## **2025 SESSION**

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 765
2	Offered January 8, 2025
3	Prefiled December 16, 2024
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 24.2-232, 64.2-2000, 64.2-2009, and 64.2-2009.1 of the Code of Virginia
5	and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 64.2-2009.2, relating to incapacitated
6	persons; finding of mental incompetence.
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o 9	Referred to Committee on Rehabilitation and Social Services
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10	Do it aposted by the Concept Assembly of Virginia
11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 24.2-232, 64.2-2000, 64.2-2009, and 64.2-2009.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and
13	reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 64.2-2009.2 as
14	follows:
15	§ 24.2-232. Vacancy occurring when officer determined "mentally incompetent" (incapacitated).
16	A person who is determined to be incapacitated in a judicial proceeding as provided for in Chapter 20 (§
17	64.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 64.2 shall be deemed for purposes of Article II, Section 1 of the Constitution of
18	Virginia and this title to be "mentally incompetent." as that term is used in those provisions. The office of any
19	person who is so determined to be incapacitated, shall become vacant and the vacancy filled in the manner
20	provided by law. Notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 20 (§ 64.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 64.2, however,
21	any officer shall have a jury trial unless it is waived by him or for him by his counsel of record.
22	§ 64.2-2000. Definitions.
23	As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:
24	"Advance directive" shall have the same meaning as provided in § 54.1-2982.
25	"Annual report" means the report required to be filed by a guardian pursuant to § 64.2-2020.
26	"Conservator" means a person appointed by the court who is responsible for managing the estate and
27	financial affairs of an incapacitated person and, where the context plainly indicates, includes a "limited
28	conservator" or a "temporary conservator." "Conservator" includes (i) a local or regional program designated
29	by the Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services as a public conservator pursuant to Article 6 (§
30	51.5-149 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 or (ii) any local or regional tax-exempt charitable organization
31	established pursuant to § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code to provide conservatorial services to
32	incapacitated persons. Such tax-exempt charitable organization shall not be a provider of direct services to
33	the incapacitated person. If a tax-exempt charitable organization has been designated by the Department for
34	Aging and Rehabilitative Services as a public conservator, it may also serve as a conservator for other
35	individuals. "Estate" includes both real and nersonal property.
36 37	"Estate" includes both real and personal property.
37 38	"Facility" means a state or licensed hospital, training center, psychiatric hospital, or other type of residential or outpatient mental health or mental retardation facility. When modified by the word "state,"
	"facility" means a state bospital or training conter operated by the Department of Pabayioral Health and
39 40	"facility" means a state hospital or training center operated by the Department of Behavioral Health and
	Developmental Services, including the buildings and land associated with it.
41 42	"Guardian" means a person appointed by the court who has the powers and duties set out in § 64.2-2019, or § 63.2-1609 if applicable, and who is responsible for the personal affairs of an incapacitated person,
42	including responsibility for making decisions regarding the person's support, care, health, safety, habilitation,
<b>4</b> 3 <b>4</b> 4	education, therapeutic treatment, and, if not inconsistent with an order of involuntary admission, residence.
44	Where the context plainly indicates, the term includes a "limited guardian" or a "temporary guardian." The
<b>4</b> 6	term includes (i) a local or regional program designated by the Department for Aging and Rehabilitative
47	Services as a public guardian pursuant to Article 6 (§ 51.5-149 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 or (ii) any
48	local or regional tax-exempt charitable organization established pursuant to $$501(c)(3)$ of the Internal
<b>4</b> 9	Revenue Code to provide guardian services to incapacitated persons. Such tax-exempt charitable organization
50	shall not be a provider of direct services to the incapacitated persons. If a tax-exempt charitable organization
50 51	has been designated by the Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services as a public guardian, it may
52	also serve as a guardian for other individuals.
53	"Guardian ad litem" means an attorney appointed by the court to represent the interests of the respondent
55 54	and whose duties include evaluation of the petition for guardianship or conservatorship and filing a report
55	with the court pursuant to § 64.2-2003.
56	"Incapacitated person" means an adult who has been found by a court to be incapable of receiving and
57	evaluating information effectively or responding to people, events, or environments to such an extent that the

evaluating information effectively or responding to people, events, or environments to such an extent that the individual lacks the capacity to (i) meet the essential requirements for his health, care, safety, or therapeutic 

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59 needs without the assistance or protection of a guardian or (ii) manage property or financial affairs or provide

60 for his support or for the support of his legal dependents without the assistance or protection of a conservator. A finding that the individual displays poor judgment alone shall not be considered sufficient evidence that the 61

62 individual is an incapacitated person within the meaning of this definition. A finding that a person is

incapacitated shall be construed as a finding that the person is "mentally incompetent" as that term is used in 63

Article II, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia and Title 24.2 unless the court order entered pursuant to 64 65 this chapter specifically provides otherwise.

"Individualized education plan" or "IEP" means a plan or program developed annually to ensure that a 66 child who has a disability identified under the law and is attending an elementary or secondary educational 67 68 institution receives specialized instruction and related services as provided by 20 U.S.C. § 1414.

69 "Individual receiving services" or "individual" means a current direct recipient of public or private mental 70 health, developmental, or substance abuse treatment, rehabilitation, or habilitation services and includes the terms "consumer," "patient," "resident," "recipient," or "client." 71

"Limited conservator" means a person appointed by the court who has only those responsibilities for managing the estate and financial affairs of an incapacitated person as specified in the order of appointment.

74 "Limited guardian" means a person appointed by the court who has only those responsibilities for the 75 personal affairs of an incapacitated person as specified in the order of appointment.

76 "Mental illness" means a disorder of thought, mood, emotion, perception, or orientation that significantly impairs judgment, behavior, capacity to recognize reality, or ability to address basic life necessities and 78 requires care and treatment for the health, safety, or recovery of the individual or for the safety of others.

"Petition" means the document filed with a circuit court to initiate a proceeding to appoint a guardian or conservator.

"Power of attorney" has the same meaning ascribed to it in § 64.2-1600.

"Property" includes both real and personal property.

"Respondent" means an allegedly incapacitated person for whom a petition for guardianship or 83 84 conservatorship has been filed. 85

"Supported decision-making agreement" has the same meaning ascribed to it in § 37.2-314.3.

86 "Temporary conservator" means a person appointed by a court for a limited duration of time as specified 87 in the order of appointment.

88 "Temporary guardian" means a person appointed by a court for a limited duration of time as specified in 89 the order of appointment. 90

"Transition plan" means the plan that is required as part of the IEP used to help students and families prepare for the future after the student reaches the age of majority.

§ 64.2-2009. Court order of appointment; limited guardianships and conservatorships.

A. The court's order appointing a guardian or conservator shall (i) state the nature and extent of the 93 94 person's incapacity; (ii) define the powers and duties of the guardian or conservator so as to permit the 95 incapacitated person to care for himself and manage property to the extent he is capable; (iii) specify whether the appointment of a guardian or conservator is limited to a specified length of time, as the court in its 96 97 discretion may determine; (iv) specify whether the person has been found mentally incompetent for purposes 98 of Article II, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia in accordance with the provisions of § 64.2-2009.2 and 99 any specific findings of fact and conclusions of law in support of such finding of mental incompetence; (v) specify the other legal disabilities, if any, of the person in connection with the finding of incapacity, 100 including but not limited to mental competency for purposes of Article II, § 1 of the Constitution of Virginia 101 or Title 24.2; (v) (vi) include any limitations deemed appropriate following consideration of the factors 102 103 specified in § 64.2-2007; (vii) set the bond of the guardian and the bond and surety, if any, of the 104 conservator; and (viii) (viii) where a petition is brought prior to the incapacitated person's eighteenth birthday, pursuant to subsection C of § 64.2-2001, specify whether the order shall take effect immediately upon entry 105 or on the incapacitated person's eighteenth birthday. 106

A1. Beginning July 1, 2023, the court shall set a schedule in the order of appointment for periodic review 107 hearings, to be held no later than one year after the initial appointment and no later than every three years 108 thereafter, unless the court orders that such hearings are to be waived because they are unnecessary or 109 impracticable or that such hearings shall be held on such other schedule as the court shall determine. Any 110 such determination to waive the hearing or use a schedule differing from that prescribed in this subsection 111 shall be supported in the order and address the reason for such determination, including (i) the likelihood that 112 the respondent's condition will improve or the respondent will regain capacity, (ii) whether concerns or 113 questions were raised about the suitability of the person appointed as a guardian or conservator at the time of 114 the initial appointment, and (iii) whether the appointment of a guardian or conservator or the appointment of 115 116 the specifically appointed guardian or conservator was contested by the respondent or another party.

117 The court shall not waive the initial periodic review hearing scheduled pursuant to this subsection where 118 the petitioner for guardianship or conservatorship is a hospital, convalescent home, or certified nursing facility licensed by the Department of Health pursuant to § 32.1-123; an assisted living facility, as defined in 119

\$ 63.2-100, or any other similar institution; or a health care provider other than a family member. If the
petitioner is a hospital, convalescent home, or certified nursing facility licensed by the Department of Health
pursuant to \$ 32.1-123 or an assisted living facility as defined in \$ 63.2-100, nothing in this chapter shall
require such petitioner to attend any periodic review hearing.

Any person may file a petition, which may be on a form developed by the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia, to hold a periodic review hearing prior to the scheduled date set forth in the order of appointment. The court shall hold an earlier hearing upon good cause shown. For the *purposes of this subsection, "good cause" shall include a petition filed pursuant to subsection C of § 64.2-*2009.2. At such a hearing, the court shall review the schedule set forth in the order of appointment and determine whether future periodic review hearings are necessary or may be waived.

130 A2. If the court has ordered a hearing pursuant to subsection A1, the court shall appoint a guardian ad 131 litem, who shall conduct an investigation in accordance with the stated purpose of the hearing and file a report. The incapacitated person has a right to be represented by counsel, and the provisions of § 64.2-2006 132 shall apply, mutatis mutandis. The guardian ad litem shall provide notice of the hearing to the incapacitated 133 134 person and to all individuals entitled to notice as identified in the court order of appointment. Fees and costs 135 shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of §§ 64.2-2003 and 64.2-2008. The court shall enter an order 136 reflecting any findings made during the review hearing and any modification to the guardianship or 137 conservatorship.

B. The court may appoint a limited guardian for an incapacitated person who is capable of addressing
some of the essential requirements for his care for the limited purpose of medical decision making, decisions
about place of residency, or other specific decisions regarding his personal affairs. The court may appoint a
limited conservator for an incapacitated person who is capable of managing some of his property and
financial affairs for limited purposes that are specified in the order.

143 C. Unless the guardian has a professional relationship with the incapacitated person or is employed by or 144 affiliated with a facility where the person resides, the court's order may authorize the guardian to consent to the admission of the person to a facility pursuant to § 37.2-805.1, upon finding by clear and convincing 145 evidence that (i) the person has severe and persistent mental illness that significantly impairs the person's 146 147 capacity to exercise judgment or self-control, as confirmed by the evaluation of a licensed psychiatrist; (ii) 148 such condition is unlikely to improve in the foreseeable future; and (iii) the guardian has formulated a plan 149 for providing ongoing treatment of the person's illness in the least restrictive setting suitable for the person's 150 condition.

D. A guardian need not be appointed for a person who has appointed an agent under an advance directive executed in accordance with the provisions of Article 8 (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.) of Chapter 29 of Title 54.1, unless the court determines that the agent is not acting in accordance with the wishes of the principal or there is a need for decision making outside the purview of the advance directive. A guardian need not be appointed for a person where a health care decision is made pursuant to, and within the scope of, the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.).

A conservator need not be appointed for a person (i) who has appointed an agent under a durable power of attorney, unless the court determines pursuant to the Uniform Power of Attorney Act (§ 64.2-1600 et seq.)
that the agent is not acting in the best interests of the principal or there is a need for decision making outside
the purview of the durable power of attorney or (ii) whose only or major source of income is from the Social
Security Administration or other government program and who has a representative payee.

E. All orders appointing a guardian shall include the following statements in conspicuous bold print in at least 14-point type:

1. Pursuant to § 64.2-2009 of the Code of Virginia, (name of guardian), is hereby appointed as guardian of
(name of respondent) with all duties and powers granted to a guardian pursuant to § 64.2-2019 of the Code of
Virginia, including but not limited to: (enter a statement of the rights removed and retained, if any, at the time
of appointment; whether the appointment of a guardian is a full guardianship, public guardianship pursuant to
§ 64.2-2010 of the Code of Virginia, limited guardianship pursuant to § 64.2-2009 of the Code of Virginia, or
temporary guardianship; and the duration of the appointment).

2. Pursuant to the provisions of subsection E of § 64.2-2019 of the Code of Virginia, a guardian, to the 170 171 extent possible, shall encourage the incapacitated person to participate in decisions, shall consider the 172 expressed desires and personal values of the incapacitated person to the extent known, and shall not restrict an incapacitated person's ability to communicate with, visit, or interact with other persons with whom the 173 174 incapacitated person has an established relationship, unless such restriction is reasonable to prevent physical, 175 mental, or emotional harm to or financial exploitation of such incapacitated person and after consideration of 176 the expressed wishes of the incapacitated person. Such restrictions shall only be imposed pursuant to § 64.2-177 2019.1.

3. Pursuant to § 64.2-2020 of the Code of Virginia, an annual report shall be filed by the guardian with the
local department of social services for the jurisdiction where the incapacitated person resides.

4. Pursuant to § 64.2-2012 of the Code of Virginia, all guardianship orders are subject to petition for

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restoration of the incapacitated person to capacity; modification of the type of appointment or areas of 181 182 protection, management, or assistance granted; or termination of the guardianship. In lieu of such a petition,

if the person subject to the guardianship is not represented by counsel, such person may initiate the process 183

184 by sending informal written communications to the court. All orders appointing a guardian, conservator, or

both shall include the current mailing address, email address, and physical address of the court issuing the 185

order and to which such informal written communication shall be directed. 186

## § 64.2-2009.1. Periodic review hearings. 187

A hearing held pursuant to the schedule set forth in subsection A1 of § 64.2-2009 shall include the 188 following assessments by the court: (i) whether the guardian or conservator is fulfilling his duties and; (ii) 189 190 whether continuation of the guardianship or conservatorship is necessary and, if so, whether the scope of such 191 guardianship or conservatorship warrants modification; and (iii) whether the respondent's mental competency 192 status pursuant to § 64.2-2009.2 has changed. 193

## § 64.2-2009.2. Finding of mental incompetence.

194 A. No person shall be deemed mentally incompetent for purposes of Article II, Section 1 of the 195 Constitution of Virginia unless a court makes a specific finding by clear and convincing evidence that such 196 person is unable to communicate, with or without accommodations, an interest in participating in the voting process. No court shall find a person mentally incompetent pursuant to this section without a showing that 197 198 reasonable accommodation appropriate to such person's diagnosis or condition has been provided for the 199 purpose of determining such person's interest in participating in the voting process.

B. No court shall, in determining mental competence pursuant to this section, consider the results of or 200 such person's failure to complete or comply with any test or device that evaluates such person's (i) ability to 201 202 read, write, understand, or interpret any matter; (ii) educational achievement or knowledge of any particular 203 subject; or (iii) moral character.

C. Any person who was deemed mentally incompetent for the purposes of Article II, Section 1 of the 204 205 Constitution of Virginia prior to July 1, 2025, may petition the court that made such determination for the 206 limited purpose of a review of such determination in accordance with the provisions of this section.

D. When a person who has been deemed mentally incompetent for the purposes of Article II, Section 1 of 207 208 the Constitution of Virginia prior to July 1, 2025, either in accordance with the provisions of this section or 209 by a finding of incapacity without a court order to the contrary, has not filed a petition for a review of such d 210 etermination of mental incompetence, a review of such determination of mental incompetence shall be conducted at such person's next periodic review hearing pursuant to § 64.2-2009 in accordance with the 211 provisions of this section. 212

213 2. That nothing in the provisions of this act shall be construed to automatically nullify or void any

determination of mental incompetence made, whether explicitly or construed by a finding of incapacity 214

without a court order to the contrary, prior to July 1, 2025. 215