2025 SESSION

24105785D **HOUSE BILL NO. 747** 1 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE (Proposed by the House Committee on Communications, Technology and Innovation on February 5, 2024) (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Maldonado) A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Title 59.1 a chapter numbered 57, consisting of sections numbered 59.1-603 through 59.1-607, relating to High-risk Artificial Intelligence Developer Act established; civil penalty. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Title 59.1 a chapter numbered 57, consisting of sections numbered 59.1-603 through 59.1-607, as follows: CHAPTER 57. § 59.1-603. Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Algorithmic discrimination" means any discrimination that is (i) prohibited under state or federal law and (ii) a reasonably foreseeable consequence of deploying or using a high-risk artificial intelligence system to make a consequential decision. "Artificial intelligence" means technology that uses data to train statistical models for the purpose of enabling a computer system or service to autonomously perform any task, including visual perception, natural language processing, and speech recognition, that is normally associated with human intelligence or perception. "Artificial intelligence system" means any software that incorporates artificial intelligence. "Consequential decision" means any decision that has a material legal, or similarly significant, effect on a consumer's access to credit, criminal justice, education, employment, health care, housing, or insurance. "Consumer" means a natural person who is a resident of the Commonwealth acting only in an individual 26 or household context. "Consumer" does not include a natural person acting in a commercial or employment 27 context. 28 "Deployer" means any person doing business in the Commonwealth that deploys or uses a high-risk 29 artificial intelligence system to make a consequential decision. 30 "Developer" means any person doing business in the Commonwealth that develops or intentionally and substantially modifies a high-risk artificial intelligence system that is offered, sold, leased, given, or 31 32 otherwise provided to consumers in the Commonwealth. 33 "Foundation model" means a machine learning model that (i) is trained on broad data at scale, (ii) is 34 designed for generality of output, and (iii) can be adapted to a wide range of distinctive tasks. 35 "Generative artificial intelligence" means artificial intelligence based on a foundation model that is 36 capable of and used to produce synthetic digital content, including audio, images, text, and videos. 37 "Generative artificial intelligence system" means any artificial intelligence system or service that 38 incorporates generative artificial intelligence. 39 "High-risk artificial intelligence system" means any artificial intelligence system that is specifically 40 intended to autonomously make, or be a controlling factor in making, a consequential decision. A system or service is not a "high-risk artificial intelligence system" if it is intended to (i) perform a narrow procedural 41 42 task, (ii) improve the result of a previously completed human activity, (iii) detect decision-making patterns or 43 deviations from prior decision-making patterns and is not meant to replace or influence the previously 44 completed human assessment without proper human review, or (iv) perform a preparatory task to an 45 assessment relevant to a consequential decision. 46 "Machine learning" means the development of algorithms to build data-derived statistical models that are 47 capable of drawing inferences from previously unseen data without explicit human instruction. **48** "Significant update" means any new version, new release, or other update to a high-risk artificial 49 intelligence system that results in significant changes to such high-risk artificial intelligence system's use 50 case or key functionality. 51 "Synthetic digital content" means machine generated digital content, including any audio, image, text, or 52 video that is produced by a generative artificial intelligence system. § 59.1-604. Operating standards for developers of high-risk artificial intelligence systems. 53 A. No developer of a high-risk artificial intelligence system shall offer, sell, lease, give, or otherwise provide to a deployer a high-risk artificial intelligence system unless the developer makes available to the deployer (i) a statement disclosing the intended uses of such high-risk artificial intelligence system and (ii) documentation disclosing (a) the known limitations of such high-risk artificial intelligence system, including any and all reasonably foreseeable risks of algorithmic discrimination arising from the intended uses of such

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54 55 56 57 high-risk artificial intelligence system; (b) the purpose of such high-risk artificial intelligence system and the

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60 intended benefits and uses of such high-risk artificial intelligence system; (c) a summary describing how such high-risk artificial intelligence system was evaluated for performance and relevant information related to 61 explainability before such high-risk artificial intelligence system was licensed or sold; (d) the measures the 62 developer has taken to mitigate reasonable foreseeable risks of algorithmic discrimination that the developer 63 knows arises from deployment or use of such high-risk artificial intelligence system; and (e) how an 64 individual can use such high-risk artificial intelligence system to make, or monitor such high-risk artificial 65 intelligence system when such high-risk artificial intelligence system is deployed or used to make, a 66 67 consequential decision.

68 B. Each developer that offers, sells, leases, gives, or otherwise makes available to a deployer a high-risk 69 artificial intelligence system shall make available to the deployer information and documentation in the 70 developer's possession, custody, or control that is reasonably required to complete an impact assessment.

71 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a developer to disclose any trade secret or 72 confidential or proprietary information.

73 D. High-risk artificial intelligence systems that are in conformity with artificial intelligence standards, or 74 parts thereof, shall be presumed to be in conformity with related requirements set out in this section and in 75 associated regulations. 76

§ 59.1-605. Operating standards for deployers of high-risk artificial intelligence systems.

A. Each deployer of a high-risk artificial intelligence system shall avoid any risk of algorithmic 77 78 discrimination that is a reasonably foreseeable consequence of deploying or using a high-risk artificial 79 intelligence system to make a consequential decision.

80 B. No deployer shall deploy or use a high-risk artificial intelligence system to make a consequential decision unless the deployer has designed and implemented a risk management policy and program for such 81 82 high-risk artificial intelligence system. The risk management policy shall specify the principles, processes, 83 and personnel that the deployer shall use in maintaining the risk management program to identify, mitigate, 84 and document any risk of algorithmic discrimination that is a reasonably foreseeable consequence of 85 deploying or using such high-risk artificial intelligence system to make a consequential decision. Each risk 86 management policy and program designed, implemented, and maintained pursuant to this subsection shall be 87 (i) at least as stringent as the latest version of the Artificial Intelligence Risk Management Framework 88 published by the National Institute of Standards and Technology or another nationally or internationally 89 recognized risk management framework for artificial intelligence systems and (ii) reasonable considering (a) 90 the size and complexity of the deployer; (b) the nature and scope of the high-risk artificial intelligence 91 systems deployed and used by the deployer, including the intended uses of such high-risk artificial 92 intelligence systems; (c) the sensitivity and volume of data processed in connection with the high-risk 93 artificial intelligence systems deployed and used by the deployer; and (d) the cost to the deployer to 94 implement and maintain such risk management program.

95 C. Except as provided in this subsection, no deployer shall deploy or use a high-risk artificial intelligence 96 system to make a consequential decision unless the deployer has completed an impact assessment for such high-risk artificial intelligence system. The deployer shall complete an impact assessment for a high-risk 97 artificial intelligence system (i) before the deployer initially deploys such high-risk artificial intelligence 98 99 system and (ii) not later than 90 days after each significant update to such high-risk artificial intelligence 100 system is made available. 101

Each impact assessment completed pursuant to this subsection shall include, at a minimum:

102 1. A statement by the deployer disclosing (i) the purpose, intended use cases and deployment context of, 103 and benefits afforded by the high-risk artificial intelligence system and (ii) whether the deployment or use of the high-risk artificial intelligence system poses a reasonably foreseeable risk of algorithmic discrimination 104 105 and, if so, (a) the nature of such algorithmic discrimination and (b) the steps that have been taken, to the 106 extent feasible, to mitigate such risk;

107 2. For each post-deployment impact assessment completed pursuant to this section, whether the intended use cases of the high-risk artificial intelligence system as updated were consistent with, or varied from, the 108 developer's intended uses of such high-risk artificial intelligence system; 109

3. A description of (i) the categories of data the high-risk artificial intelligence system processes as inputs 110 111 and (ii) the outputs such high-risk artificial intelligence system produces;

4. If the deployer used data to customize the high-risk artificial intelligence system, an overview of the 112 113 categories of data the deployer used to customize such high-risk artificial intelligence system;

5. A description of any transparency measures taken concerning the high-risk artificial intelligence 114 system, including any measures taken to disclose to a consumer in the Commonwealth that such high-risk 115 artificial intelligence system is in use when such high-risk artificial intelligence system is in use; and 116

117 6. A description of any post-deployment monitoring performed and user safeguards provided concerning 118 such high-risk artificial intelligence system, including any oversight process established by the deployer to address issues arising from deployment or use of such high-risk artificial intelligence system as such issues 119 120 arise.

A single impact assessment may address a comparable set of high-risk artificial intelligence systems 121

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122 deployed or used by a deployer. High-risk artificial intelligence systems that are in conformity with artificial 123 intelligence standards, or parts thereof, shall be presumed to be in conformity with related requirements set 124 out in this section and in associated regulations. If a deployer completes an impact assessment for the 125 purpose of complying with another applicable law or regulation, such impact assessment shall be deemed to 126 satisfy the requirements established in this subsection if such impact assessment is reasonably similar in 127 scope and effect to the impact assessment that would otherwise be completed pursuant to this subsection. A 128 deployer that completes an impact assessment pursuant to this subsection shall maintain such impact 129 assessment and all records concerning such impact assessment for a reasonable period of time.

130 D. Not later than the time that a deployer uses a high-risk artificial intelligence system to make a 131 consequential decision concerning an individual, the deployer shall notify the individual that the deployer is 132 using a high-risk artificial intelligence system to make such consequential decision concerning such 133 individual and provide to the individual a statement disclosing the purpose of such high-risk artificial 134 intelligence system.

135 E. Each deployer shall make available, in a manner that is clear and readily available, a statement 136 summarizing how such deployer manages any reasonably foreseeable risk of algorithmic discrimination that 137 may arise from the use or deployment of the high-risk artificial intelligence system.

§ 59.1-606. Exemptions.

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139 A. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to restrict a developer's or deployer's ability to (i) comply 140 with federal, state, or municipal ordinances or regulations; (ii) comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory inquiry, investigation, subpoend, or summons by federal, state, municipal, or other governmental authorities; 141 142 (iii) cooperate with law-enforcement agencies concerning conduct or activity that the developer or deployer 143 reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal, state, or municipal ordinances or regulations; (iv) 144 investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or defend legal claims; (v) provide a product or service 145 specifically requested by a consumer; (vi) perform under a contract to which a consumer is a party, including 146 fulfilling the terms of a written warranty; (vii) take steps at the request of a consumer prior to entering into a 147 contract; (viii) take immediate steps to protect an interest that is essential for the life or physical safety of the 148 consumer or another individual; (ix) prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to security incidents, identity 149 theft, fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive activities, or any illegal activity, preserve the integrity or 150 security of systems, or investigate, report, or prosecute those responsible for any such action; (x) engage in 151 public or peer-reviewed scientific or statistical research in the public interest that adheres to all other 152 applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved, monitored, and governed by an institutional review 153 board that determines, or similar independent oversight entities that determine, (a) that the expected benefits 154 of the research outweigh the risks associated with such research and (b) whether the developer or deployer 155 has implemented reasonable safeguards to mitigate the risks associated with such research; (xi) assist 156 another developer or deployer with any of the obligations imposed by this chapter; or (xii) take any action 157 that is in the public interest in the areas of public health, community health, or population health, but solely 158 to the extent that such action is subject to suitable and specific measures to safeguard the public.

159 B. The obligations imposed on developers or deployers by this chapter shall not restrict a developer's or 160 deployer's ability to (i) conduct internal research to develop, improve, or repair products, services, or technologies; (ii) effectuate a product recall; (iii) identify and repair technical errors that impair existing or 161 162 intended functionality; or (iv) perform internal operations that are reasonably aligned with the expectations of the consumer or reasonably anticipated based on the consumer's existing relationship with the developer 163 164 or deployer.

C. The obligations imposed on developers or deployers by this chapter shall not apply where compliance 165 166 by the developer or deployer with such obligations would violate an evidentiary privilege under the laws of 167 the Commonwealth.

168 D. Nothing this chapter shall be construed to impose any obligation on a developer or deployer that 169 adversely affects the rights or freedoms of any person, including the rights of any person to freedom of speech or freedom of the press guaranteed in the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States or 170 171 under the Virginia Human Rights Act (§ 2.2-3900 et seq.).

172 E. If a developer or deployer engages in any action pursuant to an exemption set forth in this section, the 173 developer or deployer bears the burden of demonstrating that such action qualifies for such exemption. 174

§ 59.1-607. Enforcement; civil penalty.

A. The Attorney General shall have exclusive authority to enforce the provisions of this chapter.

176 B. Whenever the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that any person has engaged in or is 177 engaging in any violation of this chapter, the Attorney General is empowered to issue a civil investigative 178 demand. The provisions of § 59.1-9.10 shall apply mutatis mutandis to civil investigative demands issued 179 pursuant to this section.

180 C. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, the Attorney General may cause an action to be 181 brought in the appropriate circuit court in the name of the Commonwealth to enjoin any violation of this 182 chapter. The circuit court having jurisdiction may enjoin such violation notwithstanding the existence of an

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- adequate remedy at law. In any action brought pursuant to this section, it shall not be necessary thatdamages be proved.
- D. Any person who violates the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount
 not to exceed \$1,000 plus reasonable attorney fees, expenses, and court costs, as determined by the court.
- 187 Any person who willfully violates the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty in amount
- not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000 plus reasonable attorney fees, expenses, and court costs, as
 determined by the court. Such civil penalties shall be paid into the Literary Fund.
- 190 *E. Each violation of this chapter shall constitute a separate violation and shall be subject to any civil penalties imposed under this section.*
- F. The Attorney General may require that a developer disclose to the Attorney General any statement or documentation described in this chapter if such statement or documentation is relevant to an investigation
- **193** accumentation described in this chapter if such statement of accumentation is relevant to an investigation **194** conducted by the Attorney General. The Attorney General may also require that a deployer disclose to the
- **195** Attorney General any risk management policy designed and implemented, impact assessment completed, or
- **196** record maintained pursuant to this chapter if such risk management policy, impact assessment, or record is
- 197 relevant to an investigation conducted by the Attorney General.
- 198 2. That the provisions of § 59.1-605 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, shall become effective on July 1, 2026.