Department of State Police with the name, birth date, gender, race, citizenship, and social security and/or any other identification number and the number of 198 firearms by category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred and; (ii) requested criminal history 199 200 record information by a telephone call to or other communication authorized by the State Police and is authorized by subdivision 2 to complete the sale or other such transfer; and (iii) if such firearm is an assault 201 firearm manufactured before July 1, 2025, verified that such person is 21 years of age or older. To establish 202 personal identification and residence in Virginia for purposes of this section, a dealer must require any 203 204 prospective purchaser to present one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the Commonwealth or by the United States Department of Defense or a special identification card without a 205 206 photograph issued pursuant to § 46.2-345.2 that demonstrates that the prospective purchaser resides in Virginia. For the purposes of this section and establishment of residency for firearm purchase, residency of a 207 208 member of the armed forces shall include both the state in which the member's permanent duty post is located 209 and any nearby state in which the member resides and from which he commutes to the permanent duty post. 210 A member of the armed forces whose photo identification issued by the Department of Defense does not have a Virginia address may establish his Virginia residency with such photo identification and either permanent 211 212 orders assigning the purchaser to a duty post, including the Pentagon, in Virginia or the purchaser's Leave and Earnings Statement. When the identification presented to a dealer by the prospective purchaser is a driver's 213 license or other photo identification issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles or a special identification 214 card without a photograph issued pursuant to § 46.2-345.2, and such identification form or card contains a 215 date of issue, the dealer shall not, except for a renewed driver's license or other photo identification issued by 216 the Department of Motor Vehicles or a renewed special identification card without a photograph issued 217 218 pursuant to § 46.2-345.2, sell or otherwise transfer a firearm to the prospective purchaser until 30 days after the date of issue of an original or duplicate driver's license or special identification card without a photograph 219 220 unless the prospective purchaser also presents a copy of his Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles driver's 221 record showing that the original date of issue of the driver's license was more than 30 days prior to the 222 attempted purchase.

In addition, no dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any assault firearm to any person or any semi-automatic center-fire rifle or pistol that expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material and is equipped at the time of the offense with a magazine that will hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or is designed by the manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or is equipped with a folding stock to any person who is not a citizen of the United States or who is not a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall (a)
 review its criminal history record information to determine if the buyer or transferee is prohibited from
 possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law, (b) inform the dealer if its record indicates that
 the buyer or transferee is so prohibited, and (c) provide the dealer with a unique reference number for that
 inquiry.

2. The State Police shall provide its response to the requesting dealer during the dealer's request or by return call without delay. A dealer who fulfills the requirements of subdivision 1 and is told by the State Police that a response will not be available by the end of the dealer's fifth business day may immediately complete the sale or transfer and shall not be deemed in violation of this section with respect to such sale or transfer.

239 3. Except as required by subsection D of § 9.1-132, the State Police shall not maintain records longer than

5 of 11

240 30 days, except for multiple handgun transactions for which records shall be maintained for 12 months, from

241 any dealer's request for a criminal history record information check pertaining to a buyer or transferee who is 242 not found to be prohibited from possessing and transporting a firearm under state or federal law. However,

243 the log on requests made may be maintained for a period of 12 months, and such log shall consist of the name 244 of the purchaser, the dealer identification number, the unique approval number, and the transaction date.

245 4. On the last day of the week following the sale or transfer of any firearm, the dealer shall mail or deliver 246 the written consent form required by subsection A to the Department of State Police. The State Police shall immediately initiate a search of all available criminal history record information to determine if the purchaser 247 248 is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal law. If the search discloses 249 information indicating that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm, 250 the State Police shall inform the chief law-enforcement officer in the jurisdiction where the sale or transfer 251 occurred and the dealer without delay.

252 5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, rifles and shotguns may be purchased by persons 253 who are citizens of the United States or persons lawfully admitted for permanent residence but residents of 254 other states under the terms of subsections A and B upon furnishing the dealer with one photo-identification 255 form issued by a governmental agency of the person's state of residence and one other form of identification 256 determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

257 6. For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "dealer's fifth business day" does not include December 258 25.

259 C. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any firearm, except when the transaction 260 involves a rifle or a shotgun and can be accomplished pursuant to the provisions of subdivision B 5, to any person who is a dual resident of Virginia and another state pursuant to applicable federal law unless he has 261 262 first obtained from the Department of State Police a report indicating that a search of all available criminal 263 history record information has not disclosed that the person is prohibited from possessing or transporting a 264 firearm under state or federal law.

265 To establish personal identification and dual resident eligibility for purposes of this subsection, a dealer 266 shall require any prospective purchaser to present one photo-identification form issued by a governmental 267 agency of the prospective purchaser's state of legal residence and other documentation of dual residence 268 within the Commonwealth. The other documentation of dual residence in the Commonwealth may include (i) 269 evidence of currently paid personal property tax or real estate tax or a current (a) lease, (b) utility or telephone 270 bill, (c) voter registration card, (d) bank check, (e) passport, (f) automobile registration, or (g) hunting or 271 fishing license; (ii) other current identification allowed as evidence of residency by 27 C.F.R. § 178.124 and 272 ATF Ruling 2001-5; or (iii) other documentation of residence determined to be acceptable by the Department 273 of Criminal Justice Services and that corroborates that the prospective purchaser currently resides in Virginia.

D. If any buyer or transferee is denied the right to purchase a firearm under this section, he may exercise 274 275 his right of access to and review and correction of criminal history record information under § 9.1-132 or institute a civil action as provided in § 9.1-135, provided any such action is initiated within 30 days of such 276 277 denial.

278 E. Any dealer who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history record 279 information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to disseminate 280 criminal history record information except as authorized in this section, shall be is guilty of a Class 2 281 misdemeanor. 282

F. For purposes of this section:

283 "Actual buyer" means a person who executes the consent form required in subsection B or C, or other 284 such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law. 285

"Antique firearm" means:

286 1. Any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of 287 ignition system) manufactured in or before 1898;

2. Any replica of any firearm described in subdivision 1 of this definition if such replica (i) is not designed 288 289 or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition or (ii) uses rimfire or 290 conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is not 291 readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade;

292 3. Any muzzle-loading rifle, muzzle-loading shotgun, or muzzle-loading pistol that is designed to use 293 black powder, or a black powder substitute, and that cannot use fixed ammunition. For purposes of this 294 subdivision, the term "antique firearm" shall not include any weapon that incorporates a firearm frame or 295 receiver, any firearm that is converted into a muzzle-loading weapon, or any muzzle-loading weapon that can 296 be readily converted to fire fixed ammunition by replacing the barrel, bolt, breech-block, or any combination 297 thereof; or 298

4. Any curio or relic as defined in this subsection.

299 "Assault firearm" means any:

300 *I. A* semi-automatic center-fire rifle or pistol which that expels single or multiple projectiles by action of

6 of 11

301 an explosion of a combustible material and is equipped at the time of the offense with a magazine which will 302 hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or designed by the manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or

303 equipped with a folding stock with a fixed magazine capacity in excess of 10 rounds;

304 2. A semi-automatic center-fire rifle that expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material that has the ability to accept a detachable magazine and has one of the following 305 characteristics: (i) a folding, telescoping, or collapsible stock; (ii) a pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously 306 beneath the action of the rifle; (iii) a second handgrip or a protruding grip that can be held by the 307 non-trigger hand; (iv) a grenade launcher; (v) a flare launcher; (vi) a sound suppressor; (vii) a flash 308 309 suppressor; (viii) a muzzle brake; (ix) a muzzle compensator; (x) a threaded barrel capable of accepting (a) a 310 sound suppressor, (b) a flash suppressor, (c) a muzzle brake, or (d) a muzzle compensator; or (xi) any characteristic of like kind as enumerated in clauses (i) through (x); 311

312 3. A semi-automatic center-fire pistol that expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of 313 a combustible material that has the ability to accept a detachable magazine and has one of the following 314 characteristics: (i) a folding, telescoping, or collapsible stock; (ii) a second handgrip or a protruding grip that can be held by the non-trigger hand; (iii) the capacity to accept a magazine that attaches to the pistol 315 316 outside of the pistol grip; (iv) a shroud that is attached to, or partially or completely encircles, the barrel and that permits the shooter to hold the pistol with the non-trigger hand without being burned; (v) a threaded 317 318 barrel capable of accepting (a) a sound suppressor, (b) a flash suppressor, (c) a barrel extender, or (d) a forward handgrip; or (vi) any characteristic of like kind as enumerated in clauses (i) through (v); 319

4. A semi-automatic shotgun that expels single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a 320 combustible material that has one of the following characteristics: (i) a folding, telescoping, or collapsible 321 stock; (ii) a pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the shotgun; (iii) the ability to 322 323 accept a detachable magazine; (iv) a fixed magazine capacity in excess of seven rounds; or (v) any 324 characteristic of like kind as enumerated in clauses (i) through (iv); or

325 5. A shotgun with a magazine that will hold more than seven rounds of the shortest ammunition for which 326 *it is chambered.*

An "assault firearm" does not include any firearm that is an antique firearm, has been rendered 327 328 permanently inoperable, is manually operated by bolt, pump, lever, or slide action, or was manufactured before July 1, 2025. 329

"Curios or relics" means firearms that are of special interest to collectors by reason of some quality other 330 than is associated with firearms intended for sporting use or as offensive or defensive weapons. To be 331 332 recognized as curios or relics, firearms must fall within one of the following categories:

333 1. Firearms that were manufactured at least 50 years prior to the current date, which use rimfire or 334 conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is not 335 readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade, but not including replicas thereof;

336 2. Firearms that are certified by the curator of a municipal, state, or federal museum that exhibits firearms 337 to be curios or relics of museum interest; and

3. Any other firearms that derive a substantial part of their monetary value from the fact that they are 338 novel, rare, bizarre, or because of their association with some historical figure, period, or event. Proof of 339 340 qualification of a particular firearm under this category may be established by evidence of present value and evidence that like firearms are not available except as collectors' items, or that the value of like firearms 341 342 available in ordinary commercial channels is substantially less. 343

"Dealer" means any person licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.

344 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to 345 expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

346 "Handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm originally designed, made and intended to fire single or multiple projectiles by means of an explosion of a combustible material from one or more barrels 347 348 when held in one hand.

349 "Lawfully admitted for permanent residence" means the status of having been lawfully accorded the 350 privilege of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant in accordance with the immigration laws, such status not having changed. 351

G. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall promulgate regulations to ensure the identity, 352 confidentiality, and security of all records and data provided by the Department of State Police pursuant to 353 354 this section.

355 H. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) transactions between persons who are licensed as firearms importers or collectors, manufacturers or dealers pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.; (ii) purchases 356 by or sales to any law-enforcement officer or agent of the United States, the Commonwealth or any local 357 358 government, or any campus police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 359 23.1; or (iii) antique firearms or curios or relics.

I. The provisions of this section shall not apply to restrict purchase, trade, or transfer of firearms by a 360 resident of Virginia when the resident of Virginia makes such purchase, trade, or transfer in another state, in 361

which case the laws and regulations of that state and the United States governing the purchase, trade, or
transfer of firearms shall apply. A National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) check shall
be performed prior to such purchase, trade, or transfer of firearms.

J. All licensed firearms dealers shall collect a fee of \$2 for every transaction for which a criminal history record information check is required pursuant to this section, except that a fee of \$5 shall be collected for every transaction involving an out-of-state resident. Such fee shall be transmitted to the Department of State Police by the last day of the month following the sale for deposit in a special fund for use by the State Police to offset the cost of conducting criminal history record information checks under the provisions of this section.

371 K. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the consent form
372 required in subsection B or C or on such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law shall
373 be is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

L. Except as provided in § 18.2-308.2:1, any dealer who willfully and intentionally sells, rents, trades, or
 transfers a firearm in violation of this section shall be *is* guilty of a Class 6 felony.

L1. Any person who attempts to solicit, persuade, encourage, or entice any dealer to transfer or otherwise
convey a firearm other than to the actual buyer, as well as any other person who willfully and intentionally
aids or abets such person, shall be *is* guilty of a Class 6 felony. This subsection shall not apply to a federal
law-enforcement officer or a law-enforcement officer as defined in § 9.1-101, in the performance of his
official duties, or other person under his direct supervision.

M. Any person who purchases a firearm with the intent to (i) resell or otherwise provide such firearm to 381 382 any person who he knows or has reason to believe is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive from a dealer 383 a firearm for whatever reason or (ii) transport such firearm out of the Commonwealth to be resold or 384 otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive 385 a firearm, shall be is guilty of a Class 4 felony and sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment 386 of one year. However, if the violation of this subsection involves such a transfer of more than one firearm, the 387 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years. The prohibitions of 388 this subsection shall not apply to the purchase of a firearm by a person for the lawful use, possession, or 389 transport thereof, pursuant to § 18.2-308.7, by his child, grandchild, or individual for whom he is the legal 390 guardian if such child, grandchild, or individual is ineligible, solely because of his age, to purchase a firearm.

N. Any person who is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a firearm in the
 Commonwealth who solicits, employs, or assists any person in violating subsection M shall be is guilty of a
 Class 4 felony and shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years.

394 O. Any mandatory minimum sentence imposed under this section shall be served consecutively with any other sentence.

P. All driver's licenses issued on or after July 1, 1994, shall carry a letter designation indicating whetherthe driver's license is an original, duplicate, or renewed driver's license.

Q. Prior to selling, renting, trading, or transferring any firearm owned by the dealer but not in his
 inventory to any other person, a dealer may require such other person to consent to have the dealer obtain
 criminal history record information to determine if such other person is prohibited from possessing or
 transporting a firearm by state or federal law. The Department of State Police shall establish policies and
 procedures in accordance with 28 C.F.R. § 25.6 to permit such determinations to be made by the Department
 of State Police, and the processes established for making such determinations shall conform to the provisions
 of this section.

R. Except as provided in subdivisions 1 and 2, it shall be *is* unlawful for any person who is not a licensed
firearms dealer to purchase more than one handgun within any 30-day period. For the purposes of this
subsection, "purchase" does not include the exchange or replacement of a handgun by a seller for a handgun
purchased from such seller by the same person seeking the exchange or replacement within the 30-day period
immediately preceding the date of exchange or replacement. A violation of this subsection is punishable as a
Class 1 misdemeanor.

1. Purchases in excess of one handgun within a 30-day period may be made upon completion of an 411 412 enhanced background check, as described in this subsection, by special application to the Department of State 413 Police listing the number and type of handguns to be purchased and transferred for lawful business or 414 personal use, in a collector series, for collections, as a bulk purchase from estate sales, and for similar purposes. Such applications shall be signed under oath by the applicant on forms provided by the Department 415 of State Police, shall state the purpose for the purchase above the limit, and shall require satisfactory proof of 416 residency and identity. Such application shall be in addition to the firearms sales report required by the 417 418 federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF). The Superintendent of State Police 419 shall promulgate regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the 420 implementation of an application process for purchases of handguns above the limit.

421 Upon being satisfied that these requirements have been met, the Department of State Police shall422 immediately issue to the applicant a nontransferable certificate, which shall be valid for seven days from the

8 of 11

423 date of issue. The certificate shall be surrendered to the dealer by the prospective purchaser prior to the 424 consummation of such sale and shall be kept on file at the dealer's place of business for inspection as provided in § 54.1-4201 for a period of not less than two years. Upon request of any local law-enforcement 425

426 agency, and pursuant to its regulations, the Department of State Police may certify such local

law-enforcement agency to serve as its agent to receive applications and, upon authorization by the 427

428 Department of State Police, issue certificates immediately pursuant to this subdivision. Applications and

certificates issued under this subdivision shall be maintained as records as provided in subdivision B 3. The 429

Department of State Police shall make available to local law-enforcement agencies all records concerning 430

certificates issued pursuant to this subdivision and all records provided for in subdivision B 3. 431

- 432 2. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to:
- 433 a. A law-enforcement agency;
- 434 b. An agency duly authorized to perform law-enforcement duties;
- 435 c. A state or local correctional facility;
- d. A private security company licensed to do business within the Commonwealth; 436
- e. The purchase of antique firearms; 437

438 f. A person whose handgun is stolen or irretrievably lost who deems it essential that such handgun be 439 replaced immediately. Such person may purchase another handgun, even if the person has previously purchased a handgun within a 30-day period, provided that (i) the person provides the firearms dealer with a 440 copy of the official police report or a summary thereof, on forms provided by the Department of State Police, 441 from the law-enforcement agency that took the report of the lost or stolen handgun; (ii) the official police 442 report or summary thereof contains the name and address of the handgun owner, a description of the 443 444 handgun, the location of the loss or theft, the date of the loss or theft, and the date the loss or theft was reported to the law-enforcement agency; and (iii) the date of the loss or theft as reflected on the official police 445 446 report or summary thereof occurred within 30 days of the person's attempt to replace the handgun. The firearms dealer shall attach a copy of the official police report or summary thereof to the original copy of the 447 448 Virginia firearms transaction report completed for the transaction and retain it for the period prescribed by the 449 Department of State Police;

450 g. A person who trades in a handgun at the same time he makes a handgun purchase and as a part of the 451 same transaction, provided that no more than one transaction of this nature is completed per day; 452

h. A person who holds a valid Virginia permit to carry a concealed handgun;

453 i. A person who purchases a handgun in a private sale. For purposes of this subdivision, "private sale" 454 means a purchase from a person who makes occasional sales, exchanges, or purchases of firearms for the enhancement of a personal collection of curios or relics or who sells all or part of such collection of curios 455 456 and relics; or

j. A law-enforcement officer. For purposes of this subdivision, "law-enforcement officer" means any 457 458 employee of a police department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or 459 any political subdivision thereof and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of the Commonwealth. 460

S. No person shall purchase an assault firearm manufactured before July 1, 2025, from a dealer unless 461 462 such person is 21 years of age or older.

463 T. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory an assault firearm manufactured before July 1, 2025, to any person unless such person is 21 years of age or older. 464

§ 18.2-308.2:3. Criminal background check required for employees of a gun dealer to transfer 465 firearms; exemptions; penalties. 466

467 A. No person, corporation, or proprietorship licensed as a firearms dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et 468 seq. shall employ any person to act as a seller, whether full-time or part-time, permanent, temporary, paid or unpaid, for the transfer of firearms under § 18.2-308.2:2, if such employee would be prohibited from 469 possessing a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 18.2-308.1:3, subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:4, or § 470 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.1:7, 18.2-308.1:8, 18.2-308.1:9, 18.2-308.2, or 18.2-308.2:01, or is an illegal alien, or 471 472 is prohibited from purchasing or transporting a firearm pursuant to subsection A of § 18.2-308.1:4 or § 473 18.2-308.1:5.

474 B. Prior to permitting an applicant to begin employment, the dealer shall obtain a written statement or affirmation from the applicant that he is not disqualified from possessing a firearm and shall submit the 475 476 applicant's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to be 477 forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining national criminal history record information regarding the applicant. 478

C. Prior to August 1, 2000, the dealer shall obtain written statements or affirmations from persons 479 480 employed before July 1, 2000, to act as a seller under § 18.2-308.2:2 that they are not disqualified from 481 possessing a firearm. Within five working days of the employee's next birthday, after August 1, 2000, the 482 dealer shall submit the employee's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central Criminal 483 Records Exchange to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining

9 of 11

484 national criminal history record information regarding the request.

485 C1. In lieu of submitting fingerprints pursuant to this section, any dealer holding a valid federal firearms license (FFL) issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) may submit a sworn and 486 487 notarized affidavit to the Department of State Police on a form provided by the Department, stating that the 488 dealer has been subjected to a record check prior to the issuance and that the FFL was issued by the ATF. The 489 affidavit may also contain the names of any employees that have been subjected to a record check and 490 approved by the ATF. This exemption shall apply regardless of whether the FFL was issued in the name of 491 the dealer or in the name of the business. The affidavit shall contain the valid FFL number, state the name of 492 each person requesting the exemption, together with each person's identifying information, including their social security number and the following statement: "I hereby swear, under the penalty of perjury, that as a 493 494 condition of obtaining a federal firearms license, each person requesting an exemption in this affidavit has 495 been subjected to a fingerprint identification check by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the 496 Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms subsequently determined that each person satisfied the 497 requirements of 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq. I understand that any person convicted of making a false statement in 498 this affidavit is guilty of a Class 5 felony and that in addition to any other penalties imposed by law, a 499 conviction under this section shall result in the forfeiture of my federal firearms license."

500 D. The Department of State Police, upon receipt of an individual's record or notification that no record exists, shall submit an eligibility report to the requesting dealer within 30 days of the applicant beginning his 501 502 duties for new employees or within 30 days of the applicant's birthday for a person employed prior to July 1, 503 2000.

E. If any applicant is denied employment because of information appearing on the criminal history record 504 505 and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, the Central Criminal Records 506 Exchange shall, upon written request, furnish to the applicant the procedures for obtaining a copy of the 507 criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The information provided to the dealer shall 508 not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

509 F. The applicant shall bear the cost of obtaining the criminal history record unless the dealer, at his option, 510 decides to pay such cost.

511 G. Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall 512 establish a unique number for that firearm seller. Beginning September 1, 2001, the firearm seller's signature, 513 firearm seller's number and the dealer's identification number shall be on all firearm transaction forms. The 514 State Police shall void the firearm seller's number when a disqualifying record is discovered. The State Police 515 may suspend a firearm seller's identification number upon the arrest of the firearm seller for a potentially 516 disqualifying crime.

517 H. This section shall not restrict the transfer of a firearm at any place other than at a dealership or at any 518 event required to be registered as a gun show.

519 I. Any person who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history record 520 information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to disseminate criminal history record information except as authorized by this section and § 18.2-308.2:2, shall be is guilty 521 522 of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

523 J. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the personal descriptive 524 information required in this section shall be is guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any person who offers for transfer 525 any firearm in violation of this section shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Any dealer who willfully 526 and knowingly employs or permits a person to act as a firearm seller in violation of this section shall be is 527 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

528 K. There is no civil liability for any seller for the actions of any purchaser or subsequent transferee of a 529 firearm lawfully transferred pursuant to this section.

L. The provisions of this section requiring a seller's background check shall not apply to a licensed dealer.

531 M. Any person who willfully and intentionally makes a false statement in the affidavit as set out in 532 subdivision C 1 shall be is guilty of a Class 5 felony. 533

N. For purposes of this section:

530

"Dealer" means any person, corporation or proprietorship licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 534 et seq. 535

536 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to 537 expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material. 538

"Place of business" means any place or premises where a dealer may lawfully transfer firearms.

539 "Seller" means for the purpose of any single sale of a firearm any person who is a dealer or an agent of a 540 dealer, who may lawfully transfer firearms and who actually performs the criminal background check in 541 accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2.

542 "Transfer" means any act performed with intent to sell, rent, barter, or trade or otherwise transfer 543 ownership or permanent possession of a firearm at the place of business of a dealer. 544

§ 18.2-308.2:5. Criminal history record information check required to sell firearm; penalties.

545 A. No person shall sell a firearm for money, goods, services or anything else of value unless he has

HB1607

10 of 11

546 obtained verification from a licensed dealer in firearms that information on the prospective purchaser has

547 been submitted for a criminal history record information check as set out in § 18.2-308.2:2 and that a 548 determination has been received from the Department of State Police that the prospective purchaser is not

549 prohibited under state or federal law from possessing a firearm or such sale is specifically exempted by state

or federal law. The Department of State Police shall provide a means by which sellers may obtain from 550

designated licensed dealers the approval or denial of firearm transfer requests, based on criminal history 551

record information checks. The processes established shall conform to the provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2, and 552

the definitions and provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2 regarding criminal history record information checks shall 553

apply to this section mutatis mutandis. The designated dealer shall collect and disseminate the fees prescribed 554 555 in § 18.2-308.2:2 as required by that section. The dealer may charge and retain an additional fee not to exceed

\$15 for obtaining a criminal history record information check on behalf of a seller. 556

557 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A and unless otherwise prohibited by subsection E or 558 state or federal law, a person may sell a firearm to another person if:

559 1. The sale of a firearm is to an authorized representative of the Commonwealth or any subdivision 560 thereof as part of an authorized voluntary gun buy-back or give-back program;

2. The sale occurs at a firearms show, as defined in § 54.1-4200, and the seller has received a 561 determination from the Department of State Police that the purchaser is not prohibited under state or federal 562 law from possessing a firearm in accordance with § 54.1-4201.2; or 563

3. The sale of a firearm is conducted pursuant to § 59.1-148.3, with the exception of a sale conducted 564 pursuant to subsection C of § 59.1-148.3. 565

C. Any person who willfully and intentionally sells a firearm to another person without obtaining 566 567 verification in accordance with this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

D. Any person who willfully and intentionally purchases a firearm from another person without obtaining 568 569 verification in accordance with this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

E. No person shall sell an assault firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 for money, goods, services, or 570 571 anything else of value.

Any person who willfully and intentionally (i) sells an assault firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 to 572 573 another person or (ii) purchases an assault firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 from another person is guilty 574 of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

575 § 18.2-308.7. Possession or transportation of certain firearms by persons under the age of 18; 576 penalty.

577 It shall be is unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to knowingly and intentionally possess or 578 transport a handgun or assault firearm anywhere in the Commonwealth. For the purposes of this section, 579 "handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm originally designed, made, and intended to fire single or multiple projectiles by means of an explosion of a combustible material from one or more barrels when 580 held in one hand and "assault firearm" means any (i) semi-automatic centerfire rifle or pistol which expels 581 single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material and is equipped at the time 582 of the offense with a magazine which will hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or designed by the 583 584 manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or equipped with a folding stock or (ii) shotgun with a magazine 585 which will hold more than seven rounds of the longest ammunition for which it is chambered. A violation of 586 this section shall be is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

This section shall not apply to:

587

588 1. Any person (i) while in his home or on his property; (ii) while in the home or on the property of his 589 parent, grandparent, or legal guardian; or (iii) while on the property of another who has provided prior 590 permission, and with the prior permission of his parent or legal guardian if the person has the landowner's 591 written permission on his person while on such property;

2. Any person who, while accompanied by an adult, is at, or going to and from, a lawful shooting range or 592 593 firearms educational class, provided that the weapons are unloaded while being transported;

3. Any person actually engaged in lawful hunting or going to and from a hunting area or preserve, 594 provided that the weapons are unloaded while being transported; and 595

596 4. Any person while carrying out his duties in the Armed Forces of the United States or the National 597 Guard of this Commonwealth or any other state. 598

§ 18.2-309.1. Sale, transfer, etc., of certain firearms magazines prohibited; penalty.

599 A. As used in this section, a "large capacity ammunition feeding device" means a magazine, belt, drum, feed strip, or similar device manufactured on or after July 1, 2025, that has a capacity of, or that can be 600 readily restored or converted to accept, more than 10 rounds of ammunition but does not include an attached 601 tubular device designed to accept and capable of operating only with .22 caliber rimfire ammunition. 602

603 B. Any person who imports, sells, barters, or transfers a large capacity ammunition feeding device is 604 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

605 \hat{C} . The provisions of this section shall not apply to the manufacture of a large capacity ammunition 606 feeding device by, transfer of a large capacity ammunition feeding device to, or possession of a large

11 of 11

- 607 capacity ammunition feeding device by the Commonwealth or a department, agency, or political subdivision
- 608 of the Commonwealth, transfer of a large capacity ammunition feeding device to or possession of a large
- 609 capacity ammunition feeding device by a law-enforcement officer employed by such an entity for purposes of 610 law enforcement, or possession of a large capacity ammunition feeding device by an individual who is retired
- from service with a law-enforcement agency and is not otherwise prohibited from receiving ammunition 611
- 612 transferred to the individual by the law-enforcement agency upon his retirement.
- § 19.2-386.28. Forfeiture of weapons, etc., that are concealed, possessed, transported, or carried in 613 614 violation of law.
- If any firearm, stun weapon as defined by § 18.2-308.1, weapon, *magazine*, auto sear, or trigger activator 615 616 is concealed, possessed, transported, or carried in violation of § 18.2-283.1, 18.2-287.01, 18.2-287.4, 18.2-287.4:1, 18.2-287.4:2, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3, 18.2-308.1:4, 18.2-308.1:8, 18.2-308.1:9, 18.2-308.2, 617
- 18.2-308.2:01, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-308.5, 18.2-308.5:1, 18.2-308.7, or 18.2-308.8, or 18.2-309.1, 618
- 619 it shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and disposed of as provided in § 19.2-386.29.
- 2. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 620 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary
- 621
- 622 appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2024, Special Session I, requires the Virginia Criminal
- 623 Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the 624
- Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for 625
- periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice. 626